UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K ANNUAL REPORT

(Mark One)

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ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition period from to

Commission File No. 1-5672

ITT CORPORATION

Incorporated in the State of Indiana

13-5158950

4 West Red Oak Lane, White Plains, NY 10604 (Principal Executive Office) Telephone Number: (914) 641-2000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, all of which are registered on The New York Stock Exchange, Inc.:

COMMON STOCK, \$1 PAR VALUE

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗵 No o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act . Yes o No 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

☑ Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No 🗵

The aggregate market value of the Common Stock of the registrant held by non-affiliates of the registrant on June 30, 2006 was approximately \$9.1 billion.

 $As of \ January\ 31,\ 2007, there \ were\ outstanding\ 181,793,726\ shares\ of\ Common\ Stock,\ \$1\ par\ value,\ of\ the\ registrant.$

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement filed or to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A involving the election of directors at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the registrant scheduled to be held on May 8, 2007, are incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K.

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^{*} Included pursuant to Instruction 3 to Item 401(b) of Regulation S-K.

PART I

ITEM 1.

BUSINESS

ITT Corporation, with 2006 sales and revenues of approximately \$7.81 billion, is a global multi-industry company engaged directly and through its subsidiaries in the design and manufacture of a wide range of engineered products and related services. In the fourth quarter of 2006, the Company consolidated its Electronic Components business segment into its Motion & Flow Control business segment, following the earlier transfer of the Switches businesses from Electronic Components to discontinued operations. The Company's three principal business segments now are Fluid Technology, Defense Electronics & Services, and Motion & Flow Control.

Our World Headquarters is located at 4 West Red Oak Lane, White Plains, NY 10604. We have approximately 37,500 employees based in 52 countries, including approximately 4,100 employees in our Switches businesses which are actively being marketed for sale. Unless the context otherwise indicates, references herein to "ITT," the "Company," and such words as "we," "us," and "our" include ITT Corporation and its subsidiaries. ITT Industries, Inc. was incorporated on September 5, 1995 in Indiana. On July 1, 2006, ITT Industries, Inc. changed its name to ITT Corporation. Reference is made to "— COMPANY HISTORY AND CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS." Our telephone number is (914) 641-2000.

The table below shows, in percentage terms, consolidated sales and revenues and operating income attributable to each of our business segments for the last three years. Certain amounts, in the table below, and the discussion to follow, have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

		December 31,			
	2006		2005	2004	
Sales and Revenues					
Defense Electronics & Services		47%	46%	40%	
Fluid Technology		39	40	43	
Motion & Flow Control		14	14	17	
		100%	100%	100%	
Operating Income		_			
Operating Income Defense Electronics & Services		50%	50%	43%	
Fluid Technology		46	44	48	
Motion & Flow Control		19	18	23	
Other		(15)	(12)	(14)	
		100%	100%	100%	

BUSINESS AND PRODUCTS

Fluid Technology

Fluid Technology is a leading global provider of fluid systems and solutions for the Wastewater, Residential & Commercial Water, Industrial & BioPharm and Advanced Water Treatment markets. Sales and revenues were approximately \$3.07 billion, \$2.80 billion, and \$2.56 billion for 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Fluid Technology is engaged in the design, development, production, sale, and after-sale support of a broad range of pumps, mixers, controls and treatment systems for municipal, industrial, residential, agricultural, and commercial applications.

Major production and assembly facilities are located in Argentina, Australia, Austria, Brazil, Canada, China, England, Germany, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, the Philippines, South Korea, Sweden, Poland and the United States.

Principal customers are in North America, Europe, the Middle East, Africa, Latin and South America, and the Asia/Pacific region. Sales are made directly to customers or through independent distributors and representatives.

As one of the world's leading producers of fluid handling equipment and related products for treating and recycling wastewater, ITT actively promotes more efficient use and re-use of water and endeavors to raise the level of awareness of the need to preserve and protect the earth's water resources.

Wastewater

ITT Flygt is the originator and largest manufacturer of submersible pumps and mixers which form the heart of many of the world's sewage and wastewater treatment facilities. Combining Flygt's submersible pumps and mixers with Sanitaire and ABJ products (discussed below) provides a solution to customers' needs for complete systems for wastewater treatment. Dry mount pumps from A-C Pump provide an alternative technical solution to submersible pumps. Flygt is a market leader and respected brand for commercial and municipal submersible wastewater pumps. ITT's strong position in the dewatering market is generated by Flygt, Robot and Grindex and, in the residential effluent and sewage pumps systems area, Goulds Pumps and Lowara are market leaders.

Residential & Commercial Water

ITT's broad range of pumps, systems and accessories for residential, municipal and commercial applications including water, wells, pressure boosters, and agriculture packages and systems are branded Goulds Pumps, Red Jacket Water Products, Marlow Pumps, Lowara, and Vogel.

 $Flow tronex \ is the product \ brand for package systems for turf irrigation \ and \ water booster systems for municipal \ systems, \ golf \ courses \ and \ irrigation \ systems.$

Leading product brands, such as Bell & Gossett, McDonnell & Miller, and Hoffman Specialty, provide a broad variety of products for environmental control in buildings and for building service and utility applications including liquid-based heating and air conditioning systems, liquid level control, and steam trap products for boiler and steam systems. ITT services the European and Middle East building trade markets with pressure boosting pumps under the Lowara and Vogel names. A-C Fire Pump is a global UL/FM fire pump package provider.

Industrial & BioPharm

ITT, under the Goulds Pumps brand name, offers standard as well as application specific pumps for the industrial marketplace. Examples of typical applications include general industrial, mining, chemical, pulp and paper, power, oil refining and gas processing. Fabri-Valve knife gate valves are designed to handle a variety of demanding applications, including pulping recovery and bleaching in pulp and paper plants.

ITT offers a wide array of valve and turnkey systems that are at the heart of extremely demanding manufacturing processes, especially of biological and pharmaceutical compounds.

Advanced Water Treatment

Through the Sanitaire, and ABJ brands, ITT is a leader in biological treatment systems for municipal and industrial wastewater treatment. The broad range of products includes ceramic and membrane fine bubble diffusers and stainless steel coarse bubble diffusers. ITT also provides advanced membrane filtration engineered systems, reverse osmosis systems and portable filtration technology. Flygt's submersible mixers and Sanitaire's diffused aeration systems play a crucial role in the biological treatment phase ensuring that incoming flows reach optimal nitrification and preventing sedimentation in the aeration tank. ABJ is a unique Sequence Batch Reactor ("SBR") allowing a continuous inflow.

In 2006, the Company acquired the F.B. Leopold Company, a leading provider of water and wastewater treatment products for the municipal and industrial markets including clarifiers, filters, and media. In 2004, ITT acquired WEDECO, a leading provider of ultraviolet disinfection and ozone oxidation systems for both municipal and industrial applications.

Global Service and Customer Care

Fluid Technology has a global network of service centers for aftermarket customer care. Our aftermarket capabilities include the repair and service of all brands of pumps and rotating equipment, engineering upgrades, contract maintenance, and service.

System Solutions

ITT strives to provide its global customer base with the systems and solutions they need to meet ever increasing demands on cost control and efficiencies. Through the overarching strategic Value Based Six Sigma program, ITT now has in place company-wide systems for rapid product development.

Our strategy to expand downstream to better service our customers has moved us from a product producer to a solution provider. This strategy has guided us in our acquisitions. For example, today ITT can extend its core offering of submersible pumps and mixers with systems to control plant operation, technologies that analyze the waste stream, and products and systems to treat water through biological, treatment, filtration, oxidation and disinfection processes.

In the industrial markets, our pump systems are now supplied with intelligent control systems and predictive conditioning monitoring. Customers engaging in our "total systems approach" generally find dramatically lower energy consumption, maintenance and overall life cycle costs.

The following table illustrates the percentage of sales and revenues for the listed categories for the periods specified:

	December 31,			
2006	2005	2004		
37%	35%	34%		
34	34	35		
19	19	20		
10	12	11		
100%	100%	100%		
	37% 34 19 	2006 2005 37% 35% 34 34 19 19 10 12		

Management believes that Fluid Technology has a solid technology base and proven expertise in designing its products and services to meet customer needs. Management also believes that the continuing development of new products will enable Fluid Technology to maintain and build market leadership positions in served markets.

Order backlog for Fluid Technology was \$702.2 million in 2006, compared with \$551.2 million in 2005, and \$570.3 million in 2004.

Brand names include Aquious TM , ABJ®, A-C Pump®, Bell & Gossett®, F.B. Leopold Company, Flygt®, Flowtronex®, Goulds Pumps®, Hoffman Specialty TM , ITT Standard, Lowara®, Marlow Pumps®, McDonnell & Miller®, Pure-Flo, Sanitaire®, Vogel®, and WEDECO®.

The level of activity in Fluid Technology is dependent upon economic conditions in the markets served, weather conditions and, in the case of municipal markets, the ability of municipalities to fund projects for our products and services, and other factors. See "— COMPETITION."

Year Ended

Fluid Technology companies have approximately 11,800 employees and have 43 major facilities in 16 countries.

Defense Electronics & Services

Defense Electronics & Services, with sales and revenues of approximately \$3.66 billion, \$3.22 billion, and \$2.41 billion for 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively, develops, manufactures, and supports high technology electronic systems and components for worldwide defense and commercial markets, and provides communications systems and engineering and applied research. Operations are in North America, Europe, and the Middle East.

Defense Electronics & Services consists of the two major areas of (i) Systems and Services and (ii) Defense Electronics. Systems and Services consists of our Systems and Advanced Engineering and Sciences businesses. Defense Electronics consists of our Aerospace/Communications, Space Systems, Night Vision and Electronic Systems businesses.

Systems and Services

The Systems Division provides a broad range of systems integration, communications, engineering and technical support solutions ranging from strategic command and control and tactical warning and attack assessment, to test, training and range evaluation. The Systems Division also provides total systems support solutions for combat equipment, tactical information systems and facilities management.

The Advanced Engineering & Sciences Division provides a wide range of research, technologies and engineering support services to government, industrial and commercial customers. In addition, the division provides products and services for information collection, information processing and control, information security and homeland defense telecommunications.

Defense Electronics

The Aerospace/Communications Division ("A/CD") develops wireless networking systems for tactical communications. A/CD is the creator of the core technology used in the world's two largest tactical digitization programs: the U.S. Tactical Internet and the U.K. Bowman program. This technology has created a family of interconnected products including the Single Channel Ground and Airborne Radio System ("SINCGARS"). A/CD is at the leading edge of networking with its routers and algorithms. These devices permit self-organizing and self-healing connections all across the battlespace. A/CD is also developing the newest ground to air radios for the Federal Aviation Administration.

The Space Systems Division ("SSD") provides innovative solutions to customers in the Department of Defense, intelligence, space science, and commercial aerospace communities to help them visualize and understand critical events anywhere on earth, in the air, or in space. SSD's offerings include intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance systems, image information solutions, sophisticated meteorological imagers and sounders, GPS navigation payload systems and components, commercial remote sensing and space science systems.

The Night Vision Division supplies the most advanced night vision equipment available to U.S. and allied military forces. The equipment includes night vision goggles for fixed and rotary-wing aviators; night vision goggles, monoculars and weapon sights for ground forces, and image intensifier tubes required for all of these systems. Night Vision is developing advanced technology for the digital battlefield that will allow improved mobility and situational awareness. The division is also supplying high-performance night vision devices to federal, state and local law enforcement officers in support of homeland security.

The Electronic Systems ("ES") Division produces information and electronic warfare technologies for a broad range of military aircraft to help protect aircraft from radar-guided weapons. ES is developing for the United States Army and Special Operations Forces the next-generation of fully integrated airborne electronic warfare systems for rotary wing aircraft called the Suite of Integrated Radio Frequency Countermeasures ("SIRFC"). In addition, ES has developed a SIRFC based system for fixed wing aircraft such as the F-16, and is also the supplier for the United States Integrated Defensive Countermeasures ("IDECM") system for fixed wing aircraft such as the F/A-18 E/F fighter fleet. ES is a co-developer and producer of the integrated communications, navigation and identification system for the U.S. Air Force F-22 Raptor. ES also produces military and civilian air traffic control systems and air defense radars marketed under the name Gilfillan. ES's latest generation of air traffic control radar systems includes fixed and mobile terminal airport surveillance radars and precision approach radars for landing assistance in extreme physical environments, and produces and installs air surveillance and weapons control radars for both ship and land-based applications.

The following table illustrates the percentage of sales and revenues for the listed categories for the periods specified:

		December 31,			
	2006	2005	2004		
Systems and Services					
Systems	32%	33%	35%		
Systems Advanced Engineering & Sciences	9	9	11		
Defense Electronics					
Aerospace/Communications	21	17	15		
Space Systems	17	20	14		
Night Vision	11	10	11		
Night Vision Electronic Systems	10	11	14		
	100%	100%	100%		

Defense Electronics & Services sells its products to a wide variety of governmental and non-governmental entities located throughout the world. Approximately 96% of 2006 sales and revenues of Defense Electronics & Services were to governmental and international entities; approximately 89% of 2006 total sales and revenues were to the United States Government (principally in defense programs).

A substantial portion of the work of Defense Electronics & Services is performed in the United States under prime contracts and subcontracts, some of which by statute are subject to profit limitations and all of which are subject to termination by the United States Government. Apart from the United States Government, international customers and commercial customers accounted for approximately 7% and 4%, respectively, of 2006 sales and revenues for Defense Electronics & Services.

Sales and revenues to non-governmental entities as a percentage of total sales and revenues for Defense Electronics & Services were 4% in 2006, 6% in 2005 and 1% in 2004. Certain products sold by Defense Electronics & Services have particular commercial application, including night vision devices. In addition, Defense Electronics & Services, in partnership with California Commercial Spaceport, Inc. in a venture known as Spaceport Systems International, provides full service payload processing and launch capability for small to medium satellite systems in low polar earth orbits.

Funded order backlog for Defense Electronics & Services was \$3.88 billion in 2006 compared with \$3.48 billion in 2005 and \$3.46 billion in 2004.

The level of activity in Defense Electronics & Services is affected by overall defense budgets, the portion of those budgets devoted to products and services of the type provided by Defense Electronics & Services, the Company's ability to win new contract awards, demand and budget availability for such products and services in areas other than defense, the Company's ability to obtain appropriate export licenses for international sales and business, and other factors. See "— COMPETITION."

Defense Electronics & Services companies have approximately 15,900 employees and are present in 205 facilities in 22 countries.

Motion & Flow Control

The results for the Motion & Flow Control segment have been restated to include the results of the Connectors business, which was incorporated into the segment in the fourth quarter of 2006.

Motion & Flow Control, with sales and revenues of approximately \$1.09 billion, \$1.03 billion and \$1.00 billion for 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively, comprises a group of units providing products and services for the areas of communications, industrial, transportation, military/aerospace, commercial aircraft, computer, consumer and RV/marine. Motion & Flow Control consists of Connectors, Friction Materials, Marine & Leisure, KONI and Aerospace Controls businesses.

Connectors

Connectors designs and manufactures connectors, interconnects, cable assemblies, multi-function grips, input/output (I/O) card kits and smart card systems. Markets served include the areas of communications, industrial, transporation, military/aerospace, commercial aircraft, computer and consumer uses. Connector products are marketed primarily under the Cannon® brand name.

Friction Materials

Friction Materials designs and manufactures friction pads and backplates for braking applications on vehicles. From three facilities in Italy and two in the United States, Friction Materials services most European "OEM" (Original Equipment Manufacturers) auto makers and also operates a substantial facility for research and testing of new materials. Approximately 50% of Friction Materials' 2006 business is in aftermarket activity.

Marine & Leisure

The Marine & Leisure division is the world's leading producer of pumps and related products for the marine and leisure markets. Products sold worldwide under the brand names Jabsco®, Rule®, Flojet®, and Danforth® also serve the recreational vehicle market. Flojet is also a leading producer of pumps and components for beverage applications. Both Jabsco and Flojet also produce pumps for other specialty industrial fluid dispensing applications.

Marine & Leisure's HydroAir business designs and manufacturers jets, pumps and other components for manufacturers of whirlpool baths and hot tub spas.

Year Ended

KONI designs and markets adjustable shock absorbers under the brand name KONI® for high performance vehicles, trucks, buses, railway equipment and specialty applications such as bridges and also markets friction products in North America. Customers are principally in Europe, North America, and Asia.

Aerospace Controls

Aerospace Controls is a worldwide supplier of valves, actuators, pumps and switches for the commercial, military, regional, business and general aviation markets. Products are principally sold to OEMs and the aftermarket in North and South America, Europe and Asia. Aerospace Controls also sells switches and regulators into the oil and gas, fluid power, power generation, and chemical markets.

Conoflow markets pressure regulators and diaphragm seals for industrial applications and natural gas vehicles.

The following table illustrates the percentage of sales and revenues for the listed categories for the periods specified:

		December 31,			
	2006	2005	2004		
Connectors	35%	35%	37%		
Friction Materials	29	28	27		
Marine & Leisure	21	21	21		
KONI	8	9	9		
Aerospace Controls	7	7	6		
	100%	100%	100%		

Year Ended

The level of activity for Motion & Flow Control is affected by overall economic conditions in the markets served, the competitive position with respect to price, quality, technical expertise, and customer service, as well as weather conditions and natural disasters. See "— COMPETITION."

Motion & Flow Control has approximately 5,300 employees and 28 facilities located in 10 countries throughout North America, Europe and Asia.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and see Note 24, "Business Segment Information," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further details with respect to business segments.

Acquisitions, Divestitures, Restructuring, and Related Matters

We have been involved in an ongoing program of acquiring businesses that provide a rational fit with businesses we presently conduct and divesting businesses that do not enhance that fit.

After completing a strategic review of the former Electronic Components segment in the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company decided to dispose of the Switches businesses. The Company is actively marketing the business for sale and began reporting the Switches businesses as discontinued operations in the third quarter of 2006.

On January 20, 2006, the Company completed the sale of its industrial non-metallic lined pumps and valves business ("Richter") to a private equity investor, for net proceeds of \$25 million. The business, which was a component of the Company's Fluid Technology segment, is a leading manufacturer of pumps and valves for selected segments in the chemical, fine chemical, and pharmaceutical industries.

On February 7, 2006, the Company completed the sale of its automotive brake & fuel tubing and components business to Cooper-Standard Automotive, a privately-held company, for net proceeds of approximately \$190 million including certain post-closing adjustments.

On March 31, 2006, the Company acquired a privately held company which is a leading provider of semiconductor design services, intellectual property and product, for its Defense Electronics & Services segment. Management believes the technology will help the Company lead the way in providing a new generation of radios for the modern soldier.

On June 14, 2006, the Company announced that it had acquired the F. B. Leopold Company, a manufacturer of clarification and gravity filtration technology, for its Fluid Technology segment.

On October 6, 2006, the Company acquired Sota Corporation, a manufacturer of fuel boost and override pumps and potable water pumps for aerospace applications, for its Motion & Flow Control segment.

During 2005, the Company acquired Ellis K. Phelps and Co.("Phelps"), the largest U.S. distributor of products sold under ITT's Flygt brand, within the Fluid Technology segment, for the wastewater pumping and treatment market.

On January 19, 2004, the Company acquired over 81.4% of the outstanding shares of WEDECO, which manufactures ultraviolet disinfection and ozone oxidation systems, and of Shanghai Hengtong Purified Water Development Co. Ltd. and Shanghai Hengtong Water Treatment Engineering Co. Ltd., a producer of reverse-osmosis, membrane and other water treatment systems for the power, pharmaceutical, chemical and manufacturing markets in China for its Fluid Technology segment. In 2005, the Company purchased additional shares of WEDECO. As a result of subsequent purchases, we now own all of the outstanding shares of WEDECO.

On August 6, 2004, we acquired Allen Osborne Associates, Inc. a manufacturer of high precision GPS systems receivers for our Defense Electronics & Services segment.

On August 13, 2004, we acquired Eastman Kodak Company's Remote Sensing Systems business, which provides large scale optical and electro-optical high-resolution satellite imaging. The acquisition is included in the Company's Defense Electronics & Services segment.

On December 20, 2004, we acquired Cleghorn Waring & Co. (Pumps) Limited, a supplier of marine and industrial pumps in the United Kingdom for our Motion & Flow Control segment.

On December 21, 2004, we disposed of our equity interest in Mesh Networks, Inc. to Motorola, Inc.

See Note 4, "Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements regarding restructuring matters. See also "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges."

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Risks and Uncertainties — Status of Automotive Discontinued Operations," Note 3, "Acquisitions," and Note 5, "Discontinued Operations," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the resolution of certain disputes relating to the sales of automotive businesses during 1998 and further information regarding discontinued operations.

Geographic Markets

In 2006, approximately 54% of the sales and revenues of Fluid Technology was derived from the Americas, approximately 33% was derived from Europe, and the Asia/Pacific/other region accounted for approximately 13%. The geographic sales mix differs among products and among divisions of Fluid Technology. Our management anticipates growth opportunities in Eastern Europe, Central Asia, Africa/ Middle East, Latin America, and the Asia/Pacific region. In China, Fluid Technology has manufacturing and distribution facilities to produce and sell both submersible pumps for the sewage handling and mining markets and vertical turbine pumps including a foundry operation. The Company also has joint venture sales and manufacturing and other operations in Eastern Europe, Latin America, Africa/Middle East, and other locations in the Asia/Pacific region.

The geographic sales base of Defense Electronics & Services is predominantly the United States, which accounted for approximately 93% of 2006 sales and revenues. Management of Defense Electronics & Services has been in the process of increasing its international defense business and anticipates growth opportunities in the Asia/Pacific region, Europe, and the Middle East.

The geographic sales base of Motion & Flow Control is predominantly in the Americas and Europe. In 2006, approximately 38% of sales and revenues of Motion & Flow Control were to customers in the Americas, approximately 53% of sales were to customers in Europe and 9% were in Asia/Pacific/other.

See Note 24, "Business Segment Information," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further geographical information concerning sales and revenues and long-lived assets.

Competition

Substantially all of our operations are in highly competitive businesses. The nature of the competition varies across all business segments. A number of large companies engaged in the manufacture and sale of similar lines of products and the provision of similar services are included in the competition, as are many small enterprises with only a few products or services. Technological innovation, price, quality, reliability, and service are primary factors in the markets served by the various segments of our businesses. The Company's many products and services go to market collectively linked by the ITT brand, the engineered blocks symbol, and the tagline "Engineered for life." The brand has been enhanced and strengthened over the years through a coordinated effort that includes advertising, public relations activities, trade exhibits, and point of sale material.

The Fluid Technology segment is affected by strong competition, changing economic conditions, periodic industry overcapacity that leads to intense pricing pressures, and public bidding in some markets. Management of Fluid Technology responds to competitive pressures by utilizing strong distribution networks, strong brand names, broad product lines focused on market niches, a global customer base, a continuous stream of new products developed from a strong technology base, a focus on quality and customer service, and through continuous cost improvement programs and life cycle cost initiatives.

In Defense Electronics & Services, government defense budgets, particularly in the United States, have increased in recent years following periods of significant declines. Business consolidations continue to change the competitive environment. We have adjusted to these changes by focusing on the defense electronics and services markets, by making process improvements, and through capacity rationalization. In most of the markets served by Defense Electronics & Services, competition is based primarily upon price, quality, technological expertise, cycle time, and service.

In Motion & Flow Control, competition is a significant factor which has resulted in increased pressure to reduce prices and, therefore, costs. Product capability, quality, engineering support, and experience are also important competitive factors. Management of Motion & Flow Control is focused on differentiated new product development and maintenance of strong customer relationships, with emphasis on continuous improvement, striving to maintain our competitive advantage.

Exposure to Currency Fluctuations

Our companies conduct operations worldwide. We, therefore, are exposed to the effects of fluctuations in relative currency values. Although our companies engage in various hedging strategies with respect to their foreign currency exposure where appropriate, it is not possible to hedge all such exposure. Accordingly, our operating results may be impacted by fluctuations in relative currency values.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Market Risk Exposures" and Note 18, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Cyclicality

Many of the markets in which our businesses operate are cyclical and can be affected by general economic conditions in those markets. Since we manufacture and sell products used in historically cyclical industries, such as the construction, mining and minerals, transportation, defense, automotive, and aerospace industries, as well as other industries served by our Connectors business, we could be adversely affected by negative cycles affecting those and other industries.

Governmental Regulation and Related Matters

A number of our businesses are subject to governmental regulation by law or through contractual arrangements. Our Defense Electronics & Services businesses perform work under contracts with the United States Department of Defense or other agencies of the United States government and similar agencies in certain other countries. These contracts are subject to security and facility clearances under applicable governmental regulations, including regulations requiring background investigations for high-level security clearances for our executive officers. Most of such contracts are subject to termination by the respective governmental parties on various grounds, although such terminations generally are rare.

A portion of our business is classified by the government and cannot be specifically described. The operating results of these classified programs are included in our consolidated financial statements. The business risks associated with classified programs, as a general matter, do not differ materially from those of our other government programs and products.

Environmental Matters

We are subject to stringent environmental laws and regulations concerning air emissions, water discharges and waste disposal. In the United States such environmental laws and regulations include the Federal Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Resource, Conservation and Recovery Act, and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund"). Environmental requirements are significant factors affecting all operations. Management believes that our companies closely monitor all of their respective environmental responsibilities, together with trends in environmental laws. We have established an internal program to assess compliance with applicable environmental requirements for all of our facilities, both domestic and overseas. The program is designed to identify problems in a timely manner, correct deficiencies and prevent future noncompliance. Over the past several years we have conducted regular, thorough audits of our major operating facilities. As a result, management believes that our companies are in substantial compliance with current environmental regulations.

Management does not believe, based on current circumstances, that we will incur compliance costs pursuant to such regulations that will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. In addition, we have purchased insurance protection against certain unknown risks.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Risks and Uncertainties — Environmental Matters" and "Legal Proceedings".

Raw Materials

All of our businesses require various raw materials (e.g., metals and plastics), the availability and prices of which may fluctuate. Although some cost increases may be recovered through increased prices to customers, our operating results are exposed to such fluctuations. We attempt to control such costs through purchasing and various other programs. In recent years, our businesses have not experienced significant difficulties in obtaining an adequate supply of raw materials necessary for our manufacturing processes.

Research, Development, and Engineering

Our businesses require substantial commitment of resources for research, development, and engineering activities to maintain significant positions in the markets we serve. Such activities are conducted in laboratory and engineering facilities at several of our major manufacturing locations. Research, development, and engineering activities are important in all of our business segments. During 2006, 2005 and 2004, the Company spent \$160.9 million, \$156.8 million and \$126.7 million, respectively, on research and development. The Company also spent \$499.3 million, \$472.0 million and \$470.5 million, respectively, on research, development and engineering pursuant to customer contracts.

Intellectual Property

While we own and control a number of patents, trade secrets, confidential information, trademarks, trade names, copyrights, and other intellectual property rights which, in the aggregate, are of material importance to our business, management believes that our business, as a whole, is not materially dependent upon any one intellectual property or related group of such properties. We are licensed to use

certain patents, technology, and other intellectual property rights owned and controlled by others, and, similarly, other companies are licensed to use certain patents, technology, and other intellectual property rights owned and controlled by us.

Patents, patent applications, and license agreements will expire or terminate over time by operation of law, in accordance with their terms or otherwise. Such expiration or termination of patents, patent applications, and license agreements is not expected by our management to have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

At the time of the Distribution (see — "Company History and Certain Relationships"), we obtained from ITT Destinations certain exclusive rights and licenses to use the "ITT" name, mark, and logo. In 1999, we acquired all right, title, and interest in and to the "ITT" name, mark, and logo and an assignment of certain agreements granting The Hartford and ITT Educational Services, Inc. (ESI) limited rights to use the "ITT" name, mark, and logo in their businesses. These agreements are perpetual, and the licenses are subject to maintenance of certain quality standards by both The Hartford and ESI.

Employees

As of December 31, 2006, ITT and its subsidiaries employed approximately 37,500 people, including approximately 4,100 employees in our Switches businesses which are actively being marketed for sale. Of the 37,500 people, approximately 18,000 are employees in the United States, of whom approximately 21% are represented by labor unions. Generally, labor relations have been maintained in a normal and satisfactory manner.

Company History and Certain Relationships

ITT Corporation is an Indiana corporation incorporated on September 5, 1995 as ITT Indiana, Inc. It is the successor pursuant to a statutory merger of ITT Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("ITT Delaware"), into ITT Indiana, Inc. effective December 20, 1995, whereupon its name became ITT Industries, Inc. ITT Delaware, originally incorporated in Maryland in 1920 as International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation, was reincorporated in Delaware in 1968. It changed its name to ITT Corporation in 1983. On December 19, 1995, ITT Delaware made a distribution (the "Distribution") to its stockholders consisting of all the shares of common stock of ITT Destinations, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("ITT Destinations"), and all the shares of common stock of ITT Hartford Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation (now known as The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc. or "The Hartford"), both of which were wholly-owned subsidiaries of ITT Delaware. In connection with the Distribution, ITT Destinations changed its name to ITT Corporation. On February 23, 1998, ITT Corporation was acquired by Starwood Hotels & Resorts Worldwide, Inc. On July 1, 2006 ITT Industries, Inc. changed its name to ITT Corporation.

ITT Delaware, ITT Destinations, and The Hartford entered into a Distribution Agreement (the "Distribution Agreement") providing for, among other things, certain corporate transactions required to effect the Distribution and other arrangements among the three parties subsequent to the Distribution.

The Distribution Agreement provides for, among other things, assumptions of liabilities and cross-indemnities generally designed to allocate the financial responsibility for the liabilities arising out of or in connection with (i) the former automotive, defense & electronics, and fluid technology segments to ITT Industries, Inc. (now ITT Corporation) and its subsidiaries, (ii) the hospitality, entertainment, and information services businesses to ITT Destinations and its subsidiaries, and (iii) the insurance businesses to The Hartford and its subsidiaries. The Distribution Agreement also provides for the allocation of the financial responsibility for the liabilities arising out of or in connection with former and present businesses not described in the immediately preceding sentence to or among ITT Industries, Inc. (now ITT Corporation), ITT Destinations nor The Hartford will take any action that would jeopardize the intended tax consequences of the Distribution.

ITT Industries, Inc. (now ITT Corporation), ITT Destinations, and The Hartford also entered into agreements in connection with the Distribution relating to intellectual property, tax, and employee benefit matters.

Available Information, Internet Address and Internet Access to Current and Periodic Reports

ITT's website address is www.itt.com. ITT makes available free of charge on or through www.itt.com/ir our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Information contained on the Company's website is not incorporated by reference unless specifically stated herein. As noted, we file the above reports electronically with the SEC, and they are available on the SEC's web site (www.sec.gov). In addition, all reports filed by the Company with the SEC may be read and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Forward-looking Statements" for information regarding forward-looking statements and cautionary statements relating thereto.

ITEM 1A.

RISK FACTORS

The Company is subject to various risks and uncertainties relating to or arising out of the nature of our businesses, financial conditions and results of operations, including those discussed below, which may affect the value of our securities. We believe the risks discussed below are currently the most significant, although additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently deem less significant may also impact our business, financial condition and results of operations, perhaps materially.

Factors that could cause results to differ materially from those anticipated by the Company include

- General global economic conditions, particularly in the local economies of the countries or regions in which we sell our products, including declines in consumer spending which could have a negative impact on the results of all of our businesses.
- We manufacture and sell products used in cyclical businesses including the construction, defense, mining and minerals, transportation, automotive and aerospace industries, as well as other industries served by our Connectors business. Downturns in these industries could adversely affect our businesses.
- Competition pressures in all our businesses include product capability, technological innovation, cycle time, price, quality and the reliability of services we offer. In our Fluid Technology business, competition includes public bidding on many contracts. Our revenues and profitability could be negatively impacted as a result of competition.
- · Weather conditions including drought, natural disasters, and excessive rains may negatively affect our Fluid Technology and Motion & Flow Control businesses.
- · Industry overcapacity in the Fluid Technology market could have an adverse impact on the results of our Fluid Technology business.
- Decrease in demand for replacement parts and services would adversely affect our Fluid Technology and Motion to Flow Control businesses.
- Our Fluid Technology business depends upon the ability of municipal markets to fund projects involving our products and services and a significant decline in funding available to these markets would have an adverse effect on the results of the Fluid Technology business.
- · Economic downturns in automotive, aerospace and marine and leisure markets could negatively affect our Motion & Flow Control businesses.
- Because 89% of our Defense Electronics & Services sales are to the U.S. government, changes in the portion of the U.S. Defense budget devoted to products and services of the types of products provided by the Company, and the Company's present ability to receive awards of U.S. government contracts, would adversely impact our business.
- Many of our government contracts are subject to profit limitations, which limit our upside potential on a per contract basis, and all are subject to termination by our customers. Termination of key government contracts or a significant number of government contracts would have a negative impact on our businesses.
- Many Defense Electronics & Services contracts are subject to security and facility clearances, as well as export licenses, which, if withdrawn, restricted or made unavailable, would adversely
 affect our business.
- Compliance with government contracting regulations and related governmental investigations could increase our costs of regulatory compliance and could have a negative effect on our brand name and on our ability to win new business.
- · Our business could be adversely affected if we are not able to integrate acquisitions that we make or negotiate favorable terms for our divestitures.
- · Employment and pension matters, including changes in laws relating to pension reform, could increase our costs of operations.
- Interest and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations may adversely affect our results. We engage in hedging strategies but it is not possible to hedge against all eventualities.
- The commodities, supplies and raw materials that we use in our operations may not be available or may only be available at increased prices which would have a negative effect on our results of operations.
- · Our liability for actual or alleged environmental contamination, claims and concerns may exceed our reserves, which would negatively impact our results of operations.
- Our inability to protect our intellectual property could have a material adverse effect on our business. In addition, third parties may claim that we infringe their intellectual property, and we could suffer significant litigation or licensing expense as a result.
- Personal injury claims against us may exceed our reserves which would negatively impact our results of operations.
- · Unanticipated changes in our tax rate or exposure to additional tax liabilities could negatively affect our profitability.

- · Oil and geopolitical risks including global terrorism could adversely affect all our businesses.
- As a global business, we are subject to the laws of foreign countries and U.S. laws such as the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, any violations of which could create a substantial liability for us and also could cause harm to our reputation.

These risk factors are discussed in more detail under the captions "BUSINESS — Competition; — Exposure to Currency Fluctuations; — Cyclicality; — Governmental Regulations and Related Matters; — Environmental Matters; — Raw Materials; and — Intellectual Property" and "LEGAL PROCEEDINGS".

ITEM 1B.

UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None

ITEM 2.

PROPERTIES

Our principal executive offices are in leased premises located in White Plains, NY. We consider the many offices, plants, warehouses, and other properties that we own or lease to be in good condition and generally suitable for the purposes for which they are used. These properties are located in several states in the United States, as well as in numerous countries throughout the world. See "BUSINESS" for further information with respect to properties in each of our business segments, including the numbers of facilities and countries in which they are located. See also Note 15, "Leases and Rentals," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

ITEM 3.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company and its subsidiaries are from time to time involved in legal proceedings that are incidental to the operation of their businesses. Some of these proceedings allege damages against the Company relating to environmental liabilities, employment and pension matters, government contract issues and commercial or contractual disputes, sometimes related to acquisitions or divestitures. The Company will continue to vigorously defend itself against all claims. Accruals for anticipated settlements have been established where the outcome of the matter is probable and can be reasonably estimated. In addition, accruals for legal fees for various matters have been established where the fees are probable of payment and can be reasonably estimated. Although the ultimate outcome of any legal matter cannot be predicted with certainty, based on present information including the Company's assessment of the merits of the particular claim, as well as its current reserves and insurance coverage, the Company does not expect that such legal proceedings will have any material adverse impact on the cash flow, results of operations or financial condition of the Company on a consolidated basis in the foreseeable future except as noted below.

Environmental:

The Company has accrued for environmental remediation costs associated with identified sites consistent with the policy set forth in Note 1, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. In management's opinion, the total amount accrued and related receivables are appropriate based on existing facts and circumstances. It is difficult to estimate the total costs of investigation and remediation due to various factors, including incomplete information regarding particular sites and other potentially responsible parties, uncertainty regarding the extent of contamination and the Company's share, if any, of liability for such conditions, the selection of alternative remedies, and changes in clean-up standards. In the event that future remediation expenditures are in excess of amounts accrued, management does not anticipate that they will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In the ordinary course of business, and similar to other industrial companies, the Company is subject to extensive and changing federal, state, local, and foreign environmental laws and regulations. The Company has received notice that it is considered a potentially responsible party ("PRP") at a limited number of sites by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") and/or a similar state agency under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund") or its state equivalent. As of December 31, 2006, the Company is responsible, or is alleged to be responsible, for approximately 74 ongoing environmental investigation and remediation sites in various countries. In many of these proceedings, the Company's liability is considered de minimis. At December 31, 2006, the Company's best estimate for environmental liabilities is \$104.5 million, which approximates the accrual related to the remediation of ground water and soil, as well as related legal fees. The low range estimate for its environmental liabilities is \$73.6 million and the high range estimate for those liabilities is \$173.8 million. On an annual basis the Company spends between \$8.0 million and \$12.0 million on its environmental remediation liabilities. These estimates, and

related accruals, are reviewed periodically and updated for progress of investigation and remediation efforts and changes in facts and legal circumstances. Liabilities for environmental expenditures are recorded on an undiscounted basis

The Company is involved in an environmental proceeding in Glendale, California relating to the San Fernando Valley aquifer. The Company is one of numerous PRPs who are alleged by the EPA to have contributed to the contamination of the aquifer. In January 1999, the EPA filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Central District of California against the Company and Lockheed Martin Corporation, United States v. ITT Industries, Inc. and Lockheed Martin Corp. CV99-00552 SVW AIJX, to recover costs it incurred in connection with the foregoing. In May 1999, the EPA and the PRPs, including the Company and Lockheed Martin, reached a settlement, embodied in a consent decree, requiring the PRPs to perform additional remedial activities. Pursuant to the settlement, the PRPs, including the Company, have constructed and are funding operation of a water treatment system. The operation of the water treatment esystem is expected to continue until 2013, at which time a separate allocation for continued operation of the plant is expected. ITT and the other PRPs continue to pay their respective allocated costs of the operation of the water treatment system and the Company does not anticipate a default by any of the PRPs which would increase its allocated share of the liability. Additionally, modification to the allowable hexavalent chromium standard is anticipated, and this change in regulatory standard may result in additional costs for modifications to the water treatment plant. As of December 31, 2006, the Company's accrual for operation of the water treatment plant through 2013 was \$9.1 million representing its best estimate; its low estimate for the liability is \$5.7 million and its high estimate is \$14.6 million.

Prior to the 1995 Distribution Agreement (See "Company History and Certain Relationships" within Part I, Item 1 of this 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a description of the Distribution Agreement), the predecessor ITT Corporation operated a facility in Madison County, Florida from 1968 until 1991. In 1995, elevated levels of contaminants were detected at the site. Since then, ITT has completed the investigation of the site in coordination with state and federal environmental authorities and is in the process of evaluating various remedies. A final remedy for the site has not yet been selected. Currently, the estimated range for the remediation is between \$3.6 million and \$17.4 million. The Company has accrued \$6.1 million for this matter, which approximates its best estimate.

The Company is involved with a number of PRPs regarding property in the City of Bronson, Michigan operated by a former subsidiary of the predecessor ITT Corporation, Higbie Manufacturing, prior to the time ITT acquired Higbie. The Company and other PRPs are investigating and remediating discharges of industrial waste which occurred as early as the 1930's. The Company's current estimates for its exposure are between \$6.9 million and \$14.6 million. It has an accrual for this matter of \$10.5 million which represents its best estimate. The Company does not anticipate a default on the part of the other PRPs. ITT is pursuing legal claims against some other potentially responsible parties for past and future costs.

The Company operated a facility in Rochester, New York called Rochester Form Machine from 1979 — 2003. Rochester Form Machine was a former subsidiary of the predecessor ITT Corporation known as ITT Higbie after ITT acquired Higbie in 1972. In August 2003, the Company, through its former subsidiary ITT Fluid Handling Systems, entered into an Order on Consent with New York State Department of Environmental Conservation to investigate and remediate facility related impacts to soil, soil vapor and ground water. As of December 31, 2006 the Company's current estimates for this exposure are between \$3.1 million and \$11.7 million. It has an accrual for this matter of \$4.7 million which represents its best estimate. The Company will pursue claims against certain other PRPs who may share responsibility for impacts.

In a suit filed in 1991 by the Company, in the California Superior Court, Los Angeles County, ITT Corporation, et al. v. Pacific Indemnity Corporation et al., against its insurers, the Company is seeking recovery of costs it incurred in connection with its environmental liabilities including the four listed above. Discovery, procedural matters, changes in California law, and various appeals have prolonged this case. Currently, the matter is before the California Court of Appeals from a decision by the California Superior Court dismissing certain claims of the Company. The dismissed claims were claims where the costs incurred were solely due to administrative (versus judicial) actions. A hearing is expected in early 2007. In the event the appeal is successful, the Company will pursue the administrative claims against its excess insurers. During the course of the litigation, the Company has negotiated settlements with certain defendant insurance companies and is prepared to pursue its legal remedies where reasonable negotiations are not productive.

Product Liability and Other Matters:

The Company and its subsidiary Goulds Pumps, Inc. ("Goulds") have been joined as defendants with numerous other industrial companies in product liability lawsuits alleging injury due to asbestos. These claims stem primarily from products sold prior to 1985 that contained a part manufactured by a third party, e.g., a gasket, which allegedly contained asbestos. The asbestos was encapsulated in the gasket (or other) material and was non-friable. In certain other cases, it is alleged that former ITT companies were distributors for other manufacturers' products that may have contained asbestos.

Frequently, the plaintiffs are unable to demonstrate any injury or do not identify any ITT or Goulds product as a source of asbestos exposure. During 2006, 2005 and 2004, ITT and Goulds resolved approximately 8,200, 16,000 and 4,200 claims, respectively. Nearly all of the claims were dismissed, with settlement on a small percentage of claims. The average amount of settlement per plaintiff has been nominal and substantially all defense and settlement costs have been covered by insurance. Based upon past claims experience, available insurance coverage, and after consultation with counsel, management believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

The Company is involved in two actions, Cannon Electric, Inc. et al. v. Ace Property & Casualty Company ("ACE") et al. Superior Court, County of Los Angeles, CA., Case No. BC 290354, and Pacific Employers Insurance Company et al., v. ITT Industries, Inc., et al., Supreme Court, County of New York, N.Y., Case No. 03600463. The parties in both cases are seeking an appropriate allocation of responsibility for the Company's historic asbestos liability exposure among its insurers. The California action is filed in the same venue where the Company's environmental insurance recovery litigation has been pending since 1991. The New York action has been stayed in favor of the California suit. ITT and ACE and Nationwide Indemnity have successfully resolved the matter and the Company is working with other parties in the suit to resolve the matter as to those insurers. In addition, Utica National and Goulds are finalizing a coverage in place agreement to allocate the Goulds' asbestos liabilities between insurance policies issued by Utica and those issued by others. The Company is continuing to receive the benefit of insurance payments during the pendency of these proceedings. The Company believes that these actions will not materially affect the availability of its insurance coverage and will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company has been involved in a suit filed in El Paso, Texas, Irwin Bast et al. v. ITT Industries et al., Sup. Ct., El Paso, Texas, C.A. No. 2002-4730. This Complaint, filed by both U.S. and German citizens, alleged that ITT and four other major companies failed to warn the plaintiffs of the dangers associated with exposure to x-ray radiation from radar devices. The Complaint also sought the certification of a class of similarly injured persons. In September 2006, the Court denied the plaintiffs' motion for class certification and motion to amend the complaint. The court also determined that the plaintiffs failed to identify any persons who had been injured by ITT products and dismissed ITT from the action. In September 2006, the same plaintiff attorneys who filed the El Paso action, filed a companion action in state court in California against the Company, eseking certification of a class of persons who were exposed to ITT radar products but who have not, as yet, exhibited symptoms of injury. The parties have reached a settlement in principle to resolve both matters. The settlement is expected to be finalized in the first quarter of 2007. Management believes that this settlement will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company provides an indemnity to U.S. Silica Company for silica personal injury suits against its former subsidiary Pennsylvania Glass Sand filed prior to September 12, 2005. ITT sold the stock of Pennsylvania Glass Sand to U.S. Silica Company in 1985. The Company's indemnity had been paid in part by its historic product liability carrier, however, in September 2005, the carrier communicated to ITT that it would no longer pay a share of the costs. On October 4, 2005, ITT filed a suit against the insurer, ITT v. Pacific Employers Insurance Co., CA No. 05CV 5223, seeking its defense costs and indemnity from the carrier for Pennsylvania Glass Sand product liabilities. All silica related costs, net of insurance recoveries, are shared pursuant to the Distribution Agreement. See "Company History and Certain Relationships" for a description of the Distribution Agreement. Management believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Our Defense Electronics & Services segment is subject to the export control regulations of the U.S. Department of State and the Department of Commerce. Currently, the U.S. Attorney for the Western District of Virginia is investigating ITT Night Vision's compliance with International Traffic in Arms Regulations. The Company is cooperating with the investigation and with the Government's consent, it conducted its own investigation, utilizing outside counsel, of Night Vision's compliance with the federal laws. Data and information derived from the investigation were shared with the U.S. Attorney. The Company is continuing to assist the Government in its investigation. The Company is in negotiations with the Government to resolve this matter and a settlement is expected in the Spring of 2007. The Company has recorded its best estimate of the liability for this matter, including, a charge to net income of \$25 million in the fourth quarter of 2006.

Management does not believe that the expected payment to the Government and any remedial obligations or corrective actions which the Government is likely to require will have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or result of operations, but the settlement may have a material impact on cash flow in the period in which the payment is made.

Reference is made to "BUSINESS — Company History and Certain Relationships" for information concerning the allocation of certain liabilities among the parties to the Distribution Agreement.

ITEM 4.

SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matter was submitted to a vote of our shareholders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The following information is provided regarding the executive officers of ITT. Each of the executive officers was elected to his or her position to serve at the pleasure of the Company's Board of Directors.

Name	Age at 2/1/07	Current Title	Other Business Experience During Past 5 Years
Scott A. Crum	50	Senior Vice President and Director, Human Resources (2002)	Corporate Vice President, Motorola Corporation Broadband Communications Sector (2000)
Henry J. Driesse	63	Senior Vice President, ITT (2001); President, ITT Fluid Technology (2005)	Vice President and President of ITT Defense Electronics & Services (2000)
Donald E. Foley	55	Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Director of Taxes (2003)	Vice President, Treasurer and Director of Taxes (2001) Vice President and Treasurer (1996)
Steven F. Gaffney	47	Senior Vice President, ITT (2006); President, ITT Defense Electronics & Services (2005)	President and General Manager of ITT System Division (2003) Vice President, ITT, Value Based Six Sigma (2002)
Nicholas P. Hill	52	Senior Vice President, ITT (2005); President, Motion & Flow Control (2004)	President, ITT Jabsco Worldwide (2003) Vice President and General Manager, ITT Cannon (1999)
Janice M. Klettner	46	Chief Accounting Officer and Assistant Secretary (2006)	Vice President, Corporate Controller, Avon Products (1998)
Steven R. Loranger	54	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer and Director (2004)	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Textron, Inc. (2002)
			Various Executive positions at Honeywell and its predecessors (1981)
Vincent A. Maffeo	56	Senior Vice President and General Counsel (1995)	
Thomas R. Martin	53	Senior Vice President and Director of Corporate Relations (1999)	
George E. Minnich	57	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (2005)	Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Otis Elevator Company, a division of United Technologies Corporation (2001)
Robert J. Pagano	44	Vice President, Finance (2006)	Vice President, Corporate Controller (2004) President, ITT Fluid Technology Industrial Products Group (2002)
Brenda L. Reichelderfer	48	Senior Vice President, ITT (2002); Chief Technology Officer and Director of Engineering (2005)	President, ITT Electronic Components (2003) President, Motion & Flow Control (2002)

Note: Date in parentheses indicates the year in which the position was assumed.

PART II

ITEM 5.

MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Common Stock — Market Prices and Dividends

		2006				2005			
	High Low		High Low High		High	Lo			
Three Months Ended March 31	\$	58.73	\$	49.85	\$	45.88	\$	40.24	
June 30		57.57		47.33		49.68		42.27	
September 30		51.89		45.34		57.73		48.57	
December 31		57.44		50.43		58.05		47.13	

The above table reflects the range of market prices of our common stock as reported in the consolidated transaction reporting system of the New York Stock Exchange, the principal market in which this security is traded (under the trading symbol "ITT"). During the period from January 1, 2007 through January 31, 2007, the high and low reported market prices of our common stock were \$60.26 and \$56.30, respectively. On February 21, 2006, the Company split its stock on a two-for-one basis. Reported market prices reflect the stock split price.

We declared dividends of \$0.11 and \$0.09 per share of common stock in each of the four quarters of 2006 and 2005, respectively. In the first quarter of 2007, we declared a dividend of \$0.14 per share for shareholders of record on March 9, 2007.

Dividend decisions are subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors and will be based on, and affected by, a number of factors, including operating results and financial requirements. Therefore, there can be no assurance as to what level of dividends, if any, will be paid in the future.

There were 23,014 holders of record of our common stock on January 31, 2007.

ITT Corporation common stock is listed on the following exchanges: Frankfurt, London, New York and Euronext.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The information called for by Item 5(a) is incorporated herein by reference to the portions of the definitive proxy statement referred to in Item 10 of this Form 10-K set forth under the caption "Equity Compensation Plan Information."

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

	Total	P	Average
	Number		Price
	of		Paid
	Shares		per
<u>Period</u>	Purchased(1)	S	Share(2)
10/1/06-10/31/06	180,124	\$	53.21
11/1/06-11/30/06	98,320	\$	54.18
12/1/06-12/31/06	1.860.826	S	56.66

- (1) All share repurchases were made in open-market transactions
- (2) Average price paid per share is calculated on a settlement basis and excludes commission

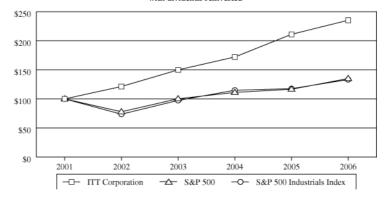
In December 2006, the Company purchased 1,857 thousand shares for \$105.2 million. Of this activity, 852 thousand shares were acquired at the end of 2006 and settled in January 2007 for \$48.6 million. The activity was part of a \$1 billion share repurchase program announced during the fourth quarter of 2006. This program replaces the Company's previous practice of covering shares granted or exercised in the context of ITT's performance incentive plans. The program is consistent with the Company's capital allocation process which is centered on those investments necessary to grow its businesses organically and through acquisitions, while also providing cash returns to shareholders. Additionally, in 2006, 2005, and 2004, the Company repurchased 2.8 million shares for \$153.4 million, 6.6 million shares for \$334.4 million, and 4.0 million shares for \$159.6 million, respectively, to offset the dilutive effect of exercised stock options and restricted stock issuances.

 $In \ 2007, the \ Company \ anticipates \ that \ the \ share \ repurchase \ program \ will \ effectively \ reduce \ outstanding \ shares \ between \ 1\% \ and \ 2\% \ versus \ 2006.$

The Company's strategy for cash flow utilization is to pay dividends first and then repurchase Company common stock to cover option exercises made pursuant to the Company's stock option programs and restricted stock issuances. The remaining cash is then available for strategic acquisitions and discretionary repurchases of the Company's common stock and repayment of debt.

Performance Graph

CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN Based upon an initial investment of \$100 on December 31, 2001 with dividends reinvested



	12/31/01	12/31/02	12/31/03	12/31/04	12/31/05	12/31/06
ITT Corporation	\$100.00	\$121.29	\$149.90	\$172.08	\$211.05	\$235.22
S&P 500	\$100.00	\$ 77.90	\$100.24	\$111.15	\$116.61	\$135.02
S&P 500 Industrials Index	\$100.00	\$ 73.66	\$ 97.37	\$114.93	\$117.60	\$133.23

⁽¹⁾ Information provided in the Performance Graph shall not be deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

ITEM 6.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

(Dollars in millions, Except per Share Amounts)	 2006	 2005	 2004	 2003	 2002
Results and Position					
Sales and revenues	\$ 7,807.9	\$ 7,040.8	\$ 5,965.5	\$ 4,850.2	\$ 4,167.2
Operating income(a)	801.0	725.5	587.8	473.9	447.3
Income from continuing operations(a)	499.7	528.8	408.2	353.2	317.1
Net income(a)	581.1	359.5	432.3	403.9	379.9
Additions to plant, property and equipment	177.1	164.4	126.1	119.5	114.8
Depreciation and amortization(c)	194.5	175.9	154.7	143.7	128.9
Total assets	7,430.0	7,071.9	7,291.3	5,955.1	5,401.8
Long-term debt	500.4	516.0	542.3	460.2	492.2
Total debt	1,097.4	1,266.9	1,269.7	600.8	791.8
Cash dividends declared per common share	0.44	0.36	0.34	0.32	0.30
Earnings Per Share(b)					
Income from continuing operations					
Basic	\$ 2.71	\$ 2.86	\$ 2.21	\$ 1.92	\$ 1.74
Diluted	\$ 2.67	\$ 2.80	\$ 2.16	\$ 1.88	\$ 1.69
Net income					
Basic	\$ 3.15	\$ 1.95	\$ 2.34	\$ 2.19	\$ 2.09
Diluted	\$ 3.10	\$ 1.91	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.15	\$ 2.03

⁽a) Operating income and income from continuing operations in 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003 and 2002 includes (expense) income of \$(51.7), \$(53.9), \$(29.3), \$(24.9) and \$4.2 pretax, respectively, or \$(35.5), \$(36.8), \$(20.2), \$(17.2) and \$2.8, after-tax, respectively, for restructuring and asset impairment charges. See Note 4, "Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on these topics.

(b) Restated for two-for-one stock split effective February 21, 2006.

(c) Includes amortization of stock compensation.

ITEM 7.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Business Overview

ITT Corporation (the "Company") is a global multi-industry company engaged directly and through its subsidiaries in the design and manufacture of a wide range of engineered products and the provision of related services. The Company's three principal operating segments are Fluid Technology, Defense Electronics & Services, and Motion & Flow Control.

The Company looks to expand its key growth platforms through both organic and acquisition growth. These growth platforms include Water and Wastewater Transport and Advanced Water Treatment in the Fluid Technology segment; Defense Electronics, Advanced Engineering & Sciences and Space Imaging and Surveillance, and Systems in the Defense Electronics & Services segment; and Marine & Leisure in the Motion & Flow Control segment. In addition to its growth initiatives, the Company has a number of strategic initiatives within the framework of the ITT Management System aimed at enhancing its operational performance. These include global sourcing, footprint realignment, Six Sigma and lean fulfillment, and value-based and innovative product development.

The Company forecasts consolidated revenues for 2007 to be between \$8.29 billion and \$8.38 billion.

Summarized below is information on each of our three business segments, including markets served, goods and services provided, relevant factors that could impact results, business challenges and areas of focus and selected financial data.

Fluid Technology

Fluid Technology is a leading global provider of fluid systems and solutions. Markets served and goods and services provided include: Wastewater (submersible pumps and mixers for sewage and wastewater treatment facilities), Residential & Commercial Water (pumps and accessories for residential, municipal and commercial applications), Industrial & BioPharm (pumps\valves for the industrial, mining, chemical, pulp and paper solutions for process modules, skid systems and stainless steel vessels) and Advanced Water Treatment (biological\ozone\UV treatment systems for municipal and industrial wastewater treatment).

Competitive advantages of the Fluid Technology segment include selling premier brands, enjoying strong distribution capabilities, and benefiting from an installed base of over 13 million pumps worldwide, which provides a strong foundation for repair, replace and retrofit aftermarket sales. The demand drivers of the business include population growth, urbanization, migration to coastal areas, social awareness, increased regulation, aging infrastructure, and demand from developing markets.

Factors that could impact Fluid Technology's financial results include: broad economic conditions in markets served, weather conditions, the ability of municipalities to fund projects, raw material prices and continued demand for replacement parts and servicing. Primary areas of business focus include: new product development, geographic expansion into new markets, facility rationalization and global sourcing of direct material purchases. The Company forecasts revenues for the Fluid Technology segment for 2007 to be between \$3.22 billion and \$3.25 billion.

Defense Electronics & Services

Defense Electronics & Services develops, manufactures, and supports high technology electronic systems and components for worldwide defense and commercial markets as well as provides communications systems, engineering and applied research. Defense Electronics & Services consists of two major areas; Systems and Services (Systems, Advanced Engineering and Sciences businesses) and Defense Electronics (Aerospace and Communications, Space Systems, Night Vision and Electronic System businesses.)

Management believes that the Defense segment is well positioned with products and services that support our customers' needs. In addition, the Company expects new product development to continue to contribute to future growth.

Factors that could impact Defense Electronics & Services' financial results include: the level of defense funding by domestic and foreign governments, the Company's ability to receive contract awards, the ability to develop and market products and services for customers outside of traditional markets and the Company's ability to obtain appropriate export licenses for international sales and business. Primary areas of business focus include: new or improved product offerings, new contract wins, and successful program execution. The Company forecasts revenues for the Defense Electronics & Services segment for 2007 to be between \$3.98 billion and \$4.03 billion.

Motion & Flow Control

Motion & Flow Control is comprised of a diverse group of businesses, including Connectors, Friction Materials, Marine & Leisure, KONI and Aerospace Controls. Connectors designs and manufactures rugged electronic connectors for communications, industrial, transportation, military/aerospace, commercial aircraft, computer, and

consumer uses. Friction Materials designs and manufactures friction pads for braking applications. Marine & Leisure produces pumps and related products for the leisure marine market, pumps and components for beverage applications and designs and manufactures jets, pumps and other components for whirlpool baths and hot tub spas. KONI provides high-end dampeners for auto, truck, bus and rail markets. Aerospace Controls produces valves, actuators and switches for the commercial, military, regional, business and general aviation markets; switches and regulators for the oil and gas, power generation and chemical markets; and pressure regulators and diaphragm seals for industrial applications and natural gas vehicles.

The businesses of the Motion & Flow Control segment primarily serve the high end of their markets, with highly-engineered products, high brand recognition, and a focus on new product development and operational excellence. Revenue opportunities are balanced between original equipment manufacturing ("OEM") and aftermarket customers. In addition to its traditional markets of the U.S. and Western Europe, opportunities in emerging areas such as Asia are increasing.

The Motion & Flow Control businesses' financial results are driven by economic conditions in its major markets, the cyclical nature of the transportation industry, production levels of major auto producers, demand for marine and leisure products, weather conditions, raw material prices, the success of new product development, platform life and changes in technology. Primary areas of business focus include: expansion into adjacent markets, new product development, manufacturing footprint optimization, global sourcing of direct material purchases and lean fulfillment. The Company forecasts revenues for the Motion & Flow Control segment for 2007 to be between \$1.11 billion and \$1.13 billion.

Consolidated Financial Results

Sales and Revenues (Dollars in millions)	 2006		2005	 2004
Sales and Revenues	\$ 7,807.9	\$	7,040.8	\$ 5,965.5

The Company's revenue grew 10.9% to \$7.81 billion in 2006. During 2005, the Company's revenues grew 18.0% to \$7.04 billion. Higher revenues from existing businesses ("organic growth") in all business segments contributed 9.7% and 12.3% of the growth in 2006 and 2005, respectively. Revenue from acquisitions, and foreign currency translation contributed the remaining 1.2% and 5.7% of the growth during 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Costs of Sales and Revenues (Dollars in millions)	 2006		2005	 2004
Costs of Sales and Revenues	\$ 5,618.4	\$	5,072.6	\$ 4,297.1
Percentage of Sales and Revenues	72.0%		72.0%	72.0%

During 2006, the Company's costs of sales and revenues ("CGS") increased \$545.8 million, or 10.8%. In 2005, the Company's CGS increased \$775.5 million or 18.0%. The increases are primarily due to higher volume in all segments, increased commodity costs in certain businesses in the Fluid Technology and Motion & Flow Control segments, and contributions from acquisitions. Efficiencies generated from supply chain initiatives partially offset these increases.

Selling, General and Administrative (Dollars in millions)	 2006	 2005	 2004
Selling, General and Administrative	\$ 1,175.9	\$ 1,032.0	\$ 924.6
Percentage of Sales and Revenues	 15.1%	 14.7%	15.5%

Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") increased \$143.9 million, or 13.9% in 2006. The increase reflects higher marketing costs in all segments, the recognition of employee stock compensation expense in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment," ("SFAS 123R"), higher employee benefit costs, the impact of foreign currency translation, contributions from 2006 acquisitions, the cost of process improvement initiatives and increased environmental and legal costs, including costs to settle compliance issues in the Defense Electronics & Services segment. See Note 22, "Commitments and Contingencies," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

During 2005, SG&A increased \$107.4 million, or 11.6%. The increase in SG&A expenses was primarily due to increased marketing expense in all segments, including expenses from a 2004 acquisition made by the Defense Electronics & Services segment, higher general and administrative expenses and the impact of foreign currency translation. Higher general and administrative costs reflect additional employee benefit costs, and the cost of process improvement initiatives.

Research & Development (Dollars in millions)	2006		 2005	 2004
Internally Funded	\$	160.9	\$ 156.8	\$ 126.7
Percentage of Sales and Revenues		2.1%	 2.2%	 2.1%

During 2006, Research and Development expenses ("R&D") increased \$4.1 million, or 2.6%. The increase is attributable to increased spending in the Fluid Technology segment, partially offset by lower costs in the Defense Electronics & Services segment. R&D increased \$30.1 million, or 23.8% during 2005. The increase is attributable to increased spending in the Fluid Technology and Defense Electronics & Services segments, reflecting the impact of acquisitions and the Company's ongoing commitment to the development of new products and technology.

During 2006, 2005 and 2004, the Company recorded \$56.5 million, \$58.9 million and \$30.3 million, respectively, of restructuring charges to reduce operating costs. Additionally, \$4.8 million, \$5.0 million and \$1.0 million of restructuring accruals were reversed into income during 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively, as management deemed that certain cash expenditures would not be incurred. See the section entitled "Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges" and Note 4, "Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Operating income for 2006 was \$801.0 million, an increase of \$75.5 million, or 10.4%, from the prior year. Operating income for 2005 was \$725.5 million, an increase of \$137.7 million, or 23.4%, compared to \$587.8 million for 2004. The increases primarily reflect higher volume, partially offset by higher SG&A and R&D expenses. Additionally, in 2005, higher restructuring costs partially offset the increase in operating income from 2004.

Operating margin was 10.3% in 2006, flat with the prior year. During 2005, operating margin increased 40 basis points from the prior year, primarily due to improved operating efficiencies and cost reduction efforts in all segments. Higher corporate expenses and increased restructuring costs partially offset the margin improvement.

Interest income decreased \$17.3 million to \$25.4 million in 2006, or 40.5% from the prior year. The decrease primarily reflects the recognition of interest income during 2005 associated with settlements of tax issues related to the 1998 through 2000 audit cycle. During 2005, the Company recognized \$42.7 million of interest income compared to \$22.5 million during 2004. The increase of \$20.2 million, or 89.8%, primarily reflects the recognition of interest income during 2005 associated with tax settlements related to the closure of the IRS tax audit for the years 1998 through 2000.

Interest expense during 2006 was \$86.2 million, or 14.9% higher than the prior year. The increase primarily reflects higher interest rates. Interest expense during 2005 was \$75.0 million, an increase of \$24.6 million, or 48.8% from the prior year. This increase reflects higher interest rates and higher average debt balances (reflecting 2004 acquisitions).

During 2004, the Company sold its interest in Mesh Networks, a technology company in the wireless telecommunications market, for \$31.2 million and recorded a gain on the transaction of \$19.8 million

During 2006, miscellaneous expense decreased \$6.8 million, or 34.5% from the applicable prior year period. The variance reflects a reduction in expenses associated with disposed companies. During 2005, miscellaneous expense increased \$2.0 million, or 11.3%, from 2004.

During 2006, income tax expense was \$227.6 million, or 57.3% more than the applicable prior year period. The variance reflects the recognition of tax settlements during 2005 relating to the close of the IRS tax audit for the years 1998 through 2000 and higher taxable income generated in 2006 compared to 2005. During 2005, income tax expense was \$144.7 million, or 6.5% less than the applicable prior year period. The variance primarily results from the recognition of favorable tax settlements during 2005 relating to the close of the IRS tax audit for the years 1998 through 2000, partially offset by higher taxable income in 2005 compared to 2004.

Income from continuing operations in 2006 was \$499.7 million, or \$2.67 per diluted share compared to \$528.8 million, or \$2.80 per diluted share in 2005. The decrease reflects the items discussed above. Income from continuing operations was \$528.8 million, or \$2.80 per diluted share for 2005 compared to \$408.2 million, or \$2.16 per diluted share for 2004. The increase reflects the results discussed above.

During 2005, the Company recorded a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle of \$6.5 million, net of a tax benefit of \$2.2 million. This is in accordance with FASB Interpretation 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations — an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143" ("FIN 47"). FIN 47 requires the liability recognition for conditional obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset.

During 2006, the Company recognized \$81.4 million of income from discontinued operations including a \$41.2 million gain related to the sale of the Company's automotive brake and fuel tubing and components businesses and the Company's industrial non-metallic lined pumps and valves businesses. The remaining \$40.2 million primarily relates to the operations of the Company's Switches businesses, automotive brake and fuel tubing and components businesses, and the Company's industrial non-metallic lined pumps and valves businesses. Other contributors to income from discontinued operations include the adjustment of tax and other accruals associated with previously disposed companies. During 2005, the Company

recognized a \$162.8 million loss from discontinued operations. The 2005 loss primarily relates to an after tax charge of \$205.6 million for the impairment of goodwill associated with the Company's Switches businesses. Losses and asset write-downs associated with the Company's Network Systems & Services business and costs related to other discontinued operations also contributed to the loss. Offsetting this charge was income from the Company's automotive brake and fuel tubing and components businesses and a tax settlement. During 2004, the Company recognized \$24.1 million of income from discontinued operations. The 2004 income primarily relates to the discontinued operations of the Company's Switches and automotive brake and fuel tubing and components businesses, partially offset by a 2004 loss from the discontinued operations of the Company's Network Systems & Services business.

Segment Deview

		Revenue			perating Income		Operating Margin			
(Dollars in millions)	2006	2005	2004	2006	2005	2004	2006	2005	2004	
Fluid Technology	\$ 3,070.1	\$ 2,799.1	\$ 2,560.1	\$ 370.6	\$ 319.6	\$ 283.8	12.1%	11.4%	11.1%	
Defense Electronics & Services	3,659.3	3,224.2	2,414.0	404.3	363.7	254.1	11.0%	11.3%	10.5%	
Motion & Flow Control	1,092.9	1,030.9	1,003.1	149.7	133.3	132.4	13.7%	12.9%	13.2%	
Corporate and Other	(14.4)	(13.4)	(11.7)	(123.6)	(91.1)	(82.5)	_	_	_	
Total	\$ 7,807.9	\$ 7,040.8	\$ 5,965.5	\$ 801.0	\$ 725.5	\$ 587.8	10.3%	10.3%	9.9%	

Fluid Technology

During 2006, the Fluid Technology segment recognized revenues of \$3.07 billion, an increase of 9.7% over 2005. Higher revenue from existing businesses contributed 6.9% of growth, primarily reflecting the operating results of water wastewater (growth in all geographic regions) and the industrial and biopharm businesses. Revenues from acquisitions and foreign currency translation provided 1.8% and 1.0% of growth, respectively. During 2005 the Fluid Technology segment had revenues of \$2.80 billion, an increase of 9.3% from 2004. Revenue growth of 8.2% represented contributions from existing businesses, of which the water/wastewater treatment and industrial and biopharm businesses were the largest contributors. Revenues from acquisitions and foreign currency translation provided the remaining growth.

During 2006, operating income increased \$51.0 million, or 16.0% from the prior year. Organic volume growth, price, productivity improvements and savings from restructuring actions, partially offset by material cost increases, represent a 12.8% increase. Foreign currency translation, lower costs of restructuring, and contributions from acquisitions also provided operating income growth of 2.2%, 1.5% and 1.2%, respectively. The recognition of stock-based compensation expense, reflecting the adoption of SFAS 123R, lowered operating income by (1.7%). Operating income increased \$3.5 million or 12.6% in 2005 compared to 2004. Organic growth and operational efficiencies represented a 16.9% increase. Foreign currency translation and acquisitions account for 0.5% of growth. Incremental restructuring costs (4.8%) partially offset these improvements.

Defense Electronics & Services

The Defense, Electronics & Services segment increased revenues 13.5% in 2006 to \$3.66 billion, reflecting organic growth, primarily in tactical communications (production increases), night vision (higher domestic volume), and systems and services businesses (contract growth). During 2005, the Defense Electronics & Services segment increased revenues 33.6% in 2005 to \$3.22 billion. Organic growth, primarily in the tactical communications, night vision, and systems and services businesses, represented a 21.0% increase. The 2004 third quarter acquisition of the Remote Sensing Systems business also contributed to the increase in revenues, accounting for 12.6% of revenue growth.

In 2006, operating income increased \$40.6 million, or 11.2% from 2005. Income growth of 14.7% was driven by operating efficiencies, organic growth, favorable performance on contract milestones and net favorable cost experience on fixed price contracts, partially offset by estimated costs to settle compliance issues in the Defense Electronics & Services segment. The recognition of stock-based compensation expense, reflecting the adoption of SFAS 123R (1.8%), and higher restructuring costs (1.7%) reduced operating income. In 2005, operating income increased \$109.6 million or 43.1% compared to 2004. Organic growth, favorable mix reflecting increased contributions from the defense products businesses and positive experience on fixed price contracts, represent 37.8% of growth. Additionally, 2004 acquisitions contributed 5.3% of growth.

Motion & Flow Control

During 2006, the Motion & Flow Control segment increased revenues 6.0% to \$1.09 billion. Organic growth,

primarily Friction Materials (new OEM releases coupled with an increase in existing business), Connectors (significant strength in Asia), and the Marine & Leisure businesses, provided 5.8% of revenue growth. Foreign currency translation accounted for the remaining growth. In 2005, Motion & Flow Control revenues increased 2.8% to \$1.03 billion. Organic growth accounted for a 2.1% increase. This performance reflects growth in the Friction Materials and Aerospace Controls businesses, which partially offset revenue declines in the Connectors businesses. Revenue from a 2004 acquisition and foreign currency translation drove the remaining 0.7% of growth.

In 2006, operating income increased \$16.4 million, or 12.3%. Higher organic volumes and operating efficiencies, partially offset by higher material costs, represent 10.4% of growth. In addition, lower restructuring costs contributed 4.1% of growth. The recognition of stock-based compensation expense, reflecting the adoption of SFAS 123R (2.0%), and the impact of acquisitions (0.2%), reduced operating income. Operating income increased \$0.9 million or 0.7% in 2005 compared to 2004. Organic growth and cost reduction efforts resulted in 9.6% operating income growth. Foreign currency translation and contributions from an acquisition accounted for the remaining growth of 0.5%. This was partially offset by higher restructuring costs, which decreased operating income by 9.4%.

Corporate and Other

During 2006, corporate expenses increased \$32.5 million, or 35.7%. The increase primarily reflects additional accruals for legacy environmental and other legal matters, the recognition of stock-based compensation expense, reflecting the adoption of SFAS 123R, and the cost of process improvement initiatives. Lower medical and post-retirement costs partially offset the increase in expenses. In 2005, corporate expenses increased \$8.6 million, or 10.4% compared to 2004. The increase primarily reflects costs related to process improvement initiatives, employee benefit costs and increased expenditures for tax planning.

Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges

2006 Restructuring Activities

During 2006, the Company recorded a net restructuring charge of \$51.7 million, reflecting costs of \$52.7 million related to new actions and \$3.8 million related to prior year plans, as well as the reversal of \$4.8 million of restructuring accruals that management determined would not be required.

Components of 2006 Charge

		2006 Actions										
(Dollars in millions)	Se	verance	Emp	ther oloyee- ed Costs		Lease Cancellation & Other Costs		Asset ite-Offs	Total	Planned Position Eliminations	rior Year Plans itional Costs	eversal of accruals
Fluid Technology	\$	17.0	\$	2.8	\$	5.7	\$	1.2	\$ 26.7	441	\$ 0.9	\$ (0.9)
Defense Electronics & Services		3.2		0.1		3.9		_	7.2	113	_	(0.9)
Motion & Flow Control		11.3		0.1		4.1		1.2	16.7	236	2.8	(3.0)
Corporate and Other		2.1		_		_		_	2.1	26	0.1	_
	\$	33.6	\$	3.0	\$	13.7	\$	2.4	\$ 52.7	816	\$ 3.8	\$ (4.8)

The charges associated with actions announced during 2006 represent a reduction of structural costs in all segments and closure of three facilities in the Fluid Technology segment, two in the Motion & Flow Control segment and one in the Defense Electronics & Services segment. Planned position eliminations total 816, including 427 factory workers, 360 office workers and 29 management employees. The costs attributable to the 2006 plans primarily reflect severance and lease cancellation costs. The costs associated with prior year plans primarily reflect additional severance costs.

Payments of \$20.5 million were made during 2006 related to actions announced during 2006.

The projected future savings over a five year horizon from restructuring actions announced during 2006 are approximately \$48 million during 2007 (of which \$31 million is incremental to savings realized in 2006) and \$196 million between 2008 and 2011. The savings primarily represent lower salary and wage expenditures and will be reflected in CGS and SG&A.

2005 Restructuring Activities

During 2005, the Company recorded a net restructuring charge of \$53.9 million reflecting costs of \$58.7 million related to new actions and costs of \$0.2 million related to previous plans, as well as the reversal of \$5.0 million of restructuring accruals that management determined would not be required.

Components of 2005 Charge

		2005 Actions										
			Cance	ease llation &		sset		Planned Position	1	or Year Plans		versal of
(Dollars in millions)	Sev	erance	Othe	r Costs	Wri	te-Offs	Total	Eliminations	Addit	ional Costs	Ac	ccruals
Fluid Technology	\$	28.8	\$	1.7	\$	1.4	\$ 31.9	466	\$	_	\$	(0.3)
Motion & Flow Control		25.2		1.1		0.1	26.4	474		0.2		(4.7)
Corporate and Other		0.4					0.4	1				_
	\$	54.4	\$	2.8	\$	1.5	\$ 58.7	941	\$	0.2	\$	(5.0)

These charges represent a reduction of structural costs and closure of four facilities in the Fluid Technology segment. In addition, activity in the Motion & Flow Control segment reflected the closure of two facilities and a continued reorganization including workforce reductions, the consolidation of functions, the transfer of functions from France to Holland and the outsourcing of selected functions to Eastern Europe. Planned position eliminations total 941, including 485 factory workers, 402 office workers and 54 management employees.

Payments of \$21.7 million were made during 2006 related to actions announced during 2005.

The projected future savings from restructuring actions announced during 2005 are approximately \$55 million during 2007 and \$164 million between 2008 and 2010. The savings primarily represent lower salary and wage expenditures and will be reflected in CGS and SG&A.

2004 Restructurina Activitie

During 2004, the Company recorded a net restructuring charge of \$29.3 million reflecting costs of \$30.2 million related to new actions and costs of \$0.1 million related to previous plans as well as the reversal of \$1.0 million of accruals that management determined would not be required.

Components of 2004 Charge

			200						
(Dollars in millions)	Ses	verance	Lease ancellation & Other Costs	Asset ite-Offs	Total	Planned Position Eliminations	A	Prior Year Plans dditional Costs	versal of ccruals
Fluid Technology	\$	16.6	\$ 1.4	\$ 0.6	\$ 18.6	198	\$	_	\$ (0.5)
Motion & Flow Control		3.6	5.1	1.1	9.8	391		0.1	(0.4)
Corporate and Other		1.8	 <u> </u>		1.8	3			(0.1)
	\$	22.0	\$ 6.5	\$ 1.7	\$ 30.2	592	\$	0.1	\$ (1.0)

These charges represent a reduction of structural costs and closure of two facilities in the Fluid Technology segment and continued reorganization and a reduction of structural costs in the Motion & Flow Control segment. Planned position eliminations total 592, including 335 factory workers, 246 office workers and 11 management employees.

Payments of \$1.0 million were made during 2006 related to actions announced during 2004.

The projected future savings from restructuring actions announced during 2004 are approximately \$20 million during 2007 and \$39 million between 2008 and 2009. The savings primarily represent lower salary and wage expenditures and will be reflected in CGS and SG&A.

Discontinued Operations

Fluid Handling Systems

In the first quarter of 2006, the Company completed the sale of its automotive brake and fueling tubing and components business ("Fluid Handling Systems") to a privately held company for net proceeds of \$187.7 million and a gain of \$19.0 million. The business, which was a component of the Company's Motion & Flow Control segment, manufactures steel and plastic tubing for fuel and brake lines, quick-connects, and serves the transportation industry.

Revenues generated form the FHS business during 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$41.2 million, \$417.4 million and \$436.7 million, respectively. Operating income generated form the FHS business during 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$2.6 million, \$21.6 million and \$25.3 million.

Richtei

During the first quarter of 2006, the Company also completed the sale of its industrial non-metallic lined pumps and valves business ("Richter") to a private equity investor for net proceeds of \$24.8 million and a gain of \$22.2 million. The business, which was a component of the Company's Fluid Technology segment, is a leading manufacturer of pumps and valves for selected segments in the chemical, fine chemical and pharmaceutical industries.

Revenues generated form the Richter business during 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$2.0 million, \$38.4 million and \$34.3 million, respectively. Operating income generated form the Richter business during 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$0.2 million, \$4.9 million and \$2.2 million.

Switches

The Company has been preparing the Switches businesses for sale since early 2006. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company initiated the solicitation of bids from interested parties and is proceeding with an active program for the sale of these businesses. Accordingly, commencing with the third quarter of 2006, the Switches businesses are being reported as discontinued operations. The divestiture of the businesses is consistent with the Company's strategy of concentrating its resources in core product areas and de-emphasizing products which are determined to be less strategic. The Switches businesses produce pushbutton, toggle, slide, DIP, rotary, multi-functional navigation, snap and thumbwheel switches, as well as customized rubber and plastic keypads, customized dome arrays and customized interface control products such as multifunction joysticks control panels. The Switches businesses sell their products to a wide range of customers in the transportation, consumer, telecommunications, medical, and instrumentation market segments.

Revenues generated from the Switches businesses during 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$374.8 million, \$348.1 million and \$327.6 million, respectively. Operating income/(loss) generated from the Switches businesses during 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$30.6 million, \$(230.2) million and \$19.6 million, respectively.

ITT Automotive

In September of 1998, the Company completed the sales of its automotive Electrical Systems business to Valeo SA for approximately \$1,700 million and its Brake and Chassis unit to Continental AG of Germany for approximately \$1,930 million. These dispositions were treated as discontinued operations. During 2005, the Company finalized an IRS tax settlement that covered the periods from 1998 to 2000 and included the sale of the Electrical Systems business and the Brake and Chassis unit. As a result of this agreement, the Company paid \$100.6 million to settle tax matters related to the sale of the automotive businesses. Remaining tax reserves of \$53.6 million relating to this matter were reversed and included in income from discontinued operations.

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company has automotive discontinued operations accruals of \$32.3 million and \$34.4 million, respectively. The accruals primarily relate to the following: eleven potential product recall issues which are recorded in accrued expenses; environmental obligations for the remediation and investigation of groundwater and soil contamination at thirteen sites which are recorded in other liabilities; employee benefits for workers compensation issues which are recorded in accrued expenses. The balances of these items are as follows:

(Dollars in millions)	2	006	 2005
Product recalls	\$	7.8	\$ 7.8
Environmental obligations		12.7	14.0
Employee benefits		11.8	12.6
Total	\$	32.3	\$ 34.4

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Contractual Obligations:

The Company's commitment to make future payments under long-term contractual obligations was as follows, as of December 31, 2006:

	Payments Due by Period							
	·	Less Than			More Than			
Contractual Obligations (Dollars in millions)	Total	1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	5 Years			
Long-term debt(1)	\$ 460.7	\$ 10.4	\$ 32.6	\$ 89.1	\$ 328.6			
Operating leases(2)(3)	471.7	88.8	133.6	79.5	169.8			
Purchase obligations(4)(5)	675.3	469.7	181.7	16.7	7.2			
Other long-term obligations reflected on balance sheet(6)	108.5	14.5	25.5	24.0	44.5			
Total	\$ 1,716.2	\$ 583.4	\$ 373.4	\$ 209.3	\$ 550.1			

- (1) See Note 16, "Debt," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, for discussion of the use and availability of debt and revolving credit agreements. Amounts represent total long-term debt including current maturities and unamortized discount and excludes deferred gain on interest rate swaps.
- unamortized discount and excludes deferred gain on interest rate swaps.

 (2) Refer to Note 15, "Leases and Rentals," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, for further discussion of lease and rental agreements
- (3) Excludes \$6.7 million of operating leases associated with the Company's Switches businesses in discontinued operations.

- (4) The unconditional purchase commitments are principally take or pay obligations related to the purchase of certain raw materials and subcontract work
- (5) Purchase obligations contain three contracts that have early termination penalties as follows:
 - a) A three year agreement in the amount of \$8.0 million in the above table that would require a termination penalty of the difference between \$4.0 million and the amount paid in that year.
 - b) A five year agreement in the amount of \$30.1 million in the table above that would require a maximum termination fee of \$2.0 million as of December 31, 2006.
 - c) A five year agreement in the amount of \$12.5 million in the above table that would require a termination fee of \$3.1 million as of December 31, 2006.
- (6) Other long-term liabilities primarily consist of estimated environmental payments. The Company estimates, based on historical experience, that it will spend between \$8.0 million and \$12.0 million per year on environmental investigation and remediation of its approximately 74 sites. The Company is contractually required to spend a portion of these monies based on existing agreements with various governmental agencies and other entities. At December 31, 2006, the Company's best estimate for environmental liabilities is \$104.5 million which approximate the accrual related to the rediation of ground water and soil, as well as related legal fees.

Cash Flow Overview

The Company generated \$780.7 million of cash from operating activities during 2006. This covered the Company's investing and financing activities, demonstrating the Company's continued ability to generate sufficient operating cash flow to both invest in our business for organic (\$177.1 million on capital expenditures) and acquisitive (\$89.5 million on acquisitions) growth, while at the same time returning value to shareholders through increased dividends (\$77.6 million dividends paid) and share repurchases (\$210.0 million). The dividend increased 22% during 2006 and we are planning to increase it by 27% in 2007. Additionally, given the strong operating cash flow, the Company committed in the fourth quarter 2006 to a three year \$1 billion share repurchase program.

Sources and Uses of Cash:

Operating

Cash provided by operating activities in 2006 increased \$67.8 million from the prior year. The improvement is due to cash provided from accounts payable and accrued expenses (\$125.9 million) primarily from timing of payments in our Defense Electronics & Services and Fluid Technology segments and increased environmental and legal reserves, including costs to settle compliance issues in the Defense Electronics & Services segment. The increase also reflects lower funding of accounts receivable (\$122.7 million), primarily in our Fluid Technology and Defense Electronics & Services segments due to higher sales growth rates in 2005, and the timing of collections. Partially offsetting the increases were higher inventory levels (\$75.2 million) largely in our Fluid Technology segment due primarily to shipment delays, the liquidation of the Company's interest rate swaps in 2005 (which provided \$69.5 million of cash proceeds) and lower deferred tax balances (\$64.6 million).

Investing

Additions to Plant, Property and Equipment:

Capital expenditures during 2006 were \$177.1 million, an increase of \$12.7 million from 2005. The variance primarily reflects increased spending in our Fluid Technology segment driven by investments in new facilities in Asia and Eastern Europe. Capital expenditures during 2005 were \$164.4 million, an increase of \$38.3 million from 2004. The increase reflects increased investments by the Defense Electronic & Services and Motion & Flow Control segments.

Acquisitions:

2006 Acquisitions

During 2006, the Company spent \$89.5 million, primarily for the acquisition of three entities, one within the Fluid Technology segment, one in the Defense Electronics & Services segment and one in the Motion & Flow Control segment.

2005 Acquisitions

During 2005, the Company made one acquisition for \$29.7 million, which is included in the Fluid Technology segment.

The Company also paid a purchase price adjustment totaling \$28.5 million related to the 2004 acquisition of Remote Sensing Systems business ("RSS") and purchased additional shares of WEDECO, a company acquired in 2004, for \$10.8 million.

2004 Acquisitions

On August 13, 2004, the Company purchased RSS for \$736.9 million in cash. The RSS business is a leading supplier of high resolution satellite imaging systems and information services, and is included in our Defense Electronics & Services segment.

Technology, Motion & Flow Control and Defense, Electronics & Services segments.

Divestitures:

In the first quarter of 2006, the Company completed the sale of Fluid Handling Systems and Richter for net proceeds of \$212.5 million.

Financina

The Company's funding needs are monitored and strategies are executed to manage overall cash requirements and debt ratios. The Company's strong cash position reflected proceeds from the sale of businesses in the first quarter of 2006 as well as strong operating cash flow throughout the year. The Company's current debt ratios have positioned it to continue to grow the business with investments for organic growth and through strategic acquisitions, while providing the ability to return value to shareholders through increased dividends and share repurchases.

	 Deceml		
(Dollars in millions)	 2006		2005
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 937.1	\$	451.0
Total debt	1,097.4		1,266.9
Net debt	160.3		815.9
Total shareholders' equity	2,864.8		2,723.4
Total capitalization (debt plus equity)	3,962.2		3,990.3
Net capitalization (debt plus equity less cash and cash equivalents)	3,025.1		3,539.3
Debt to total capitalization	27.7%		31.7%
Net debt to net capitalization	5.3%		23.1%

Share Repurchases and Other Matters:

In December 2006, the Company purchased 1,857 thousand shares for \$105.2 million. Of this activity, 852 thousand shares were acquired at the end of 2006 and settled in January 2007 for \$48.6 million. The activity was part of a three year \$1 billion share repurchase program announced during the fourth quarter of 2006. This program replaces the Company's previous practice of covering shares granted or exercised in the context of ITT's performance incentive plans. The program is consistent with the Company's capital allocation process which is centered on those investments necessary to grow its business organically and through acquisitions, while also providing cash returns to shareholders. Additionally, in 2006, 2005, and 2004, the Company repurchased 2.8 million shares for \$153.4 million shares for \$334.4 million, and 4.0 million shares for \$159.6 million, respectively, to offset the dilutive effect of exercised stock options and restricted stock issuances.

In 2007, the Company anticipates that the share repurchase program will effectively reduce outstanding shares by between 1% and 2% versus 2006.

On February 21, 2006, the Company effected a two-for-one stock split of its common stock. The financial statements, notes and other references to share and per share data have been restated to reflect the stock split for all periods presented.

Debt and Credit Facilities:

Debt at December 31, 2006 was \$1.10 billion, compared with \$1.27 billion at December 31, 2005. Cash and cash equivalents were \$937.1 million at December 31, 2006, compared to \$451.0 million at December 31, 2005.

In December 2004, the Company recorded a \$120.0 million obligation associated with a ten year agreement with a major financial institution — involving the sale and subsequent leasing back of certain properties. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is required to make annual payments of principal and interest. At the end of the agreement, the Company has the option to repurchase the applicable properties for a nominal fee. This transaction is reflected as debt totaling \$97.3 million as of December 31, 2006.

The Company maintains a five-year revolving credit agreement in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.25 billion. The interest rate for borrowings under these agreements is generally based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), plus a spread, which reflects the Company's debt rating. The provisions of these agreements require that the Company maintain an interest coverage ratio, as defined, of 3.5 times. At December 31, 2006, the Company's coverage ratio was well in excess of the minimum requirements. The commitment fee on the revolving credit agreements is 0.08% of the total commitment. The revolving credit agreements serve as backup for the commercial paper program. Borrowing through commercial paper and under the revolving credit agreements may not exceed \$1.25 billion in the aggregate outstanding at any time. At December 31, 2006 commercial paper borrowings were \$553.3 million.

Discontinued Operations — Operating Activities

During 2006, cash generated from operating activities of discontinued operations increased \$111.5 million to \$80.2 million. The primary driver of the increase in cash flow was a payment in 2005 of approximately \$100 million to settle tax matters associated with the 1998 sale of the Company's automotive businesses.

During 2005, cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations was \$31.3 million. During 2004, cash generated from operating activities of discontinued operations was \$54.4 million. The primary reason for the variance in cash flow between the periods was the 2005 payment of approximately \$100 million to settle tax matters related to the Company's automotive discontinued operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Guarantees & Indemnities:

In September of 1998, the Company completed the sale of its automotive electrical systems business to Valeo SA for approximately \$1,700 million. As part of the sale, the Company provided Valeo SA with representations and warranties with respect to the operations of the business, including: Conveyance of Title, Employee Benefits, Tax, Product Liability, Product Recall, Contracts, Environmental, Intellectual Property, etc. The Company also indemnified Valeo SA for losses related to a misrepresentation or breach of the representations and warranties. With a few limited exceptions, the indemnity periods within which Valeo SA may assert new claims have expired. Under the terms of the sales contract, the original maximum potential liability to Valeo SA on an undiscounted basis is \$680 million. However, because of the lapse of time, or the fact that the parties have resolved certain issues, at December 31, 2006, the Company has an accrual of \$7.8 million, which is its best estimate of the potential exposure.

In September of 1998, the Company completed the sale of its brake and chassis unit to Continental AG for approximately \$1,930 million. As part of the sale, the Company provided Continental AG with representations and warranties with respect to the operations of that Business, including: Conveyance of Title, Employee Benefits, Tax, Product Liability, Product Recall, Contracts, Environmental, Intellectual Property, etc. The Company also indemnified Continental AG for losses related to a misrepresentation or breach of the representations and warranties. With a few limited exceptions, the indemnity periods within which Continental AG may assert new claims have expired. Under the terms of the sales contract, the original maximum potential liability to Continental AG on an undiscounted basis is \$950 million. However, because of the lapse of time, or the fact that the parties have resolved certain issues, at December 31, 2006, the Company has an accrual of \$12.7 million which is its best estimate of the potential exposure.

Since its incorporation in 1920, the Company has acquired and disposed of numerous entities. The related acquisition and disposition agreements contain various representation and warranty clauses and may provide indemnities for a misrepresentation or breach of the representations and warranties by either party. The indemnities address a variety of subjects; the term and monetary amounts of each such indemnity are defined in the specific agreements and may be affected by various conditions and external factors. Many of the indemnities have expired either by operation of law or as a result of the terms of the agreement. The Company does not have a liability recorded for the historic indemnifications and is not aware of any claims or other information that would give rise to material payments under such indemnities. The Company has separately discussed material indemnities provided within the last ten years.

The Company provided a performance bond guarantee in the amount of \$10.0 million related to its real estate development activities in Flagler County, Florida. The Company would be required to perform under this guarantee if certain parties did not satisfy all aspects of the development order, the most significant aspect being the expansion of a bridge. The maximum amount of the undiscounted future payments equals \$10.0 million. At December 31, 2006, the Company has an accrual related to this matter in the amount of \$10.0 million.

In December of 2002, the Company entered into a sales-type lease agreement for its corporate aircraft and then leased the aircraft back under an operating lease agreement. The Company has provided, under the agreement, a residual value guarantee to the counterparty in the amount of \$44.8 million, which is the maximum amount of undiscounted future payments. The Company would have to make payments under the residual value guarantee only if the fair value of the aircraft was less than the residual value guarantee upon termination of the agreement. At December 31, 2006, the Company does not believe that a loss contingency is probable and therefore does not have an accrual recorded in its financial statements.

The Company has a number of individually immaterial guarantees outstanding at December 31, 2006, that may be affected by various conditions and external forces, some of which could require that payments be made under such guarantees. The Company does not believe these payments will have any material adverse impact on the cash flow, results of operations or financial condition of the Company on a consolidated basis in the foreseeable future.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported value of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities.

The Company has identified three accounting policies where estimates are used that require assumptions or factors that are of an uncertain nature, or where a different estimate could have been reasonably utilized or changes in the estimate are reasonably likely to occur from period to period.

Fnvironmental

Accruals for environmental matters are recorded on a site by site basis when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Company calculates the liability by utilizing a cost estimating and weighting matrix that separates costs into recurring and non-recurring categories. The Company then uses internal and external experts to assign confidence levels based on the site's development stage, type of contaminant found, applicable laws, existing technologies and the identification of other potentially responsible parties. This methodology produces a range of estimates, including a best estimate. At December 31, 2006, the Company's best estimate for environmental liabilities is \$10.4.5 million, which approximates the accrual related to the remediation of ground water and soil as well as related legal fees. The low range estimate for environmental liabilities is \$73.6 million and the high range estimate is \$173.8 million. On an annual basis the Company spends between \$8.0 million and \$12.0 million on its environmental remediation liabilities. These estimates, and related accruals, are reviewed periodically and updated for progress of remediation efforts and changes in facts and legal circumstances. Liabilities for environmental expenditures are recorded on an undiscounted basis.

The Company is currently involved in the environmental investigation and remediation of 74 sites, including certain instances where it is considered to be a potentially responsible party by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") or similar state agency.

At present, the Company is involved in litigation against its insurers for reimbursement of environmental response costs. Recoveries from insurance companies or other third parties are recognized in the financial statements when it is probable that they will be realized.

In the event that future remediation expenditures are in excess of the amounts accrued, management does not anticipate that they will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity of the Company.

See Note 22, "Commitments and Contingencies," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details on environmental matters.

Employee Benefit Plans:

The Company sponsors numerous employee pension and welfare benefit plans. The determination of projected benefit obligations and the recognition of expenses related to pension and other postretirement obligations are dependent on assumptions used in calculating these amounts. These assumptions include: discount rates, expected rates of return on plan assets, rate of future compensation increases, mortality, termination, health care inflation trend rates (some of which are disclosed in Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," within the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements) and other factors.

Key Assumptions

The Company determines its expected return on plan assets assumption by evaluating both historical returns and estimates of future returns. Specifically, the Company analyzes the Plan's actual historical annual return on assets over the past 10, 15, 20 and 25 years; makes estimates of future returns using a Capital Asset Pricing Model; and evaluates historical broad market returns over the past 75 years based on the Company's strategic asset allocation, which is detailed in Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Based on the approach described above, the Company estimates the long-term annual rate of return on assets for domestic pension plans at 9.0%. For reference, the Company's actual geometric average annual return on plan assets for domestic pension plans stood at 10.9%, 11.7%, 11.8% and 12.8%, for the past 10, 15, 20, and 25 year periods, respectively. The Company's weighted average expected return on plan assets for all pension plans, including foreign affiliate plans, at December 31, 2006 is 8.88%.

The Company utilizes the assistance of its plan actuaries in determining the discount rate assumption. As a service to its clients, the plan actuaries have developed and published an interest rate yield curve comprised of AAA/AA bonds with maturities between zero and thirty years. The plan actuaries then discount the annual benefit cash flows of the Company's pension plan using this yield curve and develop a single-point discount rate matching the plan's characteristics.

As a result of this process, at December 31, 2006, the Company raised the discount rate on its domestic pension plans, which represent about 90% of the Company's total pension obligations, from 5.75% to 6.00%. The Company's weighted average discount rate for all pension plans, including foreign affiliate plans, at December 31, 2006, is 5.87%. Also, at December 31, 2006, the Company raised the discount rate on its postretirement welfare plans from 5.50% to 6.00%.

At December 31, 2006, the Company maintained its expected rate of future compensation increases for its domestic plan participants at 4.5%, based on recent historical experience and expectations for future economic conditions.

A summary of the significant assumptions used for the pension benefit plans are as follows:

Weighted Average Assumptions	2006	2005
Long-term rate of return on assets used to determine net periodic benefit cost	8.88%	8.89%
Discount rate used to determine net periodic benefit cost	5.64%	5.94%
Discount rate used to determine benefit obligation at December 31	5.87%	5.64%
Rate of future compensation increase used to determine benefit obligation at December 31	4.48%	4.44%

Management develops each assumption using relevant Company experience in conjunction with market related data for each individual country in which such plans exist. All assumptions are reviewed periodically with third party actuarial consultants and adjusted as necessary.

Pension Plan Accounting and Information:

With respect to its qualified U.S. defined benefit pension plans and one of its retiree medical plans, the Company has set up a U.S. Master Trust to pay future benefits to eligible retirees and dependents.

The Company's strategic asset allocation target for its U.S. domestic plans apportions 70% of all assets to equity instruments and the remaining 30% to fixed income instruments. At December 31, 2006, the Company's actual asset allocation was 70.7% in equity instruments, 10.6% in fixed income instruments and 18.1% in hedge funds, with the remainder in cash and other.

On an annual basis, the Company's long-term expected return on plan assets will often differ from the actual return on plan assets. The chart below shows actual returns versus the expected long-term returns for the Company's domestic pension plans that are utilized in the calculation of the net periodic benefit cost. Please see Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Expected return on assets	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.75%
Actual return on assets	13.8%	13.2%	15.2%	27.5%	(11.4)%

The Company's Defense Electronics & Services segment represents approximately 60% of the active U.S. Salaried Plan participants. As a result, the Company has sought and will continue to seek reimbursement from the Department of Defense for a portion of its pension costs, in accordance with Government regulations. U.S. Government Cost Accounting Standards ("CAS") govern the extent to which pension costs are allocable to and recoverable under contracts with the U.S. Government.

Funding requirements under IRS rules are a major consideration in making contributions to our pension plan. With respect to its qualified pension plans, the Company intends to contribute annually not less than the minimum required by applicable law and regulations. In 2006, the Company contributed \$126.1 million to its pension plans, including \$100.0 to the U.S. Salaried Pension Plan. The Company currently anticipates making contributions to its pension plans in the range of \$65 million to \$75 million during 2007. During the first quarter of 2007, the Company contributed \$60.6 million to the pension plans, including \$50.0 million to the U.S. Salaried Pension Plan. We currently estimate that we will not make further contributions to the Company's U.S. Salaried Pension Plan during the remainder of 2007.

The Pension Protection Act of 2006 (the "Act") contains new funding requirements for defined benefit pension plans. The Act establishes a 100% funding target for plan years beginning after December 31, 2007. However, a delayed effective date of 2011 may apply if the pension plan meets the following targets: 92% funded in 2008; 94% funded in 2009; and 96% funded in 2010. The Company does not anticipate that it will be required to make significant mandatory contributions in 2007 and 2008 barring major disruptions in the equity and bond markets.

Funded Status:

Funded status is derived by subtracting the respective year-end values of the projected benefit obligations from the fair value of plan assets. The Company's U.S. Salaried Pension Plan represents approximately 90% of the Company's total pension obligation, and therefore the funded status of the U.S. Salaried Pension Plan has a considerable impact on the overall funded status of the Company's pension plans.

The funded status for the Company's U.S. Salaried Plan improved by \$425.0 million, creating an overfunded status of \$203.5 million at the end of 2006. The funded status for the Company's total pension obligations, including foreign and affiliate plans, improved by \$482.6 million, reducing the underfunded status to \$121.8 million at the end of 2006. See Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details.

Funded status at the end of 2007 will depend primarily on the actual return on assets during the year and the discount rate at the end of the year. The Company estimates that every 25 basis point change in the discount rate impacts the funded status of the U.S. Salaried Pension Plan by approximately \$128 million. Similarly, every five percentage point change in the actual 2007 rate of return on assets impacts the same plan by approximately \$216 million.

The minimum pension liability approach required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 87, "Employers" Accounting for Pensions", ("SFAS 87") has been replaced by the recognition of the plan funded status approach required by SFAS No. 158, "Employers" Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans — an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106 and 132(R)" ("SFAS 158"). See "New Accounting Pronouncements" in the following section as well as Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

SFAS 87 requires that a minimum pension liability be recorded if a plan's market value of assets falls below the plan's accumulated benefit obligation. The Company recorded a net after-tax benefit of \$58.1 million and \$400.0 million in other comprehensive income for 2006 and 2005, respectively, as a result of the plans' improved funded status in each year. This resulted in the reduction of the minimum pension liability balance in shareholders' equity to \$62.3 million as of December 31, 2006 prior to the Company's adoption of SFAS 158. Upon the adoption of SFAS 158 of December 31, 2006, the Company recorded an after-tax reduction to accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' equity of \$435.0 million to reflect the cumulative effect of this accounting change.

Future changes in funded status will be recognized through comprehensive income as prescribed by SFAS 158.

Pension Expense

The Company recorded \$97.8 million of net periodic pension cost into its Consolidated Income Statement in 2006, compared with net periodic pension cost of \$81.6 million in 2005. As more fully described in Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, the primary drivers behind the increase in the net periodic pension cost were the effect the amortization of deferred losses and the reduction in the discount rate for 2006.

In 2007, the Company expects to incur approximately \$71.0 million of net periodic pension cost that will be recorded into its Consolidated Income Statement. The decrease in net periodic pension cost is primarily due to the effect of an increase in the discount rate, higher expected returns on assets and lower amortization of deferred losses.

Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognizes revenue as services are rendered and when title transfers for products, subject to any special terms and conditions of specific contracts. For the majority of the Company's sales, title transfers when products are shipped. Under certain circumstances, title passes when products are delivered. In the Defense Electronics & Services segment, certain contracts require the delivery, installation, testing, certification and customer acceptance before revenue can be recorded. Further, some sales are recognized when the customer picks up the product.

The Defense Electronics & Services segment typically recognizes revenue and anticipated profits under long-term, fixed-price contracts based on units of delivery or the completion of scheduled performance milestones. Estimated contract costs and resulting margins are recorded in proportion to recorded sales. During the performance of such contracts, estimated final contract prices and costs (design, manufacturing, and engineering and development costs) are periodically reviewed and revisions are made when necessary. The effect of these revisions to estimates is included in earnings in the period in which revisions are made.

Accruals for estimated expenses related to warranties are made at the time products are sold or services are rendered. These accruals are established using historical information on the nature, frequency and average cost of warranty claims and estimates of future costs. Management believes the warranty accruals are adequate; however, actual warranty expenses could differ from estimated amounts. The accrual for product warranties at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$47.8 million and \$40.3 million, respectively. See Note 23, "Guarantees, Indemnities and Warranties," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004) "Share-Based Payment" which is a revision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." This statement eliminates the option of using the intrinsic value method of accounting for employee stock options (historically utilized by the Company), which generally resulted in the recognition of no compensation cost because the exercise price of the Company's stock options granted to employees and directors equaled the fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of grant. The provisions of SFAS 123R require the recognition of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the awards as determined by option pricing models. The calculated compensation cost is recognized over the period that the employee is required to provide services per the conditions of the award.

The Company adopted SFAS 123R on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method, which requires the application of the accounting standard as of the first day of the Company's fiscal year 2006. The

Company's Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006 reflect the impact of SFAS 123R. In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for prior periods have not been restated to reflect, and do not include, the impact of SFAS 123R. The incremental stock-based employee compensation expense recognized under SFAS 123R for 2006 as compared to the prior accounting policy was \$13.4 million. See Note 20, "Stock-Based and Long-Term Incentive Employee Compensation" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details.

In March 2005, the FASB issued Financial Interpretation No. 47 ("FIN 47"), "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations". FIN 47 requires an entity to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation at the point in time when that liability can be reasonably estimated. The majority of conditional asset retirement obligations incurred by the Company relate to asbestos containing materials that exist in certain owned facilities. The Company adopted FIN 47 in December 2005 which resulted in a charge of \$6.5 million net of tax for the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle as a result of recording a conditional asset retirement obligation liability of \$11.2 million and the capitalization of asset retirement costs net of depreciation of \$4.7 million.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections" ("SFAS 154"), which replaces Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 20 "Accounting Changes," and SFAS No. 3 "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting and reporting of a change in accounting principle, and applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principles, as well as changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that it does not include specific transition provisions. Specifically, SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior period financial statements, unless it is impracticable to determine the period specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 does not change the transition provisions of any existing pronouncement. SFAS 154 was effective for the Company for all accounting changes and corrections of errors made beginning January 1, 2006. This pronouncement does not have a material affect on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), which is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2007. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that the Company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. FIN 48 substantially changes the applicable accounting model and is likely to cause greater volatility in income statements as more items are recognized discretely within income tax expense. The Company is assessing the impact that the adoption of FIN 48 will have on its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company expects the impact of this new interpretation to decrease shareholders' equity approximately \$20 million to \$35 million inclusive of interest and penalties.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" which is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and for interim periods within those years. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands the related disclosure requirements. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this statement.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans — an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106 and 132(R)" ("SFAS 158"). SFAS 158 is effective for the Company as of December 31, 2006, except for the measurement date provisions, which will be effective the year ending after December 15, 2008. This statement requires the Company to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of pension and postretirement benefit plans as an asset or liability in its balance sheet and to recognize changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. In addition, SFAS 158 requires the measurement date, the date at which plan assets and the benefit obligation are measured, to be the Company's fiscal year end, which is consistent with the Company's current practice. SFAS 158 requires the application of its provisions as of the end of the year of initial application with a cumulative effect adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive loss and does not permit retrospective application. The Company's adoption of SFAS 158 as of December 31, 2006 resulted in an after-tax reduction to accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' equity of \$435.0 million, resulting from a \$284.4 million reduction in assets and a \$150.6 million increase in liabilities. The incremental impact of adopting SFAS 158 on individual

line items in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2006 is as follows:

(Dollars in Millions)		Before SFAS 158		Impact of SFAS 158		After SFAS 158	
Assets	•	31.15 150		01.10 150		01:10 100	
Deferred income tax (liabilities)/assets (non-current)	¢	(05.3)	e	231.3	¢	136.1	
Other intangible assets, net	\$	(95.2) 225.6	\$	(12.4)	\$	213.2	
				. ,		563.2	
Other assets (non-current)		1,066.5		(503.3)			
Total non-current assets		4,366.7		(284.4)		4,082.3	
Total assets	\$	7,714.4	\$	(284.4)	\$	7,430.0	
Liabilities							
Pension and postretirement benefits (current)	\$	_	\$	68.9	\$	68.9	
Total current liabilities		2,690.5		68.9		2,759.4	
Pension benefits (non-current)		348.8		(2.2)		346.6	
Postretirement benefits other than pensions (non-current)		305.0		83.9		388.9	
Total non-current liabilities		1,724.1		81.7		1,805.8	
Total liabilities	\$	4,414.6	\$	150.6	\$	4,565.2	
Shareholders' Equity							
Pension and postretirement benefits	\$	(62.3)	\$	(435.0)	\$	(497.3)	
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss		92.3		(435.0)		(342.7)	
Total shareholders' equity	\$	3,299.8	\$	(435.0)	\$	2,864.8	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	7,714.4	\$	(284.4)	\$	7,430.0	

See Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details.

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position AUG AIR-1, "Accounting for Planned Major Maintenance Activities" which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. This position statement eliminates the accrue-in-advance method of accounting for planned major maintenance activities. We do not expect this pronouncement to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities," ("SFAS 159"). This statement provides the Company the option to elect to carry certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value with change in fair value recorded in earnings. SFAS 159 is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this statement.

Risks and Uncertainties

Environmental Matters:

The Company is subject to stringent environmental laws and regulations that affect its operating facilities and impose liability for the cleanup of past discharges of hazardous substances. In the United States, these laws include the Federal Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act. Management believes that the Company is in substantial compliance with these and all other applicable environmental requirements. Environmental compliance costs are accounted for as normal operating expenses.

In estimating the costs of environmental investigation and remediation, the Company considers, among other things, regulatory standards, its prior experience in investigations and remediating contaminated sites, and the professional judgment of environmental experts. It is difficult to estimate the total costs of investigation and remediation due to various factors, including incomplete information regarding particular sites and other potentially responsible parties, uncertainty regarding the extent of environmental impacts and the Company's share, if any, of liability for such problems, the selection of alternative remedies, and changes in cleanup standards. When it is possible to create reasonable estimates of liability with respect to environmental matters, the Company establishes accruals in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted within the United States. Insurance recoveries are included in other assets when it is probable that a claim will be realized. Although the outcome of the Company's various remediation efforts presently cannot be predicted with a high level of certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. For disclosure of the Company's commitments and contingencies, see Note 22, "Commitments and Contingencies" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

2007 Outlook:

Overall, the Company's management expects revenues to increase to between \$8.29 billion to \$8.38 billion. Revenues in the Defense Electronics & Services segment are expected to grow to between \$3.98 billion to \$4.03 billion driven by higher service volume, reflecting a broader range of offerings/capabilities. The Fluid Technology segment expects to grow revenues to between \$3.22 billion to \$3.25 billion due to continued growth in the water/wastewater industrial and biopharm business. In the Motion & Flow Control segment, revenues of \$1.11 billion to \$1.13 billion are expected, reflecting growth in the Aerospace Controls and Marine and Leisure businesses, as well as expansion in the Friction Materials business.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this document, including within this Management's Discussion and

Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (most particularly, material presented under "Executive Summary," "Liquidity and Capital Resources," "Critical Accounting Policies," "Risks and Uncertainties" and "2007 Outlook"), that are not historical facts, constitute "Forward-Looking Statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements, in general, predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements and generally use words so indicative. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results or performance of the Company and its businesses to be materially different from that expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors may be described or referred to from time to time in fillings made by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Included in those factors are the following: general economic and business conditions; foreign currency exchange rates; political, social and economic conditions and local regulations in the countries in which the Company conducts its businesses; government regulations and compliance therewith; demographic changes; sales and revenues mix; pricing levels; changes in sales and revenues to, or the identity of, significant customers; changes in technology; industry capacity and production rates; ability of outside third parties to comply with their commitments; competition; capacity constraints; availability of raw materials and adequate labor; availability of appropriate professional expertise; availability of liquidity sufficient to meet the Company's needs; the ability to changes resulting from acquisitions and divestitures and to effect cost reduction programs; and various other factors referenced in this Management's Discussion and Analysis and under the caption "Risk Factors". In some areas the availability of energy sources may affect our production processes or custo

The Fluid Technology business will be affected by factors including global economic conditions; governmental funding levels; international demand for fluid management products; the ability to successfully expand into new geographic markets; weather conditions; and continued demand for replacement parts and servicing.

The Defense Electronics & Services business will be affected by factors including the level of defense funding by domestic and foreign governments; our ability to receive contract awards; government investigations; government contracts subject to security and facility clearances; our ability to obtain and maintain export licenses and our ability to develop and market products and services for customers outside of traditional markets.

The Motion & Flow Control business will be affected by the cyclical nature of the transportation industries; economic conditions in its major markets; weather conditions; and demand for marine and leisure products.

The Company assumes no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in or additions to the factors affecting such forward-looking statements.

ITEM 7A.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk Exposures

The Company, in the normal course of doing business, is exposed to the risks associated with changes in interest rates, currency exchange rates, and commodity prices. To limit the risks from such fluctuations, the Company enters into various hedging transactions that have been authorized pursuant to the Company's policies and procedures. See Note 1, "Accounting Policies", and Note 18, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company's short-term and long-term debt obligations totaled \$1,097.4 million and \$1,266.9 million, respectively. In addition, the Company's cash and cash equivalents balances at December 31, 2006 and 2005 were \$937.1 million and \$451.0 million, respectively. Based on these positions, and the Company's overall exposure to interest rates, changes of 53 and 44 basis points (equivalent to 10% of the Company's weighted average short-term interest rates at December 31, 2006) on the Company's cash and marketable securities and on its floating rate debt obligations would have a \$2.7 million and \$2.9 million effect on the Company's pretax earnings for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Increases of 61 and 59 basis points in long-term interest rates (equivalent to 10% of the Company's weighted average long-term interest rates at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively) would have a \$22.9 million and \$24.1 million reduction in the fair value of the Company's fixed rate debt as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

On October 28, 2005, the Company terminated five interest rate swap contracts with an aggregate notional value of \$333.3 million. These contracts effectively converted fixed-rate debt to variable rate debt. The Company realized approximately \$77.8 million of proceeds from the transaction. Of the proceeds received, \$69.5 million represented the fair value of the contracts and \$8.3 million of accrued interest earned on the swaps prior to the termination date. The fair value is being amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the remaining life of the notes which mature at various dates through 2025. At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the remaining balance to be accreted into income was \$63.9 million and \$68.7 million, respectively.

The multinational operations of the Company are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk. The Company utilizes foreign currency denominated forward contracts to hedge against adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. Such contracts generally have durations of less than one year. The Company has utilized foreign currency denominated derivative instruments to selectively hedge certain transactions in foreign countries. During 2006 and 2005, the Company's largest exposures to foreign exchange rates existed primarily with the Euro, British Pound, Canadian Dollar and Swedish Krona against the U.S. Dollar. At December 31, 2006, the Company had eleven foreign currency derivative contracts outstanding for a total notional amount of \$115.4 million. A 10% depreciation of the Euro against all other currencies related to the Company's foreign currency derivatives, held as of December 31, 2006, would cause a net reduction of \$7.5 million of the fair value of such instruments. At December 31, 2005, the Company had six foreign currency derivative contracts outstanding for a total notional amount of \$120.5 million. A 10% depreciation of the Euro against all other currencies related to the Company's foreign currency derivative contracts outstanding for a total notional amount of \$120.5 million. A 10% depreciation of the Euro against all other currencies related to the Company's foreign currency derivative contracts outstanding for a total notional amount of \$120.5 million of the fair value of such instruments. The Company uses derivative instruments to hedge exposures and, as such, the quantification of the Company's market risk for foreign exchange financial instruments does not account for the offsetting impact of the Company's underlying investment and transactional positions.

See Note 18, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

ITEM 8.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedule herein.

ITEM 9.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None

ITEM 9A.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Attached as exhibits to the Form 10-K are certifications of the Company's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) which are required in accordance with Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"), as amended. This section includes information concerning controls and controls evaluation referred to in the certifications. Part IV of this Form 10-K contains the report of Deloitte & Touche LLP ("Deloitte & Touche"), our independent registered public accounting firm, regarding the audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and of management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting set forth below. This section should be read in conjunction with the certifications and the Deloitte & Touche report.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company, with the participation of various levels of management, including the CEO and CFO, conducted an evaluation of effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2006. On the basis of this review, management, including the CEO and the CFO, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are designed, and are effective, to give reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Act is assembled, recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's forms and reports, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports submitted under the Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, in a manner that allows timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In 2002, the Company established a Disclosure Committee with responsibility for considering and evaluating the materiality of information and reviewing disclosure obligations on a timely basis. The Disclosure Committee meets regularly, reports to the General Counsel and the CFO and assists the CEO and the CFO in designing, establishing, reviewing and evaluating the Company's disclosure controls and procedures.

Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Act. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, completely, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the Company's assets; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; (iii) provide reasonable assurance that Company receipts and expenditures are made only in accordance with the authorization of management and the directors of the Company, (iv) and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting includes the controls themselves, monitoring and internal auditing practices and actions taken to correct deficiencies as identified.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006. Management based this assessment on criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting described in "Internal Control — Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) of the Treadway Commission. Management's assessment included an evaluation of the design of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and testing of the operational effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting. Management reviewed the results of its assessment with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

Based on this assessment, management determined that, as of December 31, 2006, the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting.

Management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, has been audited by Deloitte &

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Touche, our independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included herein.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

The Company's management, including the CEO and the CFO, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures, because of inherent limitations, will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may be inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our fourth fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B.

OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of ITT Corporation White Plains, New York

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, that ITT Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on the criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of December 31, 2006, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, cash flows, and changes in shareholders' equity for the year then ended and the financial statement schedule on page S-1, and our report dated February 26, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements and financial statement schedule and included an explanatory paragraph regarding the Company's adoption of new accounting standards.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Stamford, Connecticut February 26, 2007

PART III

ITEM 10.

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information called for by Item 10 with respect to directors is incorporated herein by reference to the portions of the definitive proxy statement for the Company's 2007 annual meeting of shareholders to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act set forth under the captions "Election of Directors", "Information About the Board of Directors" and "Report of the Audit Committee".

The information called for by Item 10 with respect to executive officers is set forth above in Part I under the caption "Executive Officers of the registrant."

ITT Corporation has adopted corporate governance principles and charters for each of its standing committees. The principles address director qualification standards, responsibilities, access to management and independent advisors, compensation, orientation and continuing education, management succession principles and board and committee self-evaluation. The corporate governance principles and charters are available on the company's website at http://www.itt.com/profile/govandcharters.asp. A copy of the corporate governance principles and charters are also available to any shareholder who requests them from the Company's secretary.

ITT Corporation has also adopted a written code of ethics, the "Code of Corporate Conduct," which is applicable to all ITT directors, officers and employees, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Accounting Officer and other executive officers identified pursuant to this Item 10 (collectively, the "Selected Officers"). In accordance with the SEC's rules and regulations, a copy of the code was filed as an exhibit to the 2002 Form 10-K and has been posted on our website and a copy of the code is also available to any shareholder who requests it. ITT Corporation intends to disclose any changes in or waivers from its code of ethics applicable to any Selected Officer or director on its website at http://www.itt.com.

Pursuant to New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Listing Company Manual Section 303A.12(a), the Company submitted a Section 12(a) CEO Certification to the NYSE in 2006. The Company also filed with the SEC, as exhibits to the Company's current Form 10-K, the certifications required under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act for its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

ITEM 11

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information called for by Item 11 is incorporated herein by reference to the portions of the definitive proxy statement referred to above in Item 10 set forth under the caption "Executive Compensation."

ITEM 12.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information called for by Item 12 is incorporated herein by reference to the portions of the definitive proxy statement referred to above in Item 10 set forth under the captions "Beneficial Ownership of ITT Corporation Common Stock" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information".

ITEM 13.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information called for by Item 13 is incorporated herein by reference portions to the definitive proxy statement referred to above in Item 10.

ITEM 14.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The information called for by Item 14 is incorporated herein by reference to the portions of the definitive proxy statement referred to above in Item 10 set forth under the caption "Independent Auditor Fees"

PART IV

ITEM 15.

EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE

- (a) Documents filed as a part of this report:
- 1. See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing on page F-1 for a list of the financial statements filed as a part of this report.
- 2. See Exhibit Index appearing on pages II-2, II-3 and II-4 for a list of the exhibits filed or incorporated herein as a part of this report.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of ITT Corporation White Plains, New York

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ITT Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, cash flows, and changes in shareholders' equity for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2006. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule on page S-1. These financial statements and the financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements and the financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ITT Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 2, the Company changed its method of accounting for share based payments and defined benefit pension and other post retirement plans in 2006.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 26, 2007, expressed an unqualified opinion on management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Stamford, Connecticut

February 26, 2007

ITT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

	Year Ended December 31,						
(In Millions)	 2006		2005		2004		
Sales and revenues	\$ 7,807.9	\$	7,040.8	\$	5,965.5		
Costs of sales and revenues	5,618.4		5,072.6		4,297.1		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,175.9		1,032.0		924.6		
Research and development expenses	160.9		156.8		126.7		
Restructuring and asset impairment charges, net	51.7		53.9		29.3		
Total costs and expenses	 7,006.9		6,315.3		5,377.7		
Operating income	 801.0		725.5		587.8		
Interest income	25.4		42.7		22.5		
Interest expense	86.2		75.0		50.4		
Gain on sale of investments	_		_		20.8		
Miscellaneous expense, net	12.9		19.7		17.7		
Income from continuing operations before income tax expense	727.3		673.5		563.0		
Income tax expense	227.6		144.7		154.8		
Income from continuing operations	499.7		528.8		408.2		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net of tax benefit of \$2.2	_		(6.5)		_		
Discontinued operations:							
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, including tax expense (benefit) of \$(1.0), \$(48.5) and \$14.8, respectively	81.4		(162.8)		24.1		
Net income	\$ 581.1	\$	359.5	\$	432.3		
Earnings Per Share(1)		_		_			
Income from continuing operations:							
Basic	\$ 2.71	\$	2.86	\$	2.21		
Diluted	\$ 2.67	\$	2.80	\$	2.16		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle:							
Basic	\$ _	\$	(0.03)	\$	_		
Diluted	\$ _	\$	(0.03)	\$	_		
Discontinued operations:							
Basic	\$ 0.44	\$	(0.88)	\$	0.13		
Diluted	\$ 0.43	\$	(0.86)	\$	0.13		
Net income:							
Basic	\$ 3.15	\$	1.95	\$	2.34		
Diluted	\$ 3.10	\$	1.91	\$	2.29		
Average Common Shares — Basic	184.3		184.6		184.6		
Average Common Shares — Diluted	187.4		188.5		188.8		

 $^{(1) \}quad Restated \ for \ two-for-one \ stock \ split \ effective \ February \ 21, \ 2006.$

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Year Ended December 31, 2006							
(Dollars in Millions)	Pre-tax Income	Tax Expense	After-Tax Amount					
Net income			\$ 581.1					
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Foreign currency translation adjustments (refer to table below)	\$ 161.2	s —	161.2					
Unrealized gain on investment securities and cash flow hedges	0.3	(0.1)	0.2					
Minimum pension liability	88.9	(30.8)	58.1					
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 250.4	\$ (30.9)	219.5					
Comprehensive income			\$ 800.6					
	Year I	Ended December 3	31, 2005					
	Pre-tax	Tax	After-Tax					
(Dollars in Millions)	Income	Expense	Amount					
Net income			\$ 359.5					
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ (188.9)	\$ —	(188.9					
Unrealized gain on investment securities and cash flow hedges	0.1	_	0.1					
Minimum pension liability	617.4	(217.4)	400.0					
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 428.6	\$ (217.4)	211.2					
Comprehensive income			\$ 570.7					
		Ended December 3						
CD III - LACIII - A	Pre-tax	Tax	After-Tax					
(Dollars in Millions)	Income	Expense	Amount					
Net income			\$ 432.3					
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ 101.5	\$ —	101.5					
Minimum pension liability	119.6	(37.8)	81.8					
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 221.1	\$ (37.8)	183.3					
Comprehensive income			\$ 615.6					
Disclosure of 2006 Foreign Currency Translation Reclassification:								
Twelve months ended December 31, 2006 foreign currency translation adjustments			\$ 177.7					
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income			(16.5					
Net foreign currency translation adjustments			\$ 161.2					
The foreign currency translation adjustments			Ψ 101.2					

ITT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	Decem	iber 31,
(Dollars in Millions, Except Per Share Amounts)	2006	2005
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 937.1	\$ 451.0
Receivables, net	1,288.9	1,197.
Inventories, net	755.9	622.
Assets of discontinued businesses held for sale	183.2	474.
Deferred income taxes	79.8	73.
Other current assets	102.8	66.
Total current assets	3,347.7	2,886.
Plant, property and equipment, net	833.0	782.
Deferred income taxes	136.1	70.
Goodwill	2,336.8	2,227.
Other intangible assets, net	213.2	211.
Other assets	563.2	893.
Total non-current assets	4,082.3	4.185.
Total assets	\$ 7,430.0	\$ 7,071.
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	7,15010	\$ 7,0711
Carrent Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 929.4	\$ 751.
Accruing payane Accrued expenses	\$ 929.4 899.0	715.
Accrued taxes	168.2	192.
Accine takes Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt	597.0	750.
Pension and postretirement benefits	68.9	730.
rension and posterimenten to mentus	96.7	190.
Deferred income taxes	0.2	10.
Total current liabilities	2,759.4	2,611
	346.6	416.
Pension benefits	346.6	
Postretirement benefits other than pensions	388.9 500.4	305. 516.
Long-term debt Other liabilities	569.9	499.
Total non-current liabilities	1,805.8	1,737.
Total liabilities	4,565.2	4,348.
Shareholders' Equity:	400.0	101
Common stock: Authorized — 250,000,000 shares, \$1 par value per share, outstanding — 183,016,367 shares and 184,637,920 shares, respectively(1)	182.6	184.
Retained earnings	3,024.9	2,666.
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income:	(0.2)	(0
Unrealized loss on investment securities and cash flow hedges	(0.3)	(0.
Pension and postretirement benefits	(497.3)	(120.
Cumulative translation adjustments	154.9	(6.
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	(342.7)	(127.
Total shareholders' equity	2,864.8	2,723.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 7,430.0	\$ 7,071.9

⁽¹⁾ Shares outstanding include unvested restricted common stock of 0.4 million at December 31, 2006.

ITT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Ye	Year Ended December 31					
(Dollars in Millions)		2005	2004				
Operating Activities							
Net income	\$ 581.1	\$ 359.5	\$ 432.3				
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	_	6.5	_				
(Income) loss from discontinued operations	(81.4)	162.8	(24.1				
Income from continuing operations	499.7	528.8	408.2				
Adjustments to income from continuing operations:							
Depreciation and amortization	171.6	174.4	153.0				
Amortization of stock compensation	22.9	1.5	1.7				
Restructuring and asset impairment charges, net	51.7	53.9	29.3				
Payments for restructuring	(43.4)	(42.0)	(25.3				
Change in receivables, inventories, payables and accrued expenses	83.8	(89.6)	(84.7				
Change in accrued and deferred taxes	30.3	94.9	102.4				
Change in other current and non-current assets	(74.0)	(16.2)	(55.2				
Change in other non-current liabilities	30.7	7.6	(56.7				
Other, net	7.4	(0.4)	(14.0				
Net Cash — operating activities	780.7	712.9	458.7				
Investing Activities							
Additions to plant, property and equipment	(177.1)	(164.4)	(126.1				
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(89.5)	(69.0)	(1,010.0				
Proceeds from sale of assets and businesses	226.6	24.9	4.3				
Sale of investments	_	_	24.9				
Other, net	(6.3)	(2.2)	0.1				
Net Cash — investing activities	(46.3)	(210.7)	(1,106.8				
Financing Activities							
Short-term debt, net	(155.6)	27.2	553.2				
Long-term debt repaid	(13.3)	(17.6)	(68.3				
Long-term debt issued	0.5	0.4	120.3				
Repurchase of common stock	(210.0)	(334.4)	(159.6				
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	69.0	151.9	76.8				
Dividends paid	(77.6)	(65.6)	(61.8				
Tax benefit from stock option exercises	16.7	_	_				
Other, net	0.1	(0.1)	(0.2				
Net Cash — financing activities	(370.2)	(238.2)	460.4				
Exchange Rate Effects on Cash and Cash Equivalents	50.6	(25.1)	17.7				
Net Cash — Discontinued Operations Operating Activities	80.2	(31.3)	54.4				
Net Cash — Discontinued Operations Investing Activities	(9.3)	(18.0)	(36.1				
Net Cash — Discontinued Operations Financing Activities	0.4	(1.5)	0.4				
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	486.1	188.1	(151.3				
Cash and cash equivalents — beginning of year	451.0	262.9	414.2				
Cash and Cash Equivalents — End of Year	\$ 937.1	\$ 451.0	\$ 262.9				
•	\$ 557.1	¥ .51.5	<u> </u>				
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information Cash paid during the year for:							
Interest	\$ 80.4	\$ 73.8	\$ 45.2				
	\$ 60.4 \$ 197.3	\$ 49.8	\$ 45.2				
Income taxes (net of refunds received)	\$ 197.3	Þ 49.6	⊅ 52.				

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Year Ended December 31,	Sh	Shares Outstanding			Dollars					
(In Millions)	2006	2005	2004		2006		2005		2004	
Common Stock(1)										
Beginning balance	184.6	184.6	184.6	\$	184.6	\$	184.6	\$	184.6	
Stock incentive plans	2.6	6.6	4.0		2.6		6.6		4.0	
Repurchases	(4.6)	(6.6)	(4.0)		(4.6)		(6.6)	_	(4.0)	
Ending balance	182.6	184.6	184.6	\$	182.6	\$	184.6	\$	184.6	
Retained Earnings(1)										
Beginning balance				\$	2,666.0	\$	2,496.8	\$	2,184.8	
Net income					581.1		359.5		432.3	
Cash dividend declared on common stock — \$0.44, \$0.36 and \$0.34 per share, respectively					(81.3)		(66.5)		(62.8)	
Net repurchase of common stock				_	(140.9)	_	(123.8)	_	(57.5)	
Ending balance				\$	3,024.9	\$	2,666.0	\$	2,496.8	
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss										
Pension and postretirement benefit plans:										
Beginning balance				\$	(120.4)	\$	(520.4)	\$	(602.2)	
Recognition of minimum pension liability					58.1		400.0		81.8	
Cumulative effect of adopting SFAS 158 (net of deferred income tax benefit of \$231.3)				_	(435.0)			_		
Ending balance				\$	(497.3)	\$	(120.4)	\$	(520.4)	
Unrealized Loss on Investment Securities and Cash Flow Hedges:										
Beginning balance				\$	(0.5)	\$	(0.6)	\$	(0.6)	
Unrealized gain					0.2		0.1		_	
Ending balance				\$	(0.3)	\$	(0.5)	\$	(0.6)	
Cumulative Translation Adjustments:										
Beginning balance				\$	(6.3)	\$	182.6	\$	81.1	
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income					(16.5)		_		_	
Foreign currency translation					177.7		(188.9)		101.5	
Ending balance				\$	154.9	\$	(6.3)	\$	182.6	
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss				\$	(342.7)	\$	(127.2)	\$	(338.4)	
Total Shareholders' Equity				\$	2,864.8	\$	2,723.4	\$	2,343.0	
				<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>		Ě	/ 1010	

⁽¹⁾ Restated for two-for-one stock split effective February 21, 2006.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 1

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Consolidation Principles:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of ITT Corporation and all majority owned subsidiaries (the "Company"). The Company consolidates companies in which it owns more than 50% of the voting shares. The results of companies acquired or disposed of during the fiscal year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the effective date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated. See Note 24, "Business Segment Information," for a description of the Company's segments.

Sales and Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognizes revenues as services are rendered and when title transfers for products, subject to any special terms and conditions of specific contracts. The Defense Electronics & Services segment generally recognizes sales and anticipated profits under long-term fixed-price contracts based on the units of delivery or the completion of scheduled performance milestones. Estimated contract profits are recorded into earnings in proportion to recorded sales. During the performance of such contracts, estimated final contract prices and costs are periodically reviewed and revisions are made as required. The effect of these revisions to estimates is included in earnings in the period in which the revisions are made. Sales under cost-reimbursement contracts are recorded as costs are incurred and include estimated earned fees or profits calculated on the basis of the relationship between costs incurred and total estimated costs. For time-and-material contracts, revenue is recognized to the extent of billable rates times hours incurred plus material and other reimbursable costs incurred. Anticipated losses on contracts are recorded when first identified by the Company. Revenue arising from the claims process is not recognized either as income or as an offset against a potential loss until it can be reliably estimated and realization is probable.

Accruals for estimated expenses related to warranties are made at the time products are sold or services are rendered and are recorded as a component of cost of sales and revenues. These accruals are established using historical information on the nature, frequency and average cost of warranty claims and estimates of future costs.

Research, Development and Engineering:

Significant costs are incurred each year in connection with research, development, and engineering ("RD&E") programs that are expected to contribute to future earnings. RD&E costs not specifically covered by contracts are charged to expense as incurred. RD&E costs incurred under contracts with customers are charged directly to the related contracts and are reported as a component of costs of sales and revenues.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Most inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out or "FIFO") or market. A full absorption policy is employed using standard cost techniques that are periodically reviewed and adjusted when required. Potential losses from obsolete and slow-moving inventories are recorded when identified. Domestic inventories valued under the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method represent 11.8% and 11.2% of total 2006 and 2005 inventories, respectively. There would not have been a material difference in the value of inventories if the FIFO method had been used by the Company to value all inventories.

Long-Lived Asset Impairment Losses:

The Company records impairment losses on long-lived assets used in operations when events and circumstances indicate that the assets may be impaired and the undiscounted net cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are less than their carrying amounts. When the undiscounted net cash flows are less than the carrying amount, losses are recorded for the difference between the discounted net cash flows of the assets and the carrying amount. See Note 4, "Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges," for further discussions on impairment losses.

Plant, Property and Equipment:

Plant, property and equipment, including capitalized interest applicable to major project expenditures, are recorded at cost. For financial reporting purposes, depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the economic useful lives of the assets involved as follows: buildings and improvements — five to 40 years, machinery and equipment — two to 10 years, furniture and

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

equipment — three to seven years, and other — five to 40 years.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets:

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"), goodwill, the excess of cost over the fair value of net assets acquired, and indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment on an annual basis, or more frequently if circumstances warrant. See Note 13, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," for a description of the Company's goodwill and other intangible assets.

Investments:

Investments for which the Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence and for which there is not a readily determinable market value are accounted for under the cost method of accounting. The Company periodically evaluates the carrying value of its investments accounted for under the cost method of accounting. Such investments were recorded at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value at the end of each period. For investments in which the Company owns or controls 20% or more of the voting shares, or over which it exerts significant influence over operating and financial policies, the equity method is used. The Company's share of net income or losses of equity investments is included in miscellaneous expense and was not material in any period presented. Investments are included in other assets.

Foreign Currency Translation:

Balance sheet accounts are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the end of each period; income accounts are translated at the average rates of exchange prevailing during the period. Gains and losses on foreign currency translations are reflected in the cumulative translation adjustments component of shareholders' equity. The national currencies of the foreign companies are generally the functional currencies. Net (losses)/gains from foreign currency transactions are reported currently in selling, general and administrative expenses and were \$(0.7), \$1.2, and \$1.1 in 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively.

The Company uses a variety of derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward contracts and/or swaps, as a means of hedging exposure to interest rate and foreign currency risks. The Company and its subsidiaries are end-users and do not utilize these instruments for speculative purposes. The Company has rigorous standards regarding the financial stability and credit standing of its major counterparties

Additionally, all derivative instruments are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value as derivative assets or derivative liabilities. Subject to certain specific qualifying conditions in SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended, ("SFAS 133"), a derivative instrument may be designated either as a hedge of the fair value of an asset or liability (fair value hedge), or as a hedge of the variability of cash flows of an asset or liability or forecasted transaction (cash flow hedge). For a derivative instrument qualifying as a fair value hedge, fair value gains or losses on the derivative instrument are reported in net income, together with offsetting fair value gains or losses on the hedged item that are attributable to the risk being hedged. For a derivative instrument qualifying as a cash flow hedge, fair value gains or losses associated with the risk being hedged are reported in other comprehensive income and released to net income in the period(s) in which the effect on net income of the hedged item is recorded. Fair value gains and losses on a derivative instrument not qualifying as a hedge are reported in net income.

Interest rate swaps involve the periodic exchange of payments without the exchange of underlying principal or notional amounts. Net payments are recognized as an adjustment to interest expense. When the swaps are terminated, unrealized gains or losses are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining original term of the hedging instrument or the remaining life of the underlying debt instrument. Such gains or losses are reflected in net interest expense.

Employee Benefit Plans:

The Company accounts for its defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans using actuarial models as required by SFAS No. 87, "Employers' Accounting for Pensions," and SFAS No. 106, "Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions," respectively. These models use an attribution approach that generally spreads individual events over the service lives of the employees in the plan. Examples of "events" are changes in actuarial assumptions such as discount rate, rate of compensation increase and mortality.

Effective December 31, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans — an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106 and 132(R)" ("SFAS 158"), which effectively changed the Company's balance sheet classification and disclosures for such plans. See Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements," and Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," for further detail.

Stock-Based Compensation:

The Company adopted SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), effective January 1, 2006 on a prospective basis in accounting for stock-based compensation. Accordingly, the Company recognizes the employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award as determined by option pricing models. The calculated compensation cost is recognized over the period that the employee is required to provide services per the conditions of the award. See Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements," and Note 20, "Stock-Based and Long-Term Incentive Employee Compensation," for further detail.

Periods prior to 2006 were accounted for using the intrinsic value method of accounting for employee stock options as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APB") No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"), which generally resulted in no compensation cost being recognized because the exercise price of the Company's stock options granted to employees and directors equaled the fair market value of the underlying stock at grant date.

The Company determines the provision for income taxes using the asset and liability approach. Under this approach, deferred income taxes represent the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax basis of assets and liabilities. The Company records a valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets when uncertainty regarding their reliability exists

The Company is required to adopt FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), effective January 1, 2007. See Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements," and Note 7, "Income Taxes," for further detail.

Commitments and Contingencies:

The Company records accruals for commitments and loss contingencies for those which are both probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. In addition, legal fees are accrued when the fees are probable of payment and can be reasonably estimated.

Environmental Remediation Costs:

Accruals for environmental matters are recorded on a site by site basis when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated, based on current law and existing technologies. The Company's estimated liability is reduced to reflect the anticipated participation of other potentially responsible parties in those instances where it is probable that such parties are legally responsible and financially capable of paying their respective shares of the relevant costs. These accruals are adjusted periodically as assessment and remediation efforts progress or as additional technical or legal information becomes available. Actual costs to be incurred at identified sites in future periods may vary from the estimates, given inherent uncertainties in evaluating environmental exposures. Accruals for environmental liabilities are primarily included in other liabilities at undiscounted amounts and exclude claims for recoveries from insurance companies or other third parties. Recoveries from insurance companies or other third parties are included in other assets when it is probable that a claim will be realized.

Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and potentially dilutive common shares, which includes stock options and restricted stock.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are revised as additional information becomes available. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Reclassifications:

Certain amounts in the prior years' consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

On February 21, 2006, the Company effected a two-for-one stock split of its common stock. The financial statements, notes and other references to share and per share data have been restated to reflect the stock split for all periods presented.

NOTE 2

New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS 123R which is a revision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." This statement eliminates the option of using the intrinsic value method of accounting for employee stock options (historically utilized by the Company), which generally resulted in the recognition of no compensation cost because the exercise price of the Company's stock options granted to employees and directors equaled the fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of grant. The provisions of SFAS 123R require the recognition of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the awards as determined by option pricing models. The calculated compensation cost is recognized over the period that the employee is required to provide services per the conditions of the award.

The Company adopted SFAS 123R on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method, which requires the application of the accounting standard as of the first day of the Company's fiscal year 2006. The Company's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006 reflect the impact of SFAS 123R. In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, the Company's consolidated financial statements for prior periods have not been restated to reflect, and do not include, the impact of SFAS 123R. The incremental stock-based employee compensation expense recognized under SFAS 123R for 2006 was \$13.4. See Note 20, "Stock-Based and Long-Term Incentive Employee Compensation," for further detail.

In March 2005, the FASB issued Financial Interpretation No. 47 ("FIN 47"), "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations". FIN 47 requires an entity to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation at the point in time when that liability can be reasonably estimated. The majority of conditional asset retirement obligations incurred by the Company relate to asbestos containing materials that exist in certain owned facilities. The Company adopted FIN 47 in December 2005 which resulted in a charge of \$6.5 net of tax for the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle as a result of recording a conditional asset retirement obligation liability of \$11.2 and the capitalization of asset retirement costs net of depreciation of \$4.7

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections" ("SFAS 154"), which replaces APB No. 20 "Accounting Changes," and SFAS No. 3 "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting and reporting of a change in accounting principle, and applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principles, as well as changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that it does not include specific transition provisions. Specifically, SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior period financial statements, unless it is impracticable to determine the period specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 does not change the transition provisions of any existing pronouncement. SFAS 154 was effective for the Company for all accounting changes and corrections of errors made beginning January 1, 2006. This pronouncement does not have a material affect on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FIN 48 which is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2007. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that the Company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. FIN 48 substantially changes the applicable accounting model and is likely to cause greater volatility in income statements as more items are recognized discretely within income tax expense. The Company is assessing the impact that the adoption of FIN 48 will have on its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company expects the impact of this new interpretation to decrease shareholders' equity approximately \$20 to \$35 inclusive of interest and penalties.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" which is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and for interim periods within those years. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands the related disclosure requirements. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this statement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 158 which is effective for the Company as of December 31, 2006, except for the measurement date provisions, which will be effective the year ending December 31, 2008. This statement requires the Company to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of pension and postretirement benefit plans as an asset or liability in its balance sheet and to recognize changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. In addition, SFAS 158 requires the measurement date, the date at which plan assets and the benefit obligation are measured, to be the Company's fiscal year end, which is consistent with the Company's current practice. SFAS 158 requires the application of its provisions as of the end of the year of initial application with a cumulative effect adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive loss and does not permit retrospective application. The Company's adoption of SFAS 158 as of December 31, 2006 resulted in an after-tax reduction to accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' equity of \$435.0, resulting from a \$284.4 reduction in assets and a \$150.6 increase in liabilities. The incremental impact of adopting SFAS 158 on individual line items in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2006 is as follows:

	Before SFAS 158	Impact of SFAS 158	After SFAS 158	
Assets				
Deferred income tax (liabilities)/assets				
(non-current)	\$ (95.2)	\$ 231.3	\$	136.1
Other intangible assets, net	225.6	(12.4)		213.2
Other assets (non-current)	1,066.5	(503.3)		563.2
Total non-current assets	4,366.7	(284.4)		4,082.3
Total assets	\$ 7,714.4	\$ (284.4)	\$	7,430.0
Liabilities				
Pension and postretirement benefits (current)	\$ _	\$ 68.9	\$	68.9
Total current liabilities	2,690.5	68.9		2,759.4
Pension benefits (non-current)	348.8	(2.2)		346.6
Postretirement benefits other than pensions (non-current)	305.0	83.9		388.9
Total non-current liabilities	1,724.1	81.7		1,805.8
Total liabilities	\$ 4,414.6	\$ 150.6	\$	4,565.2
Shareholders' Equity	 			
Pension and postretirement benefits	\$ (62.3)	\$ (435.0)	\$	(497.3)
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	92.3	(435.0)		(342.7)
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 3,299.8	\$ (435.0)	\$	2,864.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 7,714.4	\$ (284.4)	\$	7,430.0

See Note 19, "Employee Benefit Plans," for additional details.

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position AUG AIR-1, "Accounting for Planned Major Maintenance Activities" which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. This position statement eliminates the accrue-in-advance method of accounting for planned major maintenance activities. We do not expect this pronouncement to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities," ("SFAS 159"). This statement provides the Company the option to elect to carry certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value with change in fair value recorded in earnings. SFAS 159 is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this statement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 3

Acquisitions

2006 Acquisitions

During 2006, the Company spent \$89.5, on acquisitions that it does not believe are material individually or in the aggregate to its results of operations or financial condition. These consistions included:

- A privately held company, included in the Defense Electronics & Services segment, which is a leading provider of semiconductor design services, intellectual property and product. Management believes the technology will help the Company lead the way in providing a new generation of radios for the modern soldier.
- F.B. Leopold Company, included in the Fluid Technology segment, which primarily serves municipal and industrial water and wastewater treatment facilities. Management believes this acquisition will expand the Company's ability to provide pre-treatment filtration technology for surface water, reuse and desalination.
- Sota Corporation, included in our Motion & Flow Control segment, is a manufacturer of fuel boost and override pumps and potable water pumps for aerospace applications. Management believes this acquisition enhances capability and positions them to reach their strategic goals of becoming a Potable Water /Waste Water and Fuel Systems integrator.

The Company has preliminarily assigned value to the assets and liabilities of the 2006 acquisitions, however, the allocations are subject to further refinement. As of December 31, 2006, the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in these transactions of \$53.3 was recorded as goodwill, of which \$14.9, \$29.0 and \$9.4 are reflected in the Defense Electronics & Services, Fluid Technology and Motion & Flow Control segments, respectively. Only the \$9.4 reflected in the Motion & Flow Control segment is deductible for tax purposes.

Intangible asset relating to the acquisitions above totaled \$37.6 at December 31, 2006. This amount includes \$7.9 of customer relationships, \$19.7 of proprietary technology, \$5.1 of trademarks, and \$4.9 of patents and other identifiable intangible assets. These intangible assets are amortized over weighted average lives of 10 years, 8 years, 10 years and 8 years, respectively.

In 2006, the Company had no material changes resulting from the finalization of purchase price allocations related to prior period acquisitions.

2005 Acquisitions

During 2005, the Company spent \$69.0 for acquisitions that it does not believe are material individually or in the aggregate to its results of operations or financial condition. Of this amount, \$29.7 was paid for Phelps, the largest U.S. distributor of products sold under ITT's Flygt brand, within the Fluid Technology segment, for the wastewater pumping and treatment market.

The Company also paid a purchase price adjustment totaling \$28.5 related to the 2004 acquisition of Remote Sensing Systems business ("RSS") and purchased additional shares of WEDECO AG Water Technology ("WEDECO"), a company acquired in 2004, for \$10.8.

In addition, the Company finalized purchase price allocations related to prior period acquisitions, which resulted in an increase of goodwill of \$11.1.

2004 Acquisitions

On August 13, 2004, the Company purchased RSS for \$736.9 in cash. The RSS business is a leading supplier of high resolution satellite imaging systems and information services.

As of December 31, 2006, the excess of the purchase price of RSS over the fair value of net assets acquired of \$640.3 was recorded as goodwill and \$626.0 is deductible for tax purposes. The entire goodwill balance is reflected in the Defense Electronics & Services segment.

Intangible assets of \$124.9 were recorded as part of the acquisition. This balance is comprised of \$120.0 of customer relationships (amortized over 16 years), \$3.4 of maintenance contracts (amortized over 15 years) and \$1.5 of product software (amortized over 10 years).

The Company also spent \$273.1 on additional 2004 acquisitions that it does not believe are material individually or in the aggregate to its results of operations or financial condition. These acquisitions include:

- · WEDECO, the world's largest manufacturer of UV disinfection and ozone oxidation systems, which are alternatives to chlorine treatment.
- Allen Osborne Associates, Inc. "AOA"), a leader in the development of global positioning system receivers for both portable and fixed sites.
- Shanghai Hengtong Purified Water Development Co. Ltd. and Shanghai Hengtong Water Treatment Engineering Co. Ltd., a Shanghai-based producer of reverse-osmosis, membrane and other water treatment systems

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

for the power, pharmaceutical, chemical and manufacturing markets in China.

• Cleghorn Waring and Co. (Pumps) Limited, a distributor of pumps and marine products.

As of December 31, 2006, the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in these transactions of \$262.8 was recorded as goodwill, of which \$256.0, \$3.5 and \$3.3 are reflected in the Fluid Technology, Defense Electronics & Services and Motion & Flow Control segments, respectively.

Intangible assets relating to the acquisitions of WEDECO and AOA, totaled \$60.6 at December 31, 2006. This amount includes \$29.2 of proprietary technology and other identifiable intangible assets (amortized over a weighted average life of 12.3 years), \$19.2 of customer relationships (amortized over 10 years), and \$12.2 of trade names (amortized over 20 years).

During 2004, the Company also finalized purchase price allocations related to prior period acquisitions, which resulted in an increase in goodwill of \$1.5.

NOTE 4

Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges

2006 Restructuring Activities

During 2006, the Company recorded a net restructuring charge of \$51.7 reflecting costs of \$52.7 related to new actions and \$3.8 related to prior year plans, as well as the reversal of \$4.8 of restructuring accruals that management determined would not be required.

Components of 2006 Charge

		2006 Actions											
	Severance	Other Employee- Related Costs		Lease Cancellation & Other Costs		Asset Write-Offs		Total	Planned Position Eliminations	Prior Year Plans Additional Costs		Reversal of Accruals	
Fluid Technology	\$ 17.0	\$	2.8	\$	5.7	\$	1.2	\$ 26.7	441	\$	0.9	\$ (0.9)	
Defense Electronics & Services	3.2		0.1		3.9		_	7.2	113		_	(0.9)	
Motion & Flow Control	11.3		0.1		4.1		1.2	16.7	236		2.8	(3.0)	
Corporate and Other	2.1		_		_		_	2.1	26		0.1	_	
	\$ 33.6	\$	3.0	\$	13.7	\$	2.4	\$ 52.7	816	\$	3.8	\$ (4.8)	

The charges associated with actions announced during 2006 represent a reduction of structural costs in all segments and closure of three facilities in the Fluid Technology segment, two in the Motion & Flow Control segment and one in the Defense Electronics & Services segment. Planned position eliminations total 816, including 427 factory workers, 360 office workers and 29 management employees. The costs attributable to the 2006 plans primarily reflect severance and lease cancellation costs. The costs associated with prior year plans primarily reflect additional severance costs.

2005 Restructuring Activities

During 2005, the Company recorded a net restructuring charge of \$53.9 reflecting costs of \$58.7 related to new actions and costs of \$0.2 related to previous plans, as well as the reversal of \$5.0 of restructuring accruals that management determined would not be required.

Components of 2005 Charge

				2005 F	Actions								
	Severance	Car &	Lease Cancellation & Other Costs						Planned Position tal Eliminations		Prior Year Plans Additional Costs		versal of ccruals
Fluid Technology	\$ 28.8	\$	1.7	\$	1.4	\$ 31.9	466	\$	_	\$	(0.3)		
Motion & Flow Control	25.2		1.1		0.1	26.4	474		0.2		(4.7)		
Corporate and Other	0.4		_		_	0.4	1		_		_		
	\$ 54.4	\$	2.8	\$	1.5	\$ 58.7	941	\$	0.2	\$	(5.0)		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

These charges represent a reduction of structural costs and closure of four facilities in the Fluid Technology segment. In addition, activity in the Motion & Flow Control segment reflected the closure of two facilities and a continued reorganization including workforce reductions, the consolidation of functions, the transfer of functions from France to Holland and the outsourcing of selected functions to Eastern Europe. Planned position eliminations total 941, including 485 factory workers, 402 office workers and 54 management employees.

2004 Restructuring Activities

During 2004, the Company recorded a net restructuring charge of \$29.3 reflecting costs of \$30.2 related to new actions and costs of \$0.1 related to previous plans as well as the reversal of \$1.0 of accruals that management determined would not be required.

Components of 2004 Charge

		2004 Actions																				
		Lease																				
		Cancellation								Plans												
		& Other Asset				Position		Additional	Re	versal of												
	Seve	erance	Costs		Costs		Write-Offs		Write-Offs		Write-Offs		Write-Offs		Write-Offs		Total	Eliminations		Costs	A	ccruals
Fluid Technology	\$	16.6	\$	1.4	\$	0.6	\$ 18.6	19	8 \$	_	\$	(0.5)										
Motion & Flow Control		3.6		5.1		1.1	9.8	39	1	0.1		(0.4)										
Corporate and Other		1.8		_		_	1.8		3	_		(0.1)										
	\$	22.0	\$	6.5	\$	1.7	\$ 30.2	59	2 \$	0.1	\$	(1.0)										

These charges represent a reduction of structural costs and closure of two facilities in the Fluid Technology segment and continued reorganization and a reduction of structural costs in the Motion & Flow Control segment. Planned position eliminations total 592, including 335 factory workers, 246 office workers and 11 management employees.

The following table displays a rollforward of restructuring accruals:

	Fluid	Electronics	& Flow	Corporate	T . 1
	Technology	& Services	Control	and Other	Total
Balance December 31, 2003	\$ 10.7	\$ 0.8	\$ 3.8	\$ 0.8	\$ 16.1
Additional charges for prior year plans	_	_	0.1	_	0.1
Cash payments and other related to prior charges	(9.2)	(0.7)	(2.4)	(0.6)	(12.9)
Reversals of prior charges	(0.5)	_	(0.3)	_	(0.8)
Charges for 2004 actions	18.6	_	9.8	1.8	30.2
Reversal of 2004 charges	_	_	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Cash payments and other related to the 2004 charges	(8.3)	_	(2.9)	(0.8)	(12.0)
Asset write-offs	(0.6)		(1.1)		(1.7)
Balance December 31, 2004	10.7	0.1	6.9	1.1	18.8
Additional charges for prior year plans	_	_	0.2	_	0.2
Cash payments and other related to prior charges	(8.6)	(0.1)	(5.7)	(1.1)	(15.5)
Reversals of prior charges	_	_	(0.8)	_	(0.8)
Charges for 2005 actions	31.9	_	26.4	0.4	58.7
Reversal of 2005 charges	(0.3)	_	(3.9)	_	(4.2)
Cash payments and other related to the 2005 charges	(13.3)	_	(14.1)	(0.2)	(27.6)
Asset write-offs	(1.4)		(0.1)		(1.5)
Balance December 31, 2005	19.0	_	8.9	0.2	28.1
Additional charges for prior year plans	0.9	_	2.8	0.1	3.8
Cash payments and other related to prior charges	(14.1)	_	(8.0)	(0.3)	(22.4)
Reversals of prior charges	(0.7)	_	(2.7)	_	(3.4)
Charges for 2006 actions	26.7	7.2	16.7	2.1	52.7
Reversal of 2006 charges	(0.2)	(0.9)	(0.3)	_	(1.4)
Cash payments and other related to the 2006 charges	(8.0)	(3.0)	(8.9)	(0.5)	(20.4)
Asset write-offs	(1.2)		(1.2)		(2.4)
Balance December 31, 2006	\$ 22.4	\$ 3.3	\$ 7.3	\$ 1.6	\$ 34.6

The accrual balance at December 2006 of \$34.6 includes \$20.2 for severance and \$14.4 for facility carrying costs and other.

Motion

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

The following is a reconciliation of employee position eliminations associated with restructuring activities through 2006:

Planned reductions as of December 31, 2003 for 2003 and prior restructuring programs	67
Planned reductions from 2004 actions	592
Actual reductions January 1 — December 31, 2004	(589)
Planned reductions as of December 31, 2004	70
Planned reductions from 2005 actions	941
Actual reductions January 1 — December 31, 2005	(807)
Planned reductions as of December 31, 2005	204
Planned reductions from 2006 actions	816
Actual reductions, January 1 — December 31, 2006	(750)
Planned reductions as of December 31, 2006	270

As of the end of 2006, all announced planned facility closures have been completed.

NOTE 5

Discontinued Operations

Fluid Handling Systems

In the first quarter of 2006, the Company completed the sale of its automotive brake and fueling tubing and components business ("FHS") to a privately held company for net proceeds of \$187.7 and a gain of \$19.0. The business, which was a component of the Company's Motion & Flow Control segment, manufactures steel and plastic tubing for fuel and brake lines, quick-connects, and serves the transportation industry.

Revenues and operating income for FHS reported in discontinued operations were as follows:

	 Year Ended December 31,					
	 2006	2005			2004	
Revenues (Third Party)	\$ 41.2	\$	417.4	\$	436.7	
Operating income	\$ 2.6	\$	21.6	\$	25.3	

Assets and liabilities of FHS as a component of the Company's discontinued businesses held for sale were as follows:

	December 31, 2005
Receivables, net	\$ 68.9
Inventories, net	23.2
Plant, property and equipment	106.2
Goodwill, net	15.9
Other assets	 22.4
Total assets	\$ 236.6
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 47.4
Other liabilities	 18.0
Total liabilities	\$ 65.4

Richter

During the first quarter of 2006, the Company also completed the sale of its industrial non-metallic lined pumps and valves business ("Richter") to a private equity investor for net proceeds of \$24.8 and a gain of \$22.2. The business, which was a component of the Company's Fluid Technology segment, is a leading manufacturer of pumps and valves for selected segments in the chemical, fine chemical and pharmaceutical industries.

Revenues and operating income for Richter reported in discontinued operations were as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,					
	<u> </u>	2006	2005			2004	
Revenues (Third Party)	\$	2.0	\$	38.4	\$	34.3	
Operating income	\$	0.2	\$	4.9	\$	2.2	

Assets and liabilities of Richter as a component of the Company's discontinued businesses held for sale were as follows:

	 December 31, 2005
Receivables, net	\$ 5.6
Inventories, net	5.6
Plant, property and equipment	4.0
Goodwill, net	4.8
Other assets	 0.3
Total assets	\$ 20.3
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 5.1
Other liabilities	7.4
Total liabilities	\$ 12.5

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Switches

The Company has been preparing the Switches businesses, as previously reported was part of the previous Electronic Components segment, for sale since early 2006. During the third quarter 2006, the Company initiated the solicitation of bids from interested parties and is proceeding with an active program for the sale of these businesses. Accordingly, commencing with the third quarter 2006, the Switches businesses were reported as discontinued operations. The divestiture of the businesses is consistent with the Company's strategy of concentrating its resources in core product areas and de-emphasizing products which are determined to be less strategic to the Company. The Switches businesses produce pushbutton, toggle, slide, DIP, rotary, multi-functional navigation, snap and thumbwheel switches, as well as customized rubber and plastic keypads, customized dome arrays and customized interface control products such as multifunction joysticks control panels. The Switches businesses sell their products to a wide range of customers in the transportation, consumer, telecommunications, medical, and instrumentation market segments.

Revenues and operating income for Switches reported in discontinued operations were as follows:

	 Year Ended December 31,					
	2006	2005		2004		
Revenues (Third Party)	\$ 374.8	\$	348.1	\$	327.6	
Operating income	\$ 30.6	\$	(230.2)	\$	19.6	

Assets and liabilities of Switches businesses as a component of the Company's discontinued businesses held for sale were as follows:

	 December 31,			
	2006		2005	
Receivables, net	\$ 50.9	\$	70.3	
Inventories, net	34.7		38.4	
Property, plant and equipment	54.1		55.0	
Goodwill	21.7		21.8	
Deferred income taxes and accrued tax receivables	19.8		25.3	
Other assets	2.0		6.7	
Total assets	\$ 183.2	\$	217.5	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 63.4	\$	76.0	
Accrued and deferred income taxes	18.0		21.0	
Other liabilities	 15.3		15.4	
Total liabilities	\$ 96.7	\$	112.4	

As of December 31, 2006, the Company's balance sheet included (\$40.1) of cumulative translation loss adjustments related to the Switches businesses.

Automotive

In September of 1998, the Company completed the sales of its automotive Electrical Systems business to Valeo SA for approximately \$1,700 and its Brake and Chassis unit to Continental AG of Germany for approximately \$1,930. These dispositions were treated as discontinued operations. During 2005, the Company finalized an IRS tax settlement that covered the periods from 1998 to 2000 and included the sale of the Electrical Systems business and the Brake and Chassis unit. As a result of this agreement, the Company paid \$100.6 to settle tax matters related to the sale of the automotive business. Remaining tax reserves of \$53.6 relating to this matter were reversed and included in income from discontinued operations.

At December 31, 2006, the Company had automotive discontinued operations accruals of \$32.3 that are primarily related to product recalls of \$7.8, environmental obligations of \$12.7 and employee benefits of \$11.8.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Ending

The following tables display a rollforward of the automotive discontinued operations accruals from January 1, 2004 to December 31, 2006:

Automotive Discontinued Operations Accruals		Beginning Balance January 1, 2004 2004 Spending		2004 Other Activity	Ending Balance December 31, 2004
Accrued expenses	\$	17.7	\$ —	\$ 2.7	\$ 20.4
Environmental		14.2	(0.1)	_	14.1
Income tax		154.2			154.2
Total	<u>\$</u>	186.1	\$ (0.1)	\$ 2.7	\$ 188.7
Automotive Discontinued Operations Accruals		Beginning Balance January 1, 2005	2005 Spending	2005 Other Activity	Ending Balance December 31, 2005
Accrued expenses	\$	20.4	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 20.4
Environmental	Ψ	14.1	(0.1)	ψ — —	14.0
Income tax		154.2	(100.6)	(53.6)	_
Total	\$	188.7	\$ (100.7)	\$ (53.6)	\$ 34.4
Automotive Discontinued Operations Accruals]	eginning 3alance nuary 1, 2006	2006 Spending	2006 Other Activity	Ending Balance December 31, 2006
Accrued expenses	\$	20.4	\$ —	\$ (0.8)	\$ 19.6
Environmental		14.0		(1.3)	12.7
Total	\$	34.4	\$ —	\$ (2.1)	\$ 32.3

NOTE 6

Sales and Revenues and Costs of Sales and Revenues

Sales and revenues and costs of sales and revenues consist of the following:

				ember 31,	
	·	2006		2005	2004
Product sales	\$	6,198.1	\$	5,550.3	\$ 4,746.4
Service revenues		1,609.8		1,490.5	 1,219.1
Total sales and revenues	\$	7,807.9	\$	7,040.8	\$ 5,965.5
Costs of product sales	\$	4,224.5	\$	3,823.0	\$ 3,225.1
Costs of service revenues		1,393.9		1,249.6	 1,072.0
Total costs of sales and revenues	\$	5,618.4	\$	5,072.6	\$ 4,297.1

 $The Defense Electronics \& Services segment comprises \$1,475.4, \$1,352.4 \ and \$1,103.9 \ of total service revenues for 2006, 2005 \ and 2004, respectively, and \$1,288.1, \$1,136.6 \ and \$965.1 \ and \$965.1 \ and \$1,288.1, \$1,103.9 \ of total service revenues for 2006, 2005 \ and 2004, respectively, and \$1,288.1, \$1,136.6 \ and \$965.1 \ and \$1,288.1, \$1,136.6 \ and \$1,288.1, \$1,136.1, \$1,$ of total costs of service revenues, respectively, during the same periods. The Fluid Technology segment comprises the majority of the remaining balances of service revenues and costs of service revenues

The amount of RD&E costs incurred under contracts with customers amounted to \$499.3, \$472.0 and \$470.5 in 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 7

Income Taxes

Income tax data from continuing operations is as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,				
	 2006 2005			2004	
United States and foreign components of income from continuing operations before income taxes					
U.S.	\$ 367.1	\$	398.7	\$	317.9
Foreign	360.2		274.8		245.1
	\$ 727.3	\$	673.5	\$	563.0
Provision (benefit) for income tax					
Current					
U.S. federal	\$ 62.5	\$	106.0	\$	13.5
State and local	7.5		3.7		3.3
Foreign	94.4		75.5		75.2
-	\$ 164.4	\$	185.2	\$	92.0
Deferred					
U.S. federal	\$ 53.2	\$	(44.9)	\$	62.1
State and local	0.6		1.4		(1.9)
Foreign	9.4		3.0		2.6
	63.2		(40.5)		62.8
Total income tax expense	\$ 227.6	\$	144.7	\$	154.8

A reconciliation of the tax provision at the U.S. statutory rate to the effective income tax expense rate as reported is as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,			
	2006	2005	2004	
Tax provision at U.S. statutory rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%	
Foreign tax rate differential	(3.1)	(2.7)	(2.3)	
Effect of repatriation of foreign earnings	(2.4)	· - ·	(2.3) (1.0)	
State and local income tax	0.7	0.8	(0.2)	
Research credit	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.5)	
Tax examinations		(8.3)	(1.8)	
Export sales	(1.1)	(1.0)	(1.9)	
Penalty	2.4	_	_	
Other	0.2	(1.8)	0.2	
Effective income tax expense rate	31.3%	21.5%	27.5%	

Deferred income taxes are established for temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and for tax reporting purposes and carryforwards.

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) include the following:

		December 31,					
	20	006	2	005			
	Deferred Assets	Deferred Liabilities	Deferred Assets	Deferred Liabilities			
Employee benefits	\$ 166.9	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (48.7)			
Accelerated depreciation	_	(46.3)	_	(73.1)			
Accruals	220.2	_	246.5	_			
Uniform capitalization	5.2	_	3.0	_			
Partnership investment	_	(57.5)	_	(57.9)			
Loss carryforwards	117.2	_	42.7	_			
Foreign tax credit	0.1	_	3.8	_			
State credit carryforwards	1.1	_	1.7	_			
Intangibles	_	(123.0)	_	(73.2)			
Other	_	(27.8)	19.2	_			
Subtotal	510.7	(254.6)	316.9	(252.9)			
Valuation allowance	(79.4)	_	(17.1)	_			
	\$ 431.3	\$ (254.6)	\$ 299.8	\$ (252.9)			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

The company's deferred taxes in the consolidated balance sheets consist of the following:

	December 31,		
	2006		2005
Current assets \$	79.8	\$	73.7
Current assets of discontinued operations	12.6		16.7
Non-current assets	136.1		70.8
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	(16.6)		(21.0)
Other current liabilities	(0.2)		(10.0)
Other liabilities	(35.0)		(83.3)
S	176.7	\$	46.9

No provision was made for U.S. taxes payable on accumulated undistributed foreign earnings of certain subsidiaries amounting to approximately \$1,022.1 because these amounts are permanently reinvested. While the amount of federal income taxes, if such earnings are distributed in the future, cannot be determined, such taxes may be reduced by tax credits and other deductions

The Company had net operating losses from some U.S. subsidiaries in the amount of \$26.0 which will begin to expire on December 31, 2020. The Company had state net operating losses of \$1,522.1 which will begin to expire on December 31, 2007. The Company also had net operating losses from some foreign subsidiaries in the amount of \$147.3, which will begin to expire on December 31, 2008.

As of December 31, 2006, a valuation allowance of approximately \$79.4 exists for deferred income tax benefits related to certain U.S. subsidiary state net operating loss carryforwards and certain foreign net operating loss carryforwards that may not be realized. As of December 31, 2005, a valuation allowance of approximately \$17.1 existed for deferred income tax benefits related to certain U.S. subsidiary state net operating loss carryforwards that may not be realized. During 2006, the valuation allowance increased by a total of \$62.3, that resulted as follows: an increase of \$8.4 attributable to foreign net operating loss carryforwards and an increase of \$53.9 attributable to state net operating loss carryforwards which are not expected to be realized.

Shareholders' equity at December 31, 2006 and 2005 reflects tax benefits related to the stock options exercised in 2006 and 2005 of approximately \$23.1 and \$56.9, respectively.

The IRS is currently examining the federal consolidated tax returns of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2001 through December 31, 2003. The IRS has completed its examination of all years through 2000. As of December 31, 2006, the Company believes the accrual for income taxes payable is sufficient to cover potential liabilities arising from these

As discussed fully in Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements", the Company expects the adoption of FIN 48 to result in a decrease to shareholders' equity of approximately \$20.0 to \$35.0 inclusive of interest and penalties.

In addition, the Company has contingent tax obligations in various jurisdictions related to the 1998 dispositions and reorganizations of approximately \$85.0. The Company has determined that payment of this amount is unlikely.

NOTE 8

A reconciliation of the data used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share computations for income from continuing operations is as follows:

		For the Years Ended December 31,							
(Shares in millions)	-	2006		2005	2	2004(1)			
Basic Earnings Per Share									
Income from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$	499.7	\$	528.8	\$	408.2			
Average common shares outstanding		184.3		184.6		184.6			
Basic earnings per share	\$	2.71	\$	2.86	\$	2.21			
Diluted Earnings Per Share									
Income from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$	499.7	\$	528.8	\$	408.2			
Average common shares outstanding		184.3		184.6		184.6			
Add: Impact of stock options and restricted stock		3.1		3.9		4.2			
Average common shares outstanding on a diluted basis	_	187.4		188.5		188.8			
Diluted earnings per share	\$	2.67	\$	2.80	\$	2.16			

⁽¹⁾ Restated for two-for-one stock split effective February 21, 2006.

Options to purchase 806,940 shares of common stock at an average price of \$52.60 per share were outstanding at December 31, 2006 but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS, because the options' exercise prices were greater than the annual average market price of the common shares. These options expire in 2012 and 2013.

Options to purchase 208,000 shares of common stock at an average price of \$52.86 per share were outstanding at December 31, 2005 but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS, because the options' exercise prices were greater than the annual average market price of the common shares. These options expire in 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Options to purchase 255,000 shares of common stock at an average price of \$41.51 per share were outstanding at December 31, 2004 but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS, because the options' exercise prices were greater than the annual average market price of the common shares. These options expire in 2014.

The amount of antidilutive restricted common stock excluded from the computation of diluted EPS for 2006, 2005 and 2004 were insignificant.

NOTE 9

Receivables, Net

Receivables consist of the following:

	 2006		2005		
Trade	\$ 1,225.7	\$	1,086.5		
Other	94.5		145.3		
Less — allowance for doubtful accounts and cash discounts	 (31.3)		(34.1)		
	\$ 1,288.9	\$	1,197.7		

NOTE 10

Inventories, Net

Inventories consist of the following:

	<u>-</u>	2006	2005
Finished goods	\$	203.8	\$ 151.9
Work in process		278.6	265.4
Raw materials		355.5	287.7
Less — progress payments	_	(82.0)	 (82.1)
	S	755.9	\$ 622.9

NOTE 11

Other Current Assets

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, other current assets consist primarily of advance payments on contracts and prepaid expenses.

NOTE 12

Plant, Property and Equipment, Net

Plant, property and equipment consist of the following:

Decemb	er 31,	
2006		2005
\$ 51.3	\$	54.8
495.3		454.0
1,429.0		1,318.0
220.3		211.2
93.4		67.8
 62.7		52.7
2,352.0		2,158.5
 (1,519.0)		(1,376.5)
\$ 833.0	\$	782.0
\$	2006 \$ 51.3 495.3 1,429.0 220.3 93.4 62.7 2,352.0 (1,519.0)	\$ 51.3 \$ 495.3 1,429.0 220.3 93.4 62.7 2,352.0 (1,519.0)

NOTE 13

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The Company follows the provisions of SFAS 142 which requires that goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets be tested for impairment on an annual basis, or more frequently if

The Company completed its annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment tests as of January 1, 2006 and 2005 and concluded that no impairment charges were required as of those dates. In 2006, the Company changed the date of its annual goodwill impairment testing from January 1 to October 1. The selection of October 1 as the annual testing date for the impairment of goodwill is intended to move the testing to a date outside of the Company's annual financial reporting process when its reporting resources are more constrained. The Company believes that this change is to an alternative accounting principle that is preferable under the circumstances. In addition, the Company changed the date of its annual indefinite-lived intangible impairment testing to October 1. Accordingly, both the goodwill impairment and intangible assets tests were performed as of October 1, 2006 and no impairment existed.

December 31

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 by operating segment are as follows:

				Defense	M	otion &			
		Fluid	E	Electronics &		Flow	Cor	porate	
	Te	chnology		Services	C	Control	and	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2005	\$	1,073.9	\$	904.8	\$	239.0	\$	5.0	\$ 2,222.7
Goodwill acquired during the period		17.7		_		_		_	17.7
Other, including foreign currency translation		(50.8)		42.5		(4.8)		_	(13.1)
Balance as of December 31, 2005		1,040.8		947.3		234.2		5.0	2,227.3
Goodwill acquired during the period		30.3		14.9		9.4		_	54.6
Other, including foreign currency translation		52.8		0.1		2.0			54.9
Balance as of December 31, 2006	\$	1,123.9	\$	962.3	\$	245.6	\$	5.0	\$ 2,336.8

Goodwill of \$21.7 as of December 31, 2006 is excluded from the table above and is reflected in current assets of discontinued operations in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2006. This amount relates to the Switches businesses that were reported in discontinued operations beginning in the third quarter of 2006. Goodwill of \$42.5 as of December 31, 2005 is excluded from the table above and is reflected in current assets of discontinued operations in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2005.

Information regarding the Company's other intangible assets follows:

	C	Gross arrying mount		.ccumulated .mortization		Net Intangibles
2005						
Finite-lived intangibles Customer relationships	\$	138.8	\$	(22.6)	\$	116.2
Propietary technology		20.5		(3.2)		17.3
Trademarks		20.5		_		20.5
Patents and other		46.2		(14.5)		31.7
Indefinite-lived intangibles						
Brands and trademarks		8.2		_		8.2
Pension related		17.6				17.6
Balance as of December 31, 2005	\$	251.8	\$	(40.3)	\$	211.5
2006			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Finite-lived intangibles						
Customer relationships	\$	152.2	\$	(41.3)	\$	110.9
Propietary technology		45.7		(6.9)		38.8
Trademarks		26.9		(1.4)		25.5
Patents and other		48.4		(18.6)		29.8
Indefinite-lived Intangibles						
Brands and trademarks		8.2				8.2
Balance as of December 31, 2006	\$	281.4	\$	(68.2)	\$	213.2

Amortization expense related to intangible assets for the 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$26.7, \$21.5 and \$10.4, respectively.

Estimated amortization expense for each of the five succeeding years is as follows:

2007		2008	2009	2010	2011
s	27.4	\$ 24.4	\$ 22.7	\$ 21.1	\$ 21.6

Customer relationships, proprietary technology, trademarks and patents and other are amortized over weighted average lives of 15 years, 11 years, 18 years and 20 years, respectively.

NOTE 14

Other Assets

Other assets consist of the following:

	 Decem	ber 31,	
	 2006		2005
Pension assets and prepaid benefit plan costs	\$ 243.2	\$	688.3
Insurance receivable	164.3		59.8
Other long-term third party receivables - net	60.0		63.9
Capitalized software costs	15.3		13.9
Investments in unconsolidated companies	13.0		8.9
Environmental and employee benefit trusts	7.0		10.8
Other	60.4		48.1
	\$ 563.2	\$	893.7

The Company recorded sales to unconsolidated affiliates during 2006, 2005 and 2004 totaling \$16.0, \$9.7 and \$11.8, respectively. Additionally, the Company purchased \$5.1 of products from unconsolidated affiliates during 2006. For all investments in unconsolidated companies, the Company's exposure is limited to the amount of the investment. All investments accounted for under the cost method represent voting rights interests of less than 20%.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 15

The Company leases certain offices, manufacturing buildings, land, machinery, automobiles, aircraft, computers and other equipment. Such leases expire at various dates and may include renewals and escalations. The Company often pays maintenance, insurance and tax expense related to leased assets. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$85.1, \$81.6 and \$80.3 for 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Future minimum operating lease payments under long-term operating leases as of December 31, 2006 are shown below.

2007	\$ 88.8
2008	72.5
2009	61.1
2010	43.5
2011	36.0
2012 and thereafter	 169.8
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 471.7

This excludes \$6.7 of operating leases associated with the Company's Switches businesses in discontinued operations.

NOTE 16

Debt

Debt consists of the following:

					Decem	ecember 31,	
					2006		2005
Commercial paper				\$	553.3	\$	728.8
Short-term loans					33.3		13.2
Current maturities of long-term debt					10.4		8.9
Notes payable and current maturities of long-	-term debt			\$	597.0	\$	750.9
			Interest				
Long-term debt	Maturi	ty	Rate		2006		2005
Notes and debentures:		2/1/2008	8.875%	\$	13.2	S	13.2
		5/1/2011	6.500%		31.7		31.7
		7/1/2011	7.500%		37.4		37.4
		12/15/2014	4.700%		97.3		107.4
		11/15/2025	7.400%		250.0		250.0
		8/25/2048	(1)		17.3		18.1
Other		2007 — 2014	(2)		13.8		14.6
Deferred gain on interest							
rate swaps					63.9		68.7
Subtotal					524.6		541.1
Less — unamortized discount					(13.8)		(16.2
Long-term debt					510.8		524.9
Less — current maturities					(10.4)		(8.9)
Net long-term debt				\$	500.4	\$	516.0
	enture was 5.31% and 4.35% at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respective te was 5.35% and 5.32% at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.	ly.					
Principal payments required	on long-term debt for the next five years are:						
2007	2008	2009		2010			2011

The weighted average interest rate for short-term borrowings was 5.29% and 4.37% at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The fair value of the Company's short-term loans approximates carrying value. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated based on comparable corporate debt with similar remaining maturities. As of December 31, 2006, the fair value of long-term debt was \$482.5, compared to the fair value of \$506.3 at December 31, 2005. The year-over-year decrease in fair value primarily reflects the impact of a decrease in long-term debt levels and an increase in long-term interest rates.

10.4

The book value of assets pledged as collateral amounted to \$64.4 as of December 31, 2006.

In November 2005, the Company entered into a five-year revolving credit agreement in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.25 billion. The interest rate for borrowings under these agreements is generally based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), plus a spread, which reflects the Company's debt rating. The provisions of this agreement requires that the Company maintain an interest coverage ratio, as defined, of 3.5 times. At December 31, 2006, the Company's coverage ratio was well in excess of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

the minimum requirements. The commitment fee on the revolving credit agreements is 0.08% of the total commitment. The revolving credit agreement serves as backup for the commercial paper program. Borrowing through commercial paper and under the revolving credit agreements may not exceed \$1.25 billion in the aggregate outstanding at any time. At December 31, 2006 commercial

As of December 31, 2006, the Company had a \$97.3 obligation associated with a ten year agreement involving the sale and the subsequent lease back of certain properties. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is required to make annual payments of principal and interest. At the end of the agreement, the Company has the option to repurchase the applicable properties for a nominal fee. This transaction is reflected as debt.

NOTE 17

Cash Flow Information

The change in receivables, inventories, payables and accrued expenses listed on the consolidated statements of cash flows for 2006, 2005 and 2004 consist of the following:

	2	2006	 2005	2	2004
Change in accounts receivable	\$	(61.2)	\$ (183.9)	\$	(22.1)
Change in inventories		(101.4)	(26.2)		(66.3)
Change in accounts payable and accrued expenses		246.4	 120.5		3.7
Change in receivables, inventories, payables and accrued expenses	\$	83.8	\$ (89.6)	\$	(84.7)

NOTE 18

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The nature of the Company's business activities necessarily involves the management of various financial and market risks, including those related to changes in interest rates, currency exchange rates, and commodity prices. The Company uses derivative financial instruments to mitigate or eliminate some of those risks.

The Company's credit risk associated with these derivative contracts is generally limited to the unrealized gain on those contracts with a positive fair market value, reduced by the effects of master netting agreements, should any counterparty fail to perform as contracted. The counterparties to the Company's derivative contracts consist of a number of major, international financial institutions. The Company continually monitors the credit quality of these financial institutions and does not expect non-performance by any counterparty.

A reconciliation of current period changes contained in the accumulated other comprehensive loss component of shareholders' equity is not required as no material activity occurred during 2006, 2005 and 2004. Additional disclosures required by SFAS 133 are presented below.

Hedges of Future Cash Flows

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company had no foreign currency cash flow hedges outstanding. At December 31, 2004, the Company had one foreign currency cash flow hedge outstanding that had no change in value during 2004. There were no changes in the forecasted transactions during the covered period regarding their probability of occurring that would require amounts to be reclassified to earnings.

Hedges of Recognized Assets, Liabilities and Firm Commitments

The Company maintains a multi-currency debt portfolio to fund its operations. The Company, at times, uses interest rate swaps to manage the Company's debt portfolio, the related financing costs and interest rate structure.

During the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company terminated interest rate swaps that were established to manage the interest rate exposure associated with certain long-term debt. The terminated swaps had effectively converted much of the long-term debt mentioned in Note 16, "Debt", from fixed to variable rate borrowings. The fair value of these instruments at the time of termination was \$69.5, which will be accreted into income over the remaining terms of the underlying debt, which mature at various dates through 2025. At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the remaining balance to be accreted into income was \$63.9 and \$68.7, respectively.

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company had foreign currency forward contracts with notional amounts of \$115.4 and \$120.5, respectively, to hedge the value of recognized assets, liabilities and firm commitments. The fair values of the contracts were \$(0.2) loss and \$0.1 gain at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The ineffective portion of changes in fair values of such hedge positions reported as expense in operating income during 2006, 2005 and 2004 amounted to \$(0.3), \$(0.5) and \$(0.4), respectively. There were no amounts excluded from the measure of effectiveness

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

The fair values associated with the foreign currency contracts have been determined using the net position of the contracts and the applicable spot rates and forward rates as of the reporting

NOTE 19

Employee Benefit Plans

As discussed in Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements," the Company adopted SFAS 158 as of December 31, 2006 which requires the application of the provisions of SFAS 158 as of the end of the year of initial application and does not permit retrospective application. As a result, there are certain disclosures within this Note that are different between 2006 and 2005.

Investment and Savings Plans:

The Company sponsors numerous defined contribution savings plans, which allow employees to contribute a portion of their pre-tax and/or after-tax income in accordance with specified guidelines. Several of the plans require the Company to match a percentage of the employee contributions up to certain limits. Matching contributions charged to income amounted to \$35.6, \$32.5 and \$29.3 for the years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Pension Plans:

The Company sponsors numerous defined benefit pension plans. The Company funds employee pension benefits, except in some countries outside the U.S. where funding is not required. In addition to Company sponsored pension plans, certain employees of the Company participate in multi-employer pension plans sponsored by local or national unions. The Company's contribution to such plans amounted to \$1.2, \$1.3 and \$1.2 for 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Postretirement Health and Life Insurance Plans:

The Company provides health care and life insurance benefits for certain eligible retired employees. The Company has pre-funded a portion of the health care and life insurance obligations, where such pre-funding can be accomplished on a tax effective basis.

Changes in the benefit obligations, changes in plan assets, and the weighted-average assumptions for the years ended 2006 and 2005 and the components of net periodic benefit cost and other amounts recognized in other comprehensive loss for the years 2006, 2005 and 2004, were as follows:

$NOTES\ TO\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS - (Continued)\\ (dollars\ in\ millions,\ except\ per\ share\ amounts,\ unless\ otherwise\ stated)$

	Pen	Pension		
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Change in benefit obligation				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 5,142.3	\$ 4,833.3	\$ 766.3	\$ 774.2
Service cost	98.7	90.1	8.0	8.2
Interest cost	284.1	281.1	39.9	43.7
Amendments made during the year/other	0.1	3.9	_	_
Actuarial (gain) loss	(109.7)	235.0	(48.9)	(12.6)
Benefits paid	(304.5)	(298.6)	(44.3)	(47.2)
Liabilities assumed through acquisition/other	4.4	50.0	2.1	_
Effect of currency translation	58.3	(52.5)		
Benefit obligation at end of year	<u>\$ 5,173.7</u>	\$ 5,142.3	\$ 723.1	\$ 766.3
Change in plan assets				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 4,537.9	\$ 4,110.6	\$ 253.0	\$ 235.3
Actual return on plan assets	637.7	554.9	35.5	25.6
Assets assumed through acquisition/other	3.5	37.0	_	_
Employer contributions	126.1	122.5	_	_
Employee contributions	2.8	2.4	_	_
Benefits paid	(283.3)	(271.4)	(4.8)	(7.9)
Effect of currency translation	27.2	(18.1)		
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 5,051.9	\$ 4,537.9	\$ 283.7	\$ 253.0
Funded status	\$ (121.8)	\$ (604.4)	\$ (439.4)	\$ (513.3)
Unrecognized net transition asset(1)		0.1		_
Unrecognized net actuarial (gain) loss ⁽¹⁾		1,054.4		207.4
Unrecognized prior service cost(1)		22.0		0.4
Total unrecognized items(1)		\$ 1,076.5		\$ 207.8
Net accrued benefit cost recognized in the balance sheet		\$ 472.1		\$ (305.5)

⁽¹⁾ With the adoption of SFAS 158 prospectively as of December 31, 2006, these components of the benefit obligation and plan assets which are deferred from being recognized as a component of net periodic benefit cost are no longer recorded in the balance sheet as deferred assets or liabilities, but instead are recognized as a component of shareholders' equity within accumulated other comprehensive loss.

 $Amounts\ recognized\ in\ the\ consolidated\ balance\ sheet\ as\ of\ December\ 31,2006\ in\ accordance\ with\ SFAS\ 158\ consist\ of:$

	Pension			Other Benefits	
Non-current assets	\$	243.2	\$	_	
Current liabilities		(18.4)		(50.5)	
Non-current liabilities		(346.6)		(388.9)	
Funded status	\$	(121.8)	\$	(439.4)	

Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2005 consist of:

]	Pension	Other Benefits
Prepaid benefit cost	\$	688.3	\$ _
Accrued benefit cost		(416.3)	(305.5)
Intangible assets		17.6	_
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		182.5	_
Net amount recognized	\$	472.1	\$ (305.5)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

In 2006, the Company recorded an increase of \$88.9 pre-tax (\$58.1 after-tax) to other comprehensive income to reflect a decrease in the minimum pension liability before the effect of adopting SFAS 158. Upon the adoption of SFAS 158 as of December 31, 2006, the Company recorded a reduction in accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' equity of \$666.3 pre-tax (\$435.0 after-tax) to reflect the cumulative effect of this accounting change. This resulted in an accumulated other comprehensive loss related to pension and postretirement benefit plans pre-tax balance of \$759.9 (\$497.3 after-tax) as of December 31, 2006.

Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss at December 31, 2006 consist of:

	Pension	Benefits			
Net loss	\$ 606.8	\$ 121.3			
Prior service cost	 18.8	 13.0			
	\$ 625.6	\$ 134.3			

The estimated net loss and prior service cost that will be amortized into net periodic benefit cost over the next fiscal year is as follows:

		Pension	Other Benefits		
Net loss	\$	56.8	\$	4.7	
Prior service cost		2.7		2.4	

The accumulated benefit obligation for all defined benefit plans was \$4,867.8 and \$4,832.7 at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Information for pension plans with an accumulated benefit obligation in excess of plan assets:

	_	2006		2005
Projected benefit obligation	\$	477.3	\$	833.5
Accumulated benefit obligation		459.3		779.9
Fair value of plan assets		128.2		428.8

Table of Assumptions:

 $Weighted-average\ assumptions\ used\ to\ determine\ benefit\ obligations\ at\ December\ 31:$

	Pensio	Pension		nefits
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Discount rate	5.87%	5.64%	6.00%	5.50%
Rate of future compensation increase	4 48%	4 44%	4 50%	4 50%

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the years ended December 31:

		Pension			Other Benefits			
	2006	2005	2004	2006	2005	2004		
Discount rate	5.64%	5.94%	6.18%	5.50%	5.75%	6.25%		
Expected return on plan assets	8.88%	8.89%	8.86%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%		
Rate of future compensation increase	4.44%	4.41%	4.42%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%		

Management develops each assumption using relevant Company experience in conjunction with market related data for each individual country in which such plans exist. All assumptions are reviewed periodically with third party actuarial consultants and adjusted as necessary.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost and Other Amounts Recognized in Other Comprehensive Loss:

	Pension			Other Benefits			
	2006	2005	2004	2006	2005	2004	
Net periodic benefit cost							
Service cost	\$ 98.7	\$ 90.1	\$ 85.9	\$ 8.0	\$ 8.2	\$ 6.5	
Interest cost	284.1	281.1	265.3	39.9	43.7	39.2	
Expected return on plan assets	(375.6)	(361.3)	(342.6)	(22.4)	(20.7)	(18.6)	
Amortization of transitional asset	_	0.1	0.1	_	_	_	
Amortization of net actuarial (gain) loss	87.9	66.8	43.1	9.4	14.9	11.4	
Amortization of prior service cost	2.7	4.3	6.7	2.3	(1.3)	(3.8)	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 97.8	\$ 81.1	\$ 58.5	\$ 37.2	\$ 44.8	\$ 34.7	
Effect of curtailments/settlements		0.5	3.3				
Total net periodic benefit cost	\$ 97.8	\$ 81.6	\$ 61.8	\$ 37.2	\$ 44.8	\$ 34.7	
Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in other comprehensive loss							
Minimum pension liability charge/(income)	\$ (88.9)	\$ (617.4)	\$ (119.6)	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>—</u>	
Total charge/(income) recognized in net periodic benefit cost and other comprehensive loss	\$ 8.9	\$ (535.8)	\$ (57.8)	\$ 37.2	\$ 44.8	\$ 34.7	
Plan Assets:							

The pension and welfare benefit plans' assets are comprised of a broad range of domestic and foreign securities, fixed income investments, hedge funds and cash and cash equivalents. The assets of the domestic pension U.S. Master Trust which covers all of the domestic pension plans and the various welfare benefit plan trusts had the following asset allocations:

Pension Plan Assets at			Other Benefits Plan		
	December 31,		Assets at Dec	ember 31,	
Asset Category	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Equity securities	70.7%	69.8%	72.3%	74.4%	
Fixed income securities	10.6	14.3	12.9	13.1	
Hedge funds	18.1	15.8	13.6	11.6	
Cash and other	0.6	0.1	1.2	0.9	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

The strategic asset allocation target for the Company's domestic pension funds apportions 70% to equity investments and 30% to fixed income instruments. The investment in the Company's stock within the U.S. Master Trust approximates 1% in 2006 and 2005.

Contributions:

The Company currently anticipates making contributions to its pension plans in the range of \$65 to \$75 during 2007, of which \$60.6 was made in the first quarter.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Cash Flows:

Estimated Future Benefit Payments

The following benefit payments covering pension and other benefit plans have been projected based on benefits earned to date and the expectation that certain future service will be earned by currently active employees:

	Pension		Other Benefits
2007	\$ 294	.5 \$	51.4
2008 2009 2010	299	.9	52.9
2009	300	.1	53.9
2010	312	6	55.3
2011	32:	.3	56.8
2012 — 2016	1,787	.7	290.5

The assumed rate of future increases in the per capita cost of health care (the health care trend rate) is 8.0% for 2007, decreasing ratably to 5.0% in 2013. Increasing the health care trend rates by one percent per year would have the effect of increasing the benefit obligation by \$45.2 and the aggregate service and interest cost components by \$3.0. A decrease of one percent in the health care trend rate would reduce the benefit obligation by \$37.4 and the aggregate service and interest cost components by \$2.9. To the extent that actual experience differs from the inherent assumptions, the effect will be amortized over the average future service of the covered active employees.

The determination of the assumptions shown in the table above and the discussion of health care trend rates are based on the provisions of the applicable accounting pronouncements, the review of various indices, discussion with our actuaries and the review of competitive surveys in the geographic areas where the plans are sited. Changes in these assumptions would affect the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Effective January 1, 2006, the Medicare Modernization Act ("MMA") provides that companies that elect to provide prescription drug benefits meeting certain requirements to retirees are eligible to receive a subsidy from Medicare. At the end of 2005, the Company determined that a majority of its healthcare plans met the requirements of MMA for the subsidy and filed the applicable application. At December 31, 2005, the Company's actuary estimated that the effect of the MMA was a reduction in the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation of \$41.0. During 2006, the Company has received \$3.6 in payments under MMA.

Other than the effect of the subsidy, there is no expectation that retiree participation will be affected in the short-term given the nature of the Company's healthcare plans.

NOTE 20

Stock-Based and Long-Term Incentive Employee Compensation

At December 31, 2006, the Company has one stock-based employee compensation plan that is issuing new stock options and restricted shares of common stock. The Company has one stock-based employee compensation plan and two stock-based non-employee director's compensation plans that have stock options and restricted shares outstanding, but no further grants will be made under these plans. The Company also has one long-term incentive plan for eligible levels of management.

The Company adopted SFAS 123R as of January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method described in the accounting standard. SFAS 123R requires the cost of stock options issued as equity awards to be measured at fair value on the grant date and recognized in the income statement. The Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2006 reflect the impact of SFAS 123R. In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for prior periods have not been restated to reflect, and do not include, the impact of SFAS 123R.

The total stock-based and long-term incentive employee compensation cost recognized in operating income for 2006, 2005, and 2004 was \$40.2, \$31.1 and \$12.0, respectively. The total tax benefit related thereto was \$14.1, \$10.9 and \$4.2, respectively. Total compensation costs capitalized were immaterial for the periods presented. The incremental stock-based compensation recognized in income from continuing operations under SFAS 123R as compared to the prior accounting policy caused net income for the year ended December 31, 2006 to decrease by \$13.4, and basic and diluted earnings per share to decrease by \$0.07. Cash provided by operating activities decreased and cash provided by financing activities increased by \$16.7 for the year ended December 31, 2006 related to excess tax benefits from stock options.

Stock-based compensation expense recognized in the Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended December 31, 2006 is based on awards ultimately expected to vest. Accordingly, expense has been reduced for estimated forfeitures. SFAS 123R requires forfeitures to be

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. In the Company's proforma information required under SFAS 123R for the periods prior to fiscal 2006, the Company accounted for forfeitures as they occurred.

Stock option awards granted to retirement eligible employees prior to January 1, 2006 were fully vested under the provisions of SFAS 123R on the date of grant but were expensed over the expected service period. Compensation expense for the awards to retirement eligible employees would have otherwise been recognized immediately. As of December 31, 2006, there was \$3.3 of unrecognized compensation expense related to these awards. In 2006, the Company modified its vesting conditions for stock option awards to retirement eligible employees that aligned the vesting period with the service period. The Company will continue to recognize compensation expense for all stock-based awards ratably over the expected service period under the provisions of SFAS 123R.

Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123R, the Company applied APB 25 to account for its stock-based awards. The following table details the effect on net income and diluted net income per share had compensation expense for the employee stock-based awards been recorded for 2005 and 2004 based on the fair value method under SFAS 123R:

	_	2005	_	2004
Net income — as reported for the prior period(1)	\$	359.5	\$	432.3
Add: Stock-based and long-term incentive employee compensation expense, net of tax benefit, included in net income as reported		20.2		7.8
Less: Total stock-based and long-term incentive employee compensation expense, net of tax benefit, that would have been included in net income if the fair value				
method had been applied to all awards(2)(3)		(46.1)	_	(30.0)
Net income, including the effect of stock-based and long-term incentive employee compensation expense ⁽⁴⁾	\$	333.6	\$	410.1
Basic earnings per share:				
As reported for the prior period(1)	\$	1.95	\$	2.34
Including the effect of stock-based and long-term incentive employee compensation expense(4)	\$	1.81	\$	2.22
Diluted earnings per share:				
As reported for the prior period(1)	\$	1.91	\$	2.29
Including the effect of stock-based and long-term incentive employee compensation expense ⁽⁴⁾	\$	1.77	\$	2.17

- Net income and net income per share do not include stock-based compensation expense for employee stock options under SFAS 123R because the Company did not adopt the recognition provisions of SFAS 123R.
- (2) Stock-based compensation expense is calculated based on the pro forma application of SFAS 123R.
 (3) Amount includes total stock-based and long-term incentive employee compensation expense for entities.
- es presented in discontinued operations.
- (4) Net income and net income per share represents pro forma information based on SFAS 123R prior to January 1, 2006.

Stock Option and Restricted Stock Compensation Plans

The Company's stock option and restricted share award incentive plans provide for the awarding of options on common shares and restricted common shares to employees. The options are exercisable over seven to ten-year periods, except in certain instances of death, retirement or disability. Certain options become exercisable upon the earlier of the attainment of specified market price appreciation of the Company's common shares or at six or nine years after the date of grant. Other options become exercisable upon the earlier of the attainment of specified market price appreciation of the Company's common shares or over a three-year period commencing with the date of grant. The exercise price per share is the fair market value of the underlying stock on the date each option is granted. Restricted shares typically vest over a three-year period commencing on the date of grant. The Company makes shares available for the exercise of stock options or the vesting of restricted shares by purchasing shares in the open market or by issuing shares from Treasury. During 2006, the Company had a policy of repurchasing shares on the open market to offset

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

dilutive impact of stock option exercises and stock-based awards to employees. During the fourth quarter of 2006, the Company announced a \$1 billion share repurchase program.

The ITT 2003 Equity Incentive Plan ("2003 Equity Incentive Plan") was approved by shareholders and established in May of 2003. This plan provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and restricted stock units. The number of shares initially available for awards under this plan was 12,200,000. As of December 31, 2006, 3,899,100 net shares were available for future grants. During 2006 and 2005, the Company awarded 440,551 and 104,000 restricted shares, respectively, to employees with weighted average restriction periods of 3.0

The 2003 Equity Incentive Plan replaces the 2002 ITT Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors, the ITT 1996 Restricted Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors and the 1994 ITT Incentive Stock Plan on a prospective basis. All awards granted under these prior plans will continue to vest and be exercisable in accordance with their original terms; however, no future grants will be made from these prior plans.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock option and restricted stock shares as of December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004 and changes during the years then ended is presented below (shares in thousands):

	2006		2	005	20	004
Stock Options	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of year	13,143	\$ 32.88	15,989	\$ 25.92	16,346	\$ 21.32
Granted	604	52.59	3,803	45.85	3,905	37.75
Exercised	(2,582)	27.04	(6,536)	23.33	(3,996)	19.10
Canceled or expired	(568)	31.45	(113)	37.41	(266)	19.33
Outstanding at end of year	10,597	\$ 35.50	13,143	\$ 32.88	15,989	\$ 25.92
Options exercisable at year-end	7,400	\$ 30.62	9,172	\$ 27.37	12,118	\$ 22.15
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during the year		\$ 14.09		\$ 11.21		\$ 10.47

	2006				2003			2004		
Restricted Shares(1)	Shares	A Gra	eighted- verage ant Date ir Value	Shares	A Gr	eighted- Average ant Date air Value	Shares	A Gra	eighted- verage ant Date ir Value	
Outstanding at beginning of year	143	\$	50.29	26	\$	39.46	_	\$	_	
Granted	453		52.62	117		52.72	26		39.46	
Vested	(16)		38.74	_		_	_		_	
Canceled or expired	(12)		52.68	_		_	_		_	
Outstanding at end of year	568	\$	52.42	143	\$	50.29	26	\$	39.46	

⁽¹⁾ The table above excludes 250,000 restricted stock units that were granted at a fair value of \$41.52. The unrecognized compensation cost associated with these units is \$6.1. This cost is expected to be recognized ratably over 3.5 years.

The intrinsic value of options exercised (which is the amount by which the stock price exceeded the exercise price of the options on the date of exercise) during 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$100.8, \$173.7 and \$81.6, respectively. The outstanding restricted shares include 25,716 shares issued to non-employee directors in payment of the annual retainer. This cost is expected to be recognized ratably over a weighted average period of 3.9 years. For 2006, the amount of cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$69.0 with an associated tax benefit realized of \$23.1.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

The following table summarizes information about the Company's stock options at December 31, 2006 (shares and aggregate intrinsic value in thousands):

		Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable				
Range of Exercise Prices	Number	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Number	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value		
\$12.44 – 16.66	784	2.2 years	\$ 15.84	\$ 32,140	784	2.2 years	\$ 15.84	\$ 32,140		
17.41 – 19.78	1,020	3.3 years	18.86	38,724	1,020	3.3 years	18.86	38,724		
25.33 - 26.91	1,091	5.0 years	25.35	34,333	1,091	5.0 years	25.35	34,333		
29.29 - 30.91	1,474	6.0 years	30.89	38,227	1,474	6.0 years	30.89	38,227		
31.81 – 37.92	2,004	7.1 years	37.31	39,091	2,004	7.1 years	37.31	39,091		
38.17 - 45.47	3,416	5.4 years	45.11	39,996	958	5.2 years	45.28	11,050		
47.41 – 57.46	808	6.0 years	52.60	3,411	69	5.6 years	52.73	284		
	10,597			\$ 225,922	7,400			\$ 193,849		

The aggregate intrinsic value in the preceding table represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value, based on the Company's closing stock price of \$56.82 as of December 31, 2006, which would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options as of that date. The total number of in-the-money options exercisable as of December 31, 2006 is 7,397.

As of December 31, 2006, the total number of stock options the Company expects to vest (including those that have already vested) is 10,498. These stock options have a weighted-average exercise price of \$35.39, an aggregate intrinsic value of \$224,929, and a weighted-average remaining contractual life of 5.4 years.

At December 31, 2006, there was \$50.6 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards granted under the stock option and restricted stock plans. This cost is expected to be recognized ratably over a weighted-average period of 1.7 years.

The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the binomial lattice pricing model in 2006 and 2005, and the Black-Scholes option-pricing model in 2004. The following are weighted-average assumptions for 2006, 2005 and 2004:

	2006	2005	2004
Dividend yield	0.84%	0.78%	1.39%
Expected volatility	24.07%	23.09%	25.77%
Expected life	4.8 years	4.6 years	6.0 years
Risk-free rates	4.73%	4.02%	3.71%

Expected volatilities are based on the Company's stock price history, including implied volatilities from traded options on the Company's stock. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise and employee termination behavior within the valuation model. Separate employee groups and option characteristics are considered separately for valuation purposes. The expected life represents an estimate of the period of time options are expected to remain outstanding. The expected life provided above represents the weighted average of expected behavior for certain groups of employees who have historically exhibited different behavior. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of option grant.

Long-Term Incentive Plan

The ITT 1997 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "LTIP"), approved by shareholders in 1997, authorizes performance awards to be made to key employees of the Company. The LTIP is considered a liability plan, under the provisions of SFAS 123R. Accordingly, the Company is required to reassess the fair value of its LTIP awards at the end of each reporting period.

Payment, if any, of target cash awards generally will be made at the end of the applicable three-year performance period and will be based on the Company's performance measured against the total shareholder return performance of other stocks comprising the S&P Industrials Index.

The fair value of each award is calculated on a quarterly basis using Monte Carlo simulations. The three-year volatility of the outstanding awards as of December 31, 2006 was approximately 24%. The number of companies included in the applicable benchmark group range from 324 to 350 for the awards outstanding as of December 31, 2006.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

At December 31, 2006, there was \$18.8 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards granted under the LTIP. This cost is expected to be recognized ratably over a weighted-average period of 1.3 years. The total cash paid to settle the LTIP liability was \$17.2, \$15.7 and \$15.3 during the years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

NOTE 21

Capital Stock

The Company has authority to issue an aggregate of 300,000,000 shares of capital stock, of which 250,000,000 shares have been designated as "Common Stock" having a par value of \$1 per share and 50,000,000 shares have been designated as "Preferred Stock" not having any par or stated value. Of the shares of Preferred Stock, 300,000 shares have initially been designated as eries A Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock" (the "Series A Stock"). Such Series A Stock is issuable pursuant to the provisions of a Rights Agreement dated as of November 1, 1995 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Rights Agent (the "Rights Agreement"). Capitalized terms herein not otherwise defined are as defined in the Rights Agreement.

Through November 1, 2005, the rights issued pursuant to the Rights Agreement (the "Rights") attached to, and traded with, the Common Stock. On November 1, 2005, all outstanding Rights expired in accordance with their terms. The Rights Agreement provided, among other things, that if any person acquired more than 15% of the outstanding Common Stock, the Rights entitled the holders other than the Acquiring Person (or its Affiliates or Associates) to purchase Series A Stock at a significant discount to its market value. The Rights did not become exercisable before they expired

As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, 26,608,305 and 52,829,048 shares of Common Stock were held in Treasury, respectively,

NOTE 22

Commitments and Contingencies

The Company and its subsidiaries are from time to time involved in legal proceedings that are incidental to the operation of their businesses. Some of these proceedings allege damages against the Company relating to environmental liabilities, employment and pension matters, government contract issues and commercial or contractual disputes, sometimes related to acquisitions or divestitures. The Company will continue to vigorously defend itself against all claims. Although the ultimate outcome of any legal matter cannot be predicted with certainty, based on present information including the Company's assessment of the merits of the particular claim, as well as its current reserves and insurance coverage, the Company does not expect that such legal proceedings will have any material adverse impact on the cash flow, results of operations or financial condition of the Company on a consolidated basis in the foreseeable future except as noted below

Environmental:

Accruals for environmental matters are recorded on a site by site basis when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated, based on current law and existing technologies. It is difficult to estimate the total costs of investigation and remediation due to various factors, including incomplete information regarding particular sites and other potentially responsible parties, uncertainty regarding the extent of contamination and the Company's share, if any, of liability for such conditions, the selection of alternative remedies, and changes in clean-up standards. In management's opinion, the total amount accrued and related receivables are appropriate based on existing facts and circumstances. In the event that future remediation expenditures are in excess of amounts accrued, management does not anticipate that they will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows

In the ordinary course of business, and similar to other industrial companies, the Company is subject to extensive and changing federal, state, local, and foreign environmental laws and regulations. The Company has received notice that it is considered a potentially responsible party ("PRP") at a limited number of sites by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") and/or a similar state agency under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund") or its state equivalent. As of December 31, 2006, the Company is responsible, or is alleged to be responsible, for approximately 74 ongoing environmental investigation and remediation sites in various countries. In many of these proceedings, the Company's liability is considered de minimis. At December 31, 2006, the Company's best estimate for environmental liabilities is \$104.5, which approximates the accrual related to the remediation of ground water and soil as well as related legal fees. The low range estimate for its environmental liabilities is \$73.6 and the high range estimate for

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

those liabilities is \$173.8. On an annual basis the Company spends between \$8.0 and \$12.0 on its environmental remediation liabilities. These estimates, and related accruals, are reviewed periodically and updated for progress of investigation and remediation efforts and changes in facts and legal circumstances. Liabilities for environmental expenditures are recorded on an

The Company is involved in an environmental proceeding in Glendale, California relating to the San Fernando Valley aquifer. The Company is one of numerous PRPs who are alleged by the EPA to have contributed to the contamination of the aquifer. In January 1999, the EPA filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Central District of California against the Company and Lockheed Martin Corporation, United States v. ITT Industries, Inc. and Lockheed Martin Corp. CV99-00552 SVW AIJX, to recover costs it incurred in connection with the foregoing. In May 1999, the EPA and the PRPs, including the Company and Lockheed Martin, reached a settlement, embodied in a consent decree, requiring the PRPs to perform additional remedial activities. Pursuant to the settlement, the PRPs, including the Company, have constructed and are funding operation of a water treatment system. The operation of the water treatment system is expected to continue until 2013, at which time a separate allocation for continued operation of the plant is expected. ITT and the other PRPs continue to pay their respective allocated costs of the operation of the water treatment system and the Company does not anticipate a default by any of the PRPs which would increase its allocated share of the liability. Additionally, modification to the allowable hexavalent chromium standard is anticipated, and this change in regulatory standard may result in additional costs for modifications to the water treatment plant. As of December 31, 2006, the Company's accrual for operation of the water treatment plant through 2013 was \$9.1 representing its best estimate; its low estimate for the liability is \$5.7 and its high estimate is \$14.6.

Prior to the 1995 Distribution Agreement (See "Company History and Certain Relationships" within Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a description of the Distribution Agreement), the predecessor ITT Corporation operated a facility in Madison County, Florida from 1968 until 1991. In 1995, elevated levels of contaminants were detected at the site. Since then, TTT has completed the investigation of the site in coordination with state and federal environmental authorities and is in the process of evaluating various remedies. A final remedy for the site has not yet been selected. Currently, the estimated range for the remediation is between \$3.6 and \$17.4. The Company has accrued \$6.2 for this matter, which approximates its best estimate

The Company is involved with a number of PRPs regarding property in the City of Bronson, Michigan operated by a former subsidiary of the predecessor ITT Corporation, Higbie Manufacturing, prior to the time ITT acquired Higbie. The Company and other PRPs are investigating and remediating discharges of industrial waste which occurred as early as the 1930's. The Company's current estimates for its exposure are between \$6.9 and \$14.6. It has an accrual for this matter of \$10.5 which represents its best estimate. The Company does not anticipate a default on the part of the other PRPs. ITT is pursuing legal claims against some other potentially responsible parties for past and future costs.

The Company operated a facility in Rochester, New York called Rochester Form Machine from 1979 — 2003. Rochester Form Machine was a former subsidiary of the predecessor ITT Corporation known as ITT Higbie after ITT acquired Higbie in 1972. In August 2003 the Company, through its subsidiary ITT Fluid Handling Systems entered into an Order on Consent with New York State Department of Environmental Conservation to investigate and remediate facility related impacts to soil, soil vapor and ground water. As of December 31, 2006 the Company's current estimates for this exposure are between \$3.1 and \$11.7. It has an accrual for this matter of \$4.7 which represents its best estimate. The Company will pursue claims against certain other PRPs who may share responsibility for impacts.

In a suit filed in 1991 by the Company, in the California Superior Court, Los Angeles County, ITT Corporation, et al. v. Pacific Indemnity Corporation et al., against its insurers, the Company is seeking recovery of costs it incurred in connection with its environmental liabilities including the four listed above. Discovery, procedural matters, changes in California law, and various appeals have prolonged this case. Currently, the matter is before the California Court of Appeals from a decision by the California Superior Court dismissing certain claims of the Company. The dismissed claims were claims where the costs incurred were solely due to administrative (versus judicial) actions. A hearing is expected in early 2007. In the event the appeal is successful, the Company will pursue the administrative claims against its excess insurers. During the course of the litigation, the Company has negotiated settlements with certain defendant insurance companies and is prepared to pursue its legal remedies where reasonable negotiations are not productive.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

Product Liability and Other Matters:

The Company and its subsidiary Goulds Pumps, Inc. ("Goulds") have been joined as defendants with numerous other industrial companies in product liability lawsuits alleging injury due to asbestos. These claims stem primarily from products sold prior to 1985 that contained a part manufactured by a third party, e.g., a gasket, which allegedly contained asbestos. The asbestos was encapsulated in the gasket (or other) material and was non-friable. In certain other cases, it is alleged that former ITT companies were distributors for other manufacturers' products that may have

Frequently, the plaintiffs are unable to demonstrate any injury or do not identify any ITT or Goulds product as a source of asbestos exposure. During 2006, 2005 and 2004, ITT and Goulds resolved approximately 8,200, 16,000 and 4,200 claims, respectively. Nearly all of these claims were dismissed, with settlement on a small percentage of claims. The average amount of settlement per plaintiff has been nominal and substantially all defense and settlement costs have been covered by insurance. Based upon past claims experience, available insurance coverage, and after consultation with counsel, management believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

The Company is involved in two actions, Cannon Electric, Inc. et al. v. Ace Property & Casualty Company ("ACE") et al. Superior Court, County of Los Angeles, CA., Case No. BC 290354, and Pacific Employers Insurance Company et al., v. ITT Industries, Inc., et al., Supreme Court, County of New York, N.Y., Case No. 03600463. The parties in both cases are seeking an appropriate allocation of responsibility for the Company's historic asbestos liability exposure among its insurers. The California action is filed in the same venue where the Company's environmental insurance recovery litigation has been pending since 1991. The New York action has been stayed in favor of the California suit. ITT and ACE and Nationwide Indemnity have successfully resolved the matter and the Company is working with other parties in the suit to resolve the matter as to those insurers. In addition, Utica National and Goulds are finalizing a coverage in place agreement to allocate the Goulds' asbestos liabilities between insurance policies issued by Utica and those issued by others. The Company is continuing to receive the benefit of insurance payments during the pendency of these proceedings. The Company believes that these actions will not materially affect the availability of its insurance coverage and will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company has been involved in a suit filed in El Paso, Texas, Irwin Bast et al. v. ITT Industries et al., Sup. Ct., El Paso, Texas, C.A. No. 2002-4730. This Complaint, filed by both U.S. and German citizens, alleged that ITT and four other major companies failed to warn the plaintiffs of the dangers associated with exposure to x-ray radiation from radar devices. The Complaint also seeks the certification of a class of similarly injured persons. In September 2006, the Court denied the plaintiffs' motion for class certification and motion to amend the complaint. The court also determined that the plaintiffs failed to identify any persons who had been injured by ITT products and dismissed ITT from the action. In September 2006, the same plaintiff attorneys who filed the El Paso action, filed a companion action in state court in California against the Company, alone, seeking certification of a class of persons who were exposed to ITT radar products but who have not, as yet, exhibited symptoms of injury. The parties have reached a settlement in principle to resolve both matters. The settlement is expected to be finalized in the first quarter of 2007. Management believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows

The Company provides an indemnity to U.S. Silica Company for silica personal injury suits against its former subsidiary Pennsylvania Glass Sand filed prior to September 12, 2005. ITT sold the stock of Pennsylvania Glass Sand to U.S. Silica Company in 1985. The Company's indemnity had been paid in part by its historic product liability carrier, however, in September 2005, the carrier communicated to ITT that it would no longer pay a share of the costs. On October 4, 2005, ITT filed a suit against the insurer, ITT v. Pacific Employers Insurance Co., CA No. 05CV 5223, seeking its defense costs and indemnity from the carrier for Pennsylvania Glass Sand product liabilities. All silica related costs, net of insurance recoveries, are shared pursuant to the Distribution Agreement, See "Company History and Certain Relationships" for a description of the Distribution Agreement, Management believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Our Defense Electronics & Services segment is subject to the export control regulations of the U.S. Department of State and the Department of Commerce. Currently, the U.S. Attorney for the Western District of Virginia is investigating ITT Night Vision's compliance

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

with International Traffic in Arms Regulations. The Company is cooperating with the investigation and with the Government's consent, it conducted its own investigation, utilizing outside counsel. of Night Vision's compliance with the federal laws. Data and information derived from the investigation were shared with the U.S. Attorney. The Company is continuing to assist the Government in its investigation. The Company is in negotiations with the Government to resolve this matter and a settlement is expected in the Spring of 2007. The Company has recorded its best estimate of the liability for this matter, including a charge to net income of \$25 in the fourth quarter of 2006. Management does not believe that any expected payment to the Government and any remedial obligations or corrective actions which the Government is likely to require will have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations, but the settlement may have a material impact on cash flow in the period in which the payment is made.

Guarantees, Indemnities and Warranties

Guarantees & Indemnities:

In September of 1998, the Company completed the sale of its automotive electrical systems business to Valeo SA for approximately \$1,700. As part of the sale, the Company provided Valeo SA with representations and warranties with respect to the operations of the business, including: Conveyance of Title, Employee Benefits, Tax, Product Liability, Product Recall, Contracts, Environmental, Intellectual Property, etc. The Company also indemnified Valeo SA for losses related to a misrepresentation or breach of the representations and warranties. With a few limited exceptions, the indemnity periods within which Valeo SA may assert new claims have expired. Under the terms of the sales contract, the original maximum potential liability to Valeo SA on an undiscounted basis is \$680. However, because of the lapse of time, or the fact that the parties have resolved certain issues, at December 31, 2006, the Company has an accrual of \$7.8 which is its best estimate of the potential exposure.

In September of 1998, the Company completed the sale of its brake and chassis unit to Continental AG for approximately \$1,930. As part of the sale, the Company provided Continental AG with representations and warranties with respect to the operations of that Business, including: Conveyance of Title, Employee Benefits, Tax, Product Liability, Product Recall, Contracts, Environmental, Intellectual Property, etc. The Company also indemnified Continental AG for losses related to a misrepresentation or breach of the representations and warranties. With a few limited exceptions, the indemnity periods within which Continental AG may assert new claims have expired. Under the terms of the sales contract, the original maximum potential liability to Continental AG on an undiscounted basis is \$950. However, because of the lapse of time, or the fact that the parties have resolved certain issues, at December 31, 2006, the Company has an accrual of \$12.7 which is its best estimate of the potential exposure.

Since its incorporation in 1920, the Company has acquired and disposed of numerous entities. The related acquisition and disposition agreements contain various representation and warranty clauses and may provide indemnities for a misrepresentation or breach of the representations and warranties by either party. The indemnities address a variety of subjects; the term and monetary amounts of each such indemnity are defined in the specific agreements and may be affected by various conditions and external factors. Many of the indemnities have expired either by operation of law or as a result of the terms of the agreement. The Company does not have a liability recorded for the historic indemnifications and is not aware of any claims or other information that would give rise to material payments under such indemnities. The Company has separately discussed material indemnities provided within the last ten years.

The Company provided a performance bond guarantee in the amount of \$10.0 related to its real estate development activities in Flagler County, Florida. The Company would be required to perform under this guarantee if certain parties did not satisfy all aspects of the development order, the most significant aspect being the expansion of a bridge. The maximum amount of the undiscounted future payments equals \$10.0. At December 31, 2006, the Company has an accrual related to this matter in the amount of \$10.0.

In December of 2002, the Company entered into a sales-type lease agreement for its corporate aircraft and then leased the aircraft back under an operating lease agreement. The Company has provided, under the agreement, a residual value guarantee to the counterparty in the amount of \$44.8, which is the maximum amount of undiscounted future payments. The Company would have to make payments under the residual value guarantee only if the fair value of the aircraft was less than the residual value guarantee upon termination of the agreement. At December 31, 2006, the Company does not believe that a

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

loss contingency is probable and therefore does not have an accrual recorded in its financial statements.

The Company has a number of individually immaterial guarantees outstanding at December 31, 2006, that may be affected by various conditions and external forces, some of which could require that payments be made under such guarantees. The Company does not believe these payments will have any material adverse impact on the cash flow, results of operations or financial condition of the Company on a consolidated basis in the foreseeable future.

Product Warranties:

The Company warrants numerous products, the terms of which vary widely. In general, the Company warrants its products against defect and specific non-performance. In the automotive businesses, liability for product defects could extend beyond the selling price of the product and could be significant if the defect shuts down production or results in a recall. At December 31, 2006, the Company has product warranty accruals as follows:

Product Warranty Liabilities

				Accruals for	C	Changes in Pre-Existing				
	Beginni	ng Balance	Pr	oduct Warranties		Warranties Including			Ene	ding Balance
	Jani	uary 1,	Iss	ued in the Period		Changes in Estimates	Pa	yments	De	ecember 31,
2006	\$	40.3	\$	30.8	\$	(3.0)	\$	(20.3)	\$	47.8
2005		37.7		27.3		(0.5)		(24.2)		40.3

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 24 **Business Segment Information**

Business segment results have been restated for all periods presented to reflect the consolidation of the Electronic Components segment into the Motion & Flow Control segment.

	Te	Fluid chnology		Defense ectronics & Services		Iotion & Flow Control		Corporate, iminations & Other		Total
2006										
Sales and revenues	\$	3,070.1	\$	3,659.3	\$	1,092.9	\$	(14.4)	\$	7,807.9
Operating income (loss)		370.6		404.3		149.7		(123.6)		801.0
Interest income										25.4
Interest expense										86.2
Miscellaneous expense, net										12.9
Income from continuing operations before income tax expense									\$	727.3
Plant, property and equipment, net		361.1		281.4		185.1		5.4	\$	833.0
Investments in unconsolidated companies		10.5		0.3		_		2.2		13.0
Total assets		2,846.9		2,081.7		860.3		1,641.1		7,430.0
Additions to plant, property and equipment		67.2		60.9		44.3		4.7		177.1
Depreciation		59.3		45.2		39.0		1.4		144.9
Amortization ⁽¹⁾		13.2		26.7		2.6		7.1		49.6
2005										
Sales and revenues	\$	2,799.1	\$	3,224.2	\$	1,030.9	\$	(13.4)	\$	7,040.8
Operating income (loss)		319.6		363.7		133.3		(91.1)		725.5
Interest income										42.7
Interest expense										75.0 19.7
Miscellaneous expense, net									Φ.	
Income from continuing operations before income tax expense									\$	673.5
Plant, property and equipment, net		327.4		266.4		176.2		12.0	\$	782.0
Investments in unconsolidated companies		8.9		_		_		_		8.9
Total assets		2,505.7		1,950.5		788.3		1,827.4		7,071.9
Additions to plant, property and equipment		50.0		65.0		45.8		3.6		164.4
Depreciation		61.3		40.5		39.7		1.9		143.4
Amortization(1)		8.7		15.9		0.4		7.5		32.5
2004										
2004 Sales and revenues	\$	2,560.1	\$	2,414.0	\$	1,003.1	\$	(11.7)	\$	5,965.5
Operating income (loss)	э	283.8	э	2,414.0	Ф	132.4	3	(82.5)	Ф	587.8
Interest income		203.0		254.1		132.4		(02.3)		22.5
Interest expense										50.4
Gain on sale of investments										20.8
Miscellaneous expense, net										17.7
Income from continuing operations before income tax expense									\$	563.0
Plant, property and equipment, net		374.2		218.8		192.9		6.1	\$	792.0
		7.5		210.0		192.9		0.1	Ф	792.0
Investments in unconsolidated companies Total assets		2,544.4		1,717.1		833.4		2,196.4		7,291.3
Additions to plant, property and equipment		53.3		37.4		34.1		2,196.4		126.1
Depreciation		62.1		31.8		39.7		1.1		134.7
Amortization(1)		4.5		4.8		4.3		6.4		20.0
						11.0		0		_0.0

⁽¹⁾ Includes amortization of stock compensation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

	Net Sales and Revenues*						r	Equipment, Net		
		For th	e Years	ars Ended December 31,					December 31,	
	2	2006		2005		2004	20	06	2005	2004
Geographical Information										
United States	\$ 5	5,041.2	\$	4,410.8	5	3,553.8	\$ 45	8.1	\$ 457.4	\$ 417.8
Western Europe	1	1,683.9		1,587.5		1,482.5	31	17.3	286.3	334.6
Asia Pacific		411.2		399.4		356.2	3	31.1	26.2	28.2
Other		671.6		643.1		573.0	2	26.5	12.1	11.4
Total Segments	\$ 7	7,807.9	\$	7,040.8	9	5,965.5	\$ 83	33.0	\$ 782.0	\$ 792.0

Net sales to external customers are attributed to individual regions based upon the destination of product or service delivery.

Sales and revenues by product category, net of intercompany balances, are as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,					
		2006		2005		2004
Pumps & Complementary Products	\$	3,070.1	\$	2,798.7	\$	2,559.6
Defense Products		2,182.5		1,870.6		1,309.2
Defense Services		1,475.4		1,352.4		1,103.9
Connectors		370.1		352.0		361.4
Flow Control		205.4		200.1		194.5
Friction Materials		318.4		292.1		265.6
Marine Products		98.7		84.9		75.6
Shock Absorbers		87.3		90.0		95.7
Total	\$	7,807.9	\$	7,040.8	\$	5,965.5

Defense Electronics & Services had sales and revenues from the United States government of \$3,244.0, \$2,668.3 and \$2,098.2 for 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Apart from the United States government, no other government or commercial customer accounted for 10% or more of sales and revenues for the Company.

Fluid Technology

This segment contains the Company's pump and pumping system businesses, including brands such as Flygt®, Goulds®, Bell & Gossett®, A-C Pump®, Marlow®, Flowtronex®, Lowara®, and Vogel®. The Company is the world's largest pump producer. Businesses within this segment also supply mixers, heat exchangers, engineered valves and related products as well as systems for municipal, industrial, residential, agricultural and commercial applications. The Company goes to market under brand names such as McDonnell & Miller®, Hoffman Specialty™ and ITT Standard® in addition to those mentioned above. Additionally, the Fluid Technology segment produces wastewater aeration and diffuser systems under the brands Sanitaire® and ABJ®, ultraviolet and ozone water disinfection systems under the WEDECO® brand and membrane filtration and bioreactor systems under the ITT Advanced Treatment name. In addition to the above, the Company is also supplying rough filtration, pressure filtration and clarification systems for water and wastewater treatment utilities. This segment comprises approximately 39% of the Company's sales and revenues and approximately 40% of its segment operating income for 2006.

Defense Electronics & Services:

The businesses in this segment are those that directly serve the military and government agencies with products and services. These include air traffic control systems, jamming devices that guard military planes against radar guided missiles, digital combat radios, night vision devices and satellite instruments. Approximately 40% of the sales and revenues in this segment are generated through contracts for technical and support services which the Company provides for the military and other government agencies. Approximately 89%, 83% and 87% of 2006, 2005 and 2004 Defense Electronics & Services sales and revenues, respectively, were to the U.S. government. The Defense Electronics & Services segment comprises about 47% of the Company's sales and revenues and 44% of its segment operating income in 2006.

Motion & Flow Control:

Businesses in the Motion & Flow Control segment produce switches and valves for industrial and aerospace applications, products for the marine and leisure markets under the brands Jabsco®, Rule®, Flojet® and Danforth®, system components for the whirlpool baths, hot tub and spa markets under the HydroAir® brand, specialty shock absorbers under the brand KONI®, brake components for the transportation industry, and connectors used in communications, computing, aerospace and industrial applications marketed under the Cannon® brand. The Motion & Flow Control segment comprises approximately 14% of the Company's sales and revenues and approximately 16% of its segment operating income for 2006.

Corporate and Other:

This primarily includes the operating results and assets of Corporate Headquarters.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 25 Quarterly Results for 2006 and 2005 (unaudited)

2006 \$ 1,791.5 \$ 1 Sales and revenues 1,308.7 1 Costs of sales and revenues 102.9 Income from continuing operations 155.9 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.56 \$ — Basic \$ 0.55 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.85 \$ Net income per share \$ 0.83 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.83 \$ Common stock information price per share range: ** ** High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1	.964.0 \$ 2,413.0 1 134.5 140.9 0.73 \$ 0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	1,437.8 140.4 143.5 0.76 9 0.75 9 0.78 9 0.77 9		\$ \$ \$ \$	7,807.9 5,618.4 499.7 581.1 2.71 2.67 3.15 3.10
Sales and revenues 1,791.5 1 Costs of sales and revenues 1,308.7 1 Income from continuing operations 102.9 Net income 155.9 Income from continuing operations per share 8 0.56 \$ Basic \$ 0.56 \$ </th <th>,413.0 134.5 140.9 0.73 \$ 0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$</th> <th>1,437.8 140.4 143.5 0.76 9 0.75 9 0.78 9 0.77 9</th> <th>1,458.9 121.9 140.8 6 0.66 6 0.65 6 0.76 6 0.75</th> <th>\$ \$ \$ \$</th> <th>5,618.4 499.7 581.1 2.71 2.67 3.15 3.10</th>	,413.0 134.5 140.9 0.73 \$ 0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	1,437.8 140.4 143.5 0.76 9 0.75 9 0.78 9 0.77 9	1,458.9 121.9 140.8 6 0.66 6 0.65 6 0.76 6 0.75	\$ \$ \$ \$	5,618.4 499.7 581.1 2.71 2.67 3.15 3.10
Costs of sales and revenues 1,308.7 1 Income from continuing operations 102.9 Net income 155.9 Income from continuing operations per share 8 — Basic \$ 0.56 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.55 \$ Net income per share 8 0.85 \$ — Basic(a) \$ 0.85 \$ \$ — Diluted \$ 0.85 \$ \$ Common stock information price per share range: High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ <	,413.0 134.5 140.9 0.73 \$ 0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	1,437.8 140.4 143.5 0.76 9 0.75 9 0.78 9 0.77 9	1,458.9 121.9 140.8 6 0.66 6 0.65 6 0.76 6 0.75	\$ \$ \$ \$	5,618.4 499.7 581.1 2.71 2.67 3.15 3.10
Income from continuing operations 102.9 Net income 155.9 Income from continuing operations per share 155.9 Basic \$ 0.56 \$ Diluted \$ 0.55 \$ Net income per share \$ 0.85 \$ Basic(a) \$ 0.85 \$ Diluted \$ 0.85 \$ Common stock information price per share range: *** High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 *** *** Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Income from continuing operations \$ 121.5 *** Net income (loss) \$ 16.5 *** Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66	134.5 140.9 0.73 \$ 0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	140.4 143.5 0.76 9 0.75 9 0.78 9 0.77 9 51.89 9	121.9 140.8 6 0.66 6 0.65 6 0.76 6 0.75 6 57.44	\$ \$ \$	499.7 581.1 2.71 2.67 3.15 3.10
Net income 155.9 Income from continuing operations per share 8 0.56 \$ — Basic \$ 0.55 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.85 \$ Net income per share \$ 0.83 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.83 \$ Common stock information price per share range: *** *** High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 1,230.4 \$ 1 Income from continuing operations \$ 12.5 Net income (loss) \$ 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$	140.9 0.73 \$ 0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	143.5 0.76	140.8 6 0.66 6 0.65 6 0.76 6 0.75 6 57.44	\$ \$ \$	581.1 2.71 2.67 3.15 3.10
Name from continuing operations per share	0.73 \$ 0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 5	0.76	6 0.66 6 0.65 6 0.76 6 0.75	\$ \$ \$	2.71 2.67 3.15 3.10
— Basic \$ 0.56 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.55 \$ Net income per share — Basic(a) \$ 0.85 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.83 \$ * Common stock information price per share range: High \$ 58.73 \$ * * \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ * * * \$	0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	0.75 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	0.65 0.76 0.75 5 57.44	\$ \$ \$	2.67 3.15 3.10
→ Diluted \$ 0.55 \$ Net income per share S 0.85 \$ — Basic(a) \$ 0.85 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.83 \$ Common stock information price per share range: T High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 S 1.684.2 \$ 1 Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 1,230.4 \$ 1 Income from continuing operations \$ 121.5 \$ Net income (loss) \$ 16.5 \$ Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$	0.72 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	0.75 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	0.65 0.76 0.75 5 57.44	\$ \$ \$	2.67 3.15 3.10
Net income per share — Basic(a) \$ 0.85 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.83 \$ Common stock information price per share range: High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 1,230.4 1 Income from continuing operations 121.5 1 Net income (loss) 116.5 1 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$	0.77 \$ 0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	0.78 S 0.77 S 51.89 S	0.76 0.75 5 57.44	\$ \$	3.15 3.10
— Basic(a) \$ 0.85 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.83 \$ Common stock information price per share range: High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 1,230.4 \$ 1 Income from continuing operations \$ 121.5 \$ Net income (loss) \$ 16.5 \$ Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ — Basic \$ 0.64 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$	0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	0.77 S	0.75 5 57.44	\$	3.10
→ Diluted \$ 0.83 \$ Common stock information price per share range: *** *** High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 *** ** Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 1,230.4 1 Income from continuing operations 121.5 ** Net income (loss) 116.5 ** Income from continuing operations per share ** ** — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$	0.75 \$ 57.57 \$	0.77 S	0.75 5 57.44	\$	3.10
Common stock information price per share range: High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 \$ \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Sales and revenues \$ 1,230.4 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 121.5 \$ 1 Income from continuing operations \$ 121.5 \$ 1 Net income (loss) \$ 16.5 \$ 1 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 — Basic \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64	57.57 \$	51.89	5 57.44	\$	
High \$ 58.73 \$ Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 \$ \$ 1.684.2 \$ 1 Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues \$ 121.5 \$ Income from continuing operations \$ 121.5 \$ Net income (loss) \$ 116.5 \$ Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ — Basic \$ 0.64 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$					59 72
Low \$ 49.85 \$ Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Sales and revenues 1,230.4 1 Costs of sales and revenues 121.5 1 Income from continuing operations 116.5 1 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ — Basic \$ 0.64 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$					59 72
Close \$ 56.22 \$ Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues 1,230.4 1 Income from continuing operations 121.5 Net income (loss) 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$			50.43		30./3
Dividends per share \$ 0.11 \$ 2005 Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues 1,230.4 1 Income from continuing operations 121.5 Net income (loss) 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 — Basic \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64	47.33 \$	45.34	00.40	\$	45.34
2005 \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Sales and revenues \$ 1,230.4 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues 1,230.4 \$ 1 Income from continuing operations 121.5 Net income (loss) 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$	49.50 \$	51.27	56.82	\$	56.82
Sales and revenues \$ 1,684.2 \$ 1 Costs of sales and revenues 1,230.4 1 Income from continuing operations 121.5 1 Net income (loss) 116.5 1 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 \$ 0.64 — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 \$ 0.66	0.11 \$	0.11	0.11	\$	0.44
Costs of sales and revenues 1,230.4 1 Income from continuing operations 121.5 Net income (loss) 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 — Basic \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64					
Income from continuing operations 121.5 Net income (loss) 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share \$ 0.66 \$ 0.66 — Basic \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64 — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$ 0.65	,776.5 \$ 1	1,734.6	1,845.5	\$	7,040.8
Net income (loss) 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share 5 — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ 0.64 — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64	,279.4	1,264.2	1,298.6		5,072.6
Net income (loss) 116.5 Income from continuing operations per share 5 — Basic \$ 0.66 \$ 0.64 — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$ 0.64	131.4	153.4	122.5		528.8
— Basic \$ 0.66 \$ — Diluted \$ 0.64 \$	137.7	189.3	(84.0)		359.5
— Diluted \$ 0.64 \$					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.71 \$	0.83	0.66	\$	2.86
Net income (loss) per share	0.70 \$	0.81	0.65	\$	2.80
— Basic(a) \$ 0.63 \$		1.02	(0.46)	\$	1.95
— Diluted(a) \$ 0.62 \$	0.75 \$	1.00	(0.45)	\$	1.91
Common stock information price per share range:	0.75 \$ 0.73 \$				
High \$ 45.88 \$			58.05	\$	58.05
Low \$ 40.24 \$		57.73		\$	40.24
Close \$ 45.12 \$	0.73 \$	57.73 S 48.57 S	47.13		51.41
Dividends per share \$ 0.09 \$	0.73 \$ 49.68 \$			\$	

⁽a) The sum of the quarters' earnings per share does not equal the full year amounts due to rounding.

The above table reflects the range of market prices of the Company's common stock for 2006 and 2005. The prices are as reported in the consolidated transaction reporting system of the New York Stock Exchange, the principal market in which the Company's common stock is traded, under the symbol "TTT". The Company's common stock is listed on the following exchanges: Frankfurt, London, New York, and Euronext.

During the period from January 1, 2007 through January 31, 2007, the high and low reported market prices of the Company's common stock were \$60.26 and \$56.30, respectively. The Company declared dividends of \$0.14 per common share in the first quarter of 2007. There were 23,014 holders of record of the Company's common stock on January 31, 2007.

INDEX TO SCHEDULE

 Valuation and Qualifying Accounts
 Page

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 S-1

SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

(Dollars in Millions)	ance at uary 1	Charged to costs and expenses	Translatio adjustmer		Write-off/ payments/ other	alance at cember 31
Year Ended December 31, 2006						
Trade Receivables — Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 26.9	\$ 8.8	\$ 1	.2	\$ (13.6)	\$ 23.3
Restructuring	28.1	52.7		_	(46.2)	34.6
Year Ended December 31, 2005 Trade Receivables — Allowance for doubtful accounts Restructuring	\$ 24.4 18.8	\$ 8.6 58.7		.4)	\$ (4.7) (49.4)	\$ 26.9 28.1
Restructuring	10.0	30.7			(43.4)	20.1
Year Ended December 31, 2004						
Trade Receivables — Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 19.9	\$ 8.4	\$ 1	.0	\$ (4.9)	\$ 24.4
Restructuring	16.1	30.2		_	(27.5)	18.8

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, and by the undersigned in the capacity indicated.

ITT Corporation (Registrant)

By: /s/ Janice M. Klettner

Janice M. Klettner Chief Accounting Officer (Principal accounting officer)

II-1

February 28, 2007

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Steven R. Loranger Steven R. Loranger (Principal executive officer)	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer and Director	February 28, 2007
/s/ GEORGE E. MINNICH George E. Minnich (Principal financial officer)	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	February 28, 2007
/s/ CURTIS J. CRAWFORD Curtis J. Crawford	Director	February 28, 2007
/s/ Christina A. Gold Christina A. Gold	Director	February 28, 2007
/S/ RALPH F. HAKE Ralph F. Hake	Director	February 28, 2007
/s/ John J. Hamre John J. Hamre	Director	February 28, 2007
/s/ RAYMOND W. LeBoeuf Raymond W. LeBoeuf	Director	February 28, 2007
/s/ Frank T. MacInnis Frank T. MacInnis	Director	February 28, 2007
/s/ Linda S. Sanford Linda S. Sanford	Director	February 28, 2007
/s/ MARKOS I. TAMBAKERAS Markos I. Tambakeras	Director	February 28, 2007

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description	Location
(3)	 (a) ITT Corporation's Articles of Amendment of the Restated Articles of Incorporation, effective as of July 1, 2006 	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(a) of ITT Corporation's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
	(b) ITT Corporation's By-laws, as amended July 11, 2006	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(b) of ITT Corporation's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(4)	Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures	Not required to be filed. The Registrant hereby agrees to file with the Commission a copy of any instrument defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Registrant and its consolidated subsidiaries upon request of the Commission.
(10)	Material contracts	
(10.1)*	Employment Agreement dated as of February 5, 2004 between ITT Industries, Inc. and Edward W. Williams	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of ITT Industries' Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.2)*	Employment Agreement dated as of September 28, 2004 between ITT Industries, Inc. and Steven R. Loranger	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.3)*	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement for Band A Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of ITT Industries' Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.4)*	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement for Band B Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of ITT Industries' Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.5)*	ITT 2003 Equity Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004 and subsequently amended as of December 18, 2006) formerly known as ITT Industries, Inc. 2003 Equity	
	Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Filed Herewith.
(10.6)*	ITT 1997 Long-Term Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004) formerly	
	known as ITT Industries, Inc. 1997 Long-Term Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).

Exhibit Number	<u>D</u> escription	Location
(10.7)*	ITT 1997 Annual Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004) formerly known as ITT Industries, Inc. 1997 Annual Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.8)	1994 ITT Incentive Stock Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004 and subsequently amended as of December 19, 2006) formerly known as 1994 ITT Industries Incentive Stock	
(10.9)*	Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004) ITT Special Senior Executive Severance Pay Plan (amended and restated as of July 13,	Filed Herewith.
(10.9)	2004) formerly known as ITT Industries Special Senior Executive Severance Pay Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.10)*	TITT 1996 Restricted Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004 and subsequently amended as of December 19, 2006) formerly known as ITT Industries 1996 Restricted Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (amended and restated	qualite ended september 50, 2004 (GRV 10. 210220, File 10. 1 5072).
	as of July 13, 2004)	Filed Herewith.
(10.11)*	ITT Enhanced Severance Pay Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004) formerly	
	known as ITT Industries Enhanced Severance Pay Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.12)*	ITT Deferred Compensation Plan (Effective as of January 1, 1995 including amendments	I
	through July 13, 2004) formerly known as ITT Industries Deferred Compensation Plan (Effective as of January 1, 1995 including amendments through July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.13)*	ITT 1997 Annual Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004) formerly	the quarter chaca september 50, 200 i (criterio) 210220, the 1101 1 50/2).
	known as ITT Industries 1997 Annual Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.14)*	ITT Excess Pension Plan IA formerly known as ITT Industries Excess Pension Plan IA	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).

Exhibit Number	Description	Location
(10.15)*	ITT Excess Pension Plan IB formerly known as ITT Industries Excess Pension Plan IB	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.16)*	ITT Excess Pension Plan II (as amended and restated as of July 13, 2004) ITT Industries Excess Pension Plan II formerly known as (as amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.17)*	ITT Excess Savings Plan (as amended and restated as of July 13, 2004) formerly known as ITT Industries Excess Savings Plan (as amended and restated as of July 13, 2004)	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.18)*	ITT Industries Excess Benefit Trust	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.19)	Form of indemnification agreement with directors	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(h) to ITT Industries' Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.20)	Distribution Agreement among ITT Corporation, ITT Destinations, Inc. and ITT Hartford Group, Inc	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 listed under ITT Industries' Form 8-B dated December 20, 1995 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.21)	Intellectual Property License Agreement between and among ITT Corporation, ITT Destinations, Inc. and ITT Hartford Group, Inc	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to ITT Industries' Form 8-B dated December 20, 1995 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.22)	Tax Allocation Agreement among ITT Corporation, ITT Destinations, Inc. and ITT Hartford Group, Inc	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to ITT Industries' Form 8-B dated December 20, 1995 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.23)	Employee Benefit Services and Liability Agreement among ITT Corporation, ITT Destinations, Inc. and ITT Hartford Group, Inc	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to ITT Industries' Form 8-B dated December 20, 1995 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.24)	Five-year Competitive Advance and Revolving Credit Facility Agreement dated as of November 10, 2005	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to ITT Industries' Form 8-K Current Report dated November 10, 2005 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.25)	Agreement with Valeo SA with respect to the sale of the Automotive Electrical Systems Business	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(b) to ITT Industries' Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended September 30, 1998 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).

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Exhibit Number	Description	Location
(10.26)	Agreement with Continental AG with respect to the sale of the Automotive Brakes and	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to ITT Industries' Form 8-K Current
	Chassis Business	Report dated October 13, 1998 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.27)	Participation Agreement among ITT Industries, Rexus L.L.C. (Rexus) and Air Bail S.A.S.	Incorporated by Reference to Exhibits listed under Item 9.01 to ITT Industries
	and RBS Lombard, Inc., as investors, and master lease agreement, lease supplements and	Form 8-K Current Report dated December 20, 2004 (CIK No. 216228, File
	related agreements between Rexus as lessor and ITT Industries, as lessee	No. 1-5672).
(10.28)*	Form of Restricted Stock Award for Non-Employee Directors	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.29)*	Form of Restricted Stock Award for Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.29 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for
		the quarter ended September 30, 2005 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.30)	Amended and Restated 364-day Revolving Credit Agreement	Incorporated by reference to Exhibits 10.1 and 10.2 to ITT Industries'
		Form 8-K dated March 28, 2005 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.31)*	Employment Agreement dated as of May 31, 2005 and effective as of July 1, 2005 between	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for
	ITT Industries, Inc. and George E. Minnich	the quarter ended September 30, 2005. (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.32)*	Separation Agreement dated September 7, 2005 and effective as of September 30, 2005	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to ITT Industries' Form 8-K dated
	between ITT Industries, Inc. and Robert Ayers	September 8, 2005 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.33)	Non-Employee Director Compensation Agreement	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to ITT Industries' Form 8-K Current
		Report dated December 1, 2005 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.34)*	Form of 2006 Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement for Band A Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for
		the quarter ended March 31, 2006 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.35)*	Form of 2006 Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement for Band B Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.35 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for
		the quarter ended March 31, 2006 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).

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Exhibit Number	<u>D</u> escription	Location
(10.36)*	Form of 2006 Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.36 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.37)	Form of 2006 Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement for Non-Employee Directors	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.37 of ITT Industries' Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(10.38)	2002 ITT Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors formerly known as the 2002 ITT Industries, Inc. Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors (as amended on December 19, 2006)	Filed herewith.
(11)	Statement re computation of per share earnings	Not required to be filed.
(12)	Statement re computation of per share earnings Statement re computation of ratios	Filed herewith.
(18)	Letter re change in accounting principles	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 18 of ITT Corporation's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2006. (CIK No. 216228, File No. 1-5672).
(21)	Subsidiaries of the Registrant	Filed herewith.
(22)	Published report regarding matters submitted to vote of security holders	Not required to be filed.
(23.1)	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP	Filed herewith.
(24)	Power of attorney	None.
(31.1)	Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,	
	as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith.
(31.2)	Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith.
(32.1)	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	This Exhibit is intended to be furnished in accordance with Regulation S-K Item 601(b) (32)(ii) and shall not be deemed to be filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference.
(32.2)	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	This Exhibit is intended to be furnished in accordance with Regulation S-K Item 601 (b)(32)(ii) and shall not be deemed to be filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference.

^{*} Management compensatory plan

ITT INDUSTRIES, INC.

2003 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN (AMENDED AND RESTATED AS OF JULY 13, 2004)

ARTICLE 1. ESTABLISHMENT, PURPOSE, AND DURATION

1.1 ESTABLISHMENT. ITT Industries, Inc., an Indiana corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "Company"), establishes an incentive compensation plan to be known as the 2003 Equity Incentive Plan (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan"), as set forth in this document.

The Plan permits the grant of Nonqualified Stock Options, Incentive Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs), Restricted Stock, and Restricted Stock Units.

The Plan shall become effective as of May 13, 2003 (the "Effective Date") and shall remain in effect as provided in Section 1.3 hereof.

- 1.2 PURPOSE OF THE PLAN. The purpose of the Plan is to promote the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders by strengthening the Company's ability to attract and retain Employees of the Company and its Affiliates and members of the Board of Directors upon whose judgment, initiative, and efforts the financial success and growth of the business of the Company largely depend, and to provide an additional incentive for such individuals through share ownership and other rights that promote and recognize the financial success and growth of the Company and create value for shareholders.
- 1.3 DURATION OF THE PLAN. The Plan shall commence as of the Effective Date, as described in Section 1.1 hereof, and shall remain in effect, subject to the right of the Committee to amend or terminate the Plan at any time pursuant to Article 13 hereof, until all Shares subject to it shall have been purchased or acquired according to the Plan's provisions.

ARTICLE 2. DEFINITIONS

Whenever used in the Plan, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below, and when the meaning is intended, the initial letter of the word shall be capitalized.

- 1 "ACCELERATION EVENT" shall be deemed to have occurred as of the first day that any one or more of the following conditions have been satisfied:
 - (a) a report on Schedule 13D shall be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act disclosing that any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act), other than the Company or a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or a Subsidiary, is the Beneficial Owner directly or indirectly of twenty percent (20%) or more of the outstanding Common Stock \$1 par value, of the Company (the "Stock");
 - (b) any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act), other than the Company or a Subsidiary, or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the

Company or a Subsidiary, shall purchase shares pursuant to a tender offer or exchange offer to acquire any Stock of the Company (or securities convertible into Stock) for cash, securities or any other consideration, provided that after consummation of the offer, the person in question is the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of twenty percent (20%) or more of the outstanding Stock of the Company (calculated as provided in paragraph (d) of Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act in the case of rights to acquire Stock);

- (c) the stockholders of the Company shall approve
 - (i) any consolidation, business combination or merger involving the Company, other than a consolidation, business combination or merger involving the Company in which holders of Stock immediately prior to the consolidation, business combination or merger (x) hold fifty percent (50%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company (or the corporation resulting from the merger or consolidation or the parent of such corporation) after the merger and (y) have the same proportionate ownership of common stock of the Company (or the corporation resulting from the merger or consolidation or the parent of such corporation), relative to other holders of Stock immediately prior to the merger, business combination or consolidation, immediately after the merger as immediately before; or
 - (ii) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company;
- (d) there shall have been a change in a majority of the members of the Board within a 12-month period unless the election or nomination for election by the Company's stockholders of each new director during such 12-month period was approved by the vote of two-thirds of the directors then still in office who (x) were directors at the beginning of such 12-month period or (y) whose nomination for election or election as directors was recommended or approved by a majority of the directors who where directors at the beginning of such 12-month period; or
- (e) any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) (other than the Company or a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored by the Company or a Subsidiary) becomes the Beneficial Owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Stock.
- 2.2 "AFFILIATE" shall mean any Subsidiary and any other Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Person specified.
- 2.3 "AWARD" means, individually or collectively, a grant under this Plan of Nonqualified Stock Options, Incentive Stock Options, SARs, Restricted Stock, and Restricted Stock Units.

- 2.4 "AWARD AGREEMENT" means either (i) an agreement entered into by the Company and a Participant setting forth the terms and provisions applicable to Awards granted under this Plan, or (ii) a statement issued by the Company to a Participant describing the terms and conditions of such Award.
- 2.5 "BENEFICIAL OWNER" or "BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Rule 13d-3 of the General Rules and Regulations under the Exchange Act.
- 2.6 "BOARD" OR "BOARD OF DIRECTORS" means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 2.7 "CODE" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time
 to time.
- 2.8 "COMMITTEE" means the Compensation and Personnel Committee of the Board.
- 2.9 "COMPANY" means ITT Industries, Inc., an Indiana corporation, and any successor thereto as provided in Article 15 herein.
- 2.10 "COVERED EMPLOYEE" means a Participant who is a "Covered Employee," as defined in Code Section 162(m) and the regulations promulgated under Code Section 162(m), or any successor statute.
- 2.11 "DIRECTOR" means any individual who is a member of the Board of Directors.
- 2.12 "EMPLOYEE" means any employee of the Company or its Affiliates.
- 2.13 "EXCHANGE ACT" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended from time to time, or any successor act thereto.
- 2.14 "FAIR MARKET VALUE" means a price that is based on the opening, closing, actual, high, low, or average selling prices of a Share on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") or other established stock exchange (or exchanges) on the applicable date, the preceding trading day, the next succeeding trading day, or an average of trading days, as determined by the Committee in its discretion.

Such definition of Fair Market Value shall be specified in the Award Agreement and may differ depending on whether Fair Market Value is in reference to the grant, exercise, vesting, or settlement or payout of an Award. If, however, the accounting standards used to account for equity awards granted to Participants are substantially modified subsequent to the Effective Date of the Plan, the Committee shall have the ability to determine an Award's Fair Market Value based on the relevant facts and circumstances. If Shares are not traded on an established stock exchange, Fair Market Value shall be determined by the Committee based on objective criteria.

2.15 "FREESTANDING SAR" means a SAR that is granted independently of any Options, as described in Article 7 herein.

- 2.16 "GRANT PRICE" means the amount to which the Fair Market Value of a Share is compared pursuant to Section 7.6 to determine the amount of payment that should be made upon exercise of a SAR
- 2.17 "INCENTIVE STOCK OPTION" or "ISO" means an Option that meets the requirements of Code Section 422, or any successor provision, and that is not designated as a Nonqualified Stock Option.
- 2.18 "INSIDER" shall mean an individual who is, on the relevant date, an officer, Director, or more than ten percent (10%) Beneficial Owner of any class of the Company's equity securities that is registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act, as determined by the Board or the Committee in accordance with Section 16 of the Exchange Act.
- 2.19 "NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION" OR "NQSO" means an Option that is not intended to meet the requirements of Code Section 422, or that otherwise does not meet such requirements.
- 2.20 "OPTION" means an Incentive Stock Option or a Nonqualified Stock Option to purchase Shares, as described in Article 6 herein.
- 2.21 "OPTION PRICE" means the price at which a Share may be purchased by a Participant pursuant to an Option.
- 2.22 "PARTICIPANT" means an Employee or Director who has been selected to receive an Award or who has an outstanding Award granted under the Plan.
- 2.23 "PERFORMANCE-BASED COMPENSATION" means an Award that is qualified as Performance-Based Compensation under Code Section 162(m).
- 2.24 "PERFORMANCE MEASURES" means measures as described in Article 9, the attainment of which may determine the amount of payout and/or vesting with respect to Awards.
- 2.25 "PERFORMANCE PERIOD" means the period of time during which the performance goals must be met in order to determine the amount of payout and/or vesting with respect to an Award.
- 2.26 "PERIOD OF RESTRICTION" means the period when Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units are subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture (based on the passage of time, the achievement of performance goals, or upon the occurrence of other events as determined by the Committee, at its discretion) and transfer restrictions, as provided in Article 8 herein.
- 2.27 "PERSON" shall have the meaning given in Section 3(a) (9) of the Exchange Act, as modified and used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) thereof.
- 2.28 "PLAN YEAR" means the fiscal year.
- 2.29 "RESTRICTED STOCK" means an Award granted to a Participant pursuant to Article 8 herein.

- 2.30 "RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT" means an Award granted to a Participant pursuant to Article 8 herein.
- 2.31 "SHARE" means a share of common stock of the Company, \$ 1.00 par value per share.
- 2.32 "STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHT" or "SAR" means an Award granted to a Participant pursuant to Article 7 herein.
- 2.33 "SUBSIDIARY" means any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, or other entity (other than the Company) in an unbroken chain of entities beginning with the Company if each of the entities other than the last entity in the unbroken chain owns at least fifty percent (50%) of the total combined voting power in one of the other entities in such chain.
- 2.34 "TANDEM SAR" means a SAR that is granted in connection with a related Option pursuant to Article 7.

ARTICLE 3. ADMINISTRATION

- 3.1 GENERAL. The Committee shall be responsible for administering the Plan. The Committee may employ attorneys, consultants, accountants, and other persons, and the Committee, the Company, and its officers and Directors shall be entitled to rely upon the advice, opinions, or valuations of any such persons. All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Committee shall be final and binding upon the Participants, the Company, and all other interested persons.
- 3.2 AUTHORITY OF THE COMMITTEE. The Committee shall have full and exclusive discretionary power to interpret the terms and the intent of the Plan and to determine eligibility for Awards and to adopt such rules, regulations, and guidelines for administering the Plan as the Committee may deem necessary or proper. Such authority shall include, but not be limited to, selecting Award recipients, establishing all Award terms and conditions and, subject to Article 13, adopting modifications and amendments to the Plan or any Award Agreement, including without limitation, any that are necessary to comply with the laws of the countries in which the Company and its Affiliates operate.
- 3.3 DELEGATION. The Committee may delegate to one or more of its members or to one or more agents or advisors such administrative duties as it may deem advisable, and the Committee or any person to whom it has delegated duties as aforesaid may employ one or more persons to render advice with respect to any responsibility the Committee or such person may have under the Plan. The Committee may, by resolution, authorize one or more officers of the Company to do one or both of the following: (a) designate Employees and Directors to be recipients of Awards; and (b) determine the size of the Award; provided, however, the Committee shall not delegate such responsibilities to any such officer for Awards granted to an Employee that is considered an elected officer of the Company, or to the extent it would unintentionally cause Performance-Based Compensation to lose its status as such.

4.1 NUMBER OF SHARES AVAILABLE FOR AWARDS. Subject to adjustment as provided in Section 4.2 herein, the number of Shares hereby reserved for issuance to Participants under the Plan shall be six million one hundred thousand (6.100,000).

The number of Shares that may be issued under the Plan for Awards other than Options granted with an Option Price equal to at least Fair Market Value on the date of grant or SARs with a Grant Price equal to at least Fair Market Value on the date of grant shall not exceed one million (1,000,000).

All of the reserved Shares may be used as ISOs.

Any Shares related to Awards which terminate by expiration, forfeiture, cancellation, or otherwise without the issuance of such Shares, are settled in cash in lieu of Shares, or are exchanged with the Committee's permission for Awards not involving Shares, shall be available again for grant under the Plan. Moreover, if the Option Price of an NQSO under the Plan or the tax withholding requirements with respect to any Award (other than an ISO) granted under the Plan are satisfied by tendering Shares to the Company (by either actual delivery or by attestation), or if a SAR is exercised, only the number of Shares issued, net of the Shares tendered, if any, will be deemed delivered for purposes of determining the maximum number of Shares available for delivery under the Plan. The maximum number of Shares available for issuance under the Plan shall not be reduced to reflect any dividends or dividend equivalents that are reinvested into additional Shares or credited as additional Restricted Stock, or Restricted Stock Units. In addition, the Committee, in its discretion, may establish any other appropriate methodology for calculating the number of Shares issued pursuant to the Plan. The Shares available for issuance under the Plan may be authorized and unissued Shares or treasury Shares.

The following limits ("Award Limits") shall apply to Awards:

- (a) OPTIONS: The maximum aggregate number of Shares that may be granted in the form of Options, pursuant to any Award granted in any one Plan Year to any one Participant shall be three hundred thousand (300,000).
- (b) SARS: The maximum number of Shares that may be granted in the form of Stock Appreciation Rights, pursuant to any Award granted in any one Fiscal Year to any one Participant shall be three hundred thousand (300,000).
- (c) RESTRICTED STOCK OR RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS: The maximum aggregate grant with respect to Awards of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units granted in any one Plan Year to any one Participant shall be one hundred fifty thousand (150,000).

4.2 ADJUSTMENTS IN AUTHORIZED SHARES. In the event of any equity restructuring (within the meaning of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004) that causes the per share value of Shares to change, such as a stock dividend, stock split, spin off, rights offering, or recapitalization through a large, nonrecurring cash dividend, the Committee shall cause there to be made an equitable adjustment to (a) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares that may be issued under the Plan or pursuant to any type of Award under the Plan, (b) the Award Limits, (c) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares subject to outstanding Awards and (d) as applicable, the Option Price or Grant Price of any then outstanding Awards. In the event of any other change in corporate structure or capitalization, such as a merger, consolidation, any reorganization (whether or not such reorganization comes within the definition of such term in Section 368 of the Code) or any partial or complete liquidation of the Company, the Committee, in its sole discretion, in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of Participants' rights under the Plan, shall cause there to be made such equitable adjustments described in the foregoing sentence. Any fractional shares resulting from adjustments made pursuant to this Section 4.2 shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes of the Plan.

Except to the extent it would unintentionally cause Performance Based Compensation to fail to qualify for the performance based exception to Code Section 162(m), appropriate adjustments may also be made by the Committee in the terms of any Awards under the Plan to reflect such changes or distributions and to modify any other terms of outstanding Awards on an equitable basis, including modifications of performance goals and changes in the length of Performance Periods. The determination of the Committee as to the foregoing adjustments, if any, shall be conclusive and binding on Participants under the Plan.

Subject to the provisions of Article 12, without affecting the number of Shares reserved or available hereunder, the Committee may authorize the issuance or assumption of benefits under this Plan in connection with any merger, consolidation, acquisition of property or stock, share exchange, amalgamation, reorganization or similar transaction upon such terms and conditions as it may deem appropriate; provided, however, that no such issuance or assumption shall be made without affecting the number of Shares reserved or available hereunder if it would prevent the granting of ISOs under the Plan.

ARTICLE 5. ELIGIBILITY AND PARTICIPATION

- $5.1\ ELIGIBILITY.$ Individuals eligible to participate in this Plan include all Employees and Directors.
- 5.2 ACTUAL PARTICIPATION. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee may, from time to time, select from all eligible individuals, those to whom Awards shall be granted and shall determine the form and amount of each Award.

ARTICLE 6. STOCK OPTIONS

6.1 GRANT OF OPTIONS. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, Options may be granted to Participants in such number, and upon such terms, and at any time and from time to time as shall be determined by the Committee.

ISOs may not be granted following the ten-year (10) anniversary of the Effective Date. ISOs may be granted only to Employees.

6.2 AWARD AGREEMENT. Each Option grant shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall specify the Option Price, the duration of the Option, the number of Shares to which the Option pertains, the conditions upon which an Option shall become vested and exercisable, and such other provisions as the Committee shall determine which are not inconsistent with the

terms of the Plan. The Award Agreement also shall specify whether the Option is intended to be an ISO or an NQSO.

- 6.3 OPTION PRICE. Subject to the following sentence, the Option Price for each grant of an Option under this Plan shall be as determined by the Committee; provided, however, the Option Price shall not be less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date the Option is granted. For Options granted to Participants outside the United States, the Committee, in order to comply with local tax laws and regulations, has the authority to grant Options at a price that is less than the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant
- 6.4 DURATION OF OPTIONS. Each Option granted to a Participant shall expire at such time as the Committee shall determine at the time of grant; provided, however, no Option shall be exercisable later than the tenth (10th) anniversary of its grant.
- 6.5 EXERCISE OF OPTIONS. Options granted under this Article 6 shall be exercisable at such times and be subject to such terms and conditions as the Committee shall in each instance approve, which need not be the same for each grant or for each Participant.
- 6.6 PAYMENT. Options granted under this Article 6 shall be exercised by the delivery of notice of exercise to an agent designated by the Company or by complying with any alternative procedures which may be authorized by the Committee, setting forth the number of Shares with respect to which the Option is to be exercised.

A condition of the issuance of the Shares as to which an Option shall be exercised shall be the payment of the Option Price. The Option Price of any Option shall be payable to the Company in full either: (a) in cash or its equivalent, (b) by tendering (either by actual delivery or attestation) previously acquired Shares having an aggregate Fair Market Value at the time of exercise equal to the Option Price (provided the Shares tendered must have been held by the Participant for at least six (6) months prior to their tender to satisfy the Option Price or have been purchased on the open market), (c) by a combination of (a) and (b), or (d) any other method approved by the Committee in its sole discretion. The Committee shall determine acceptable methods for tendering Shares as payment upon exercise of an Option and may impose such limitations and prohibitions on the use of Shares to exercise an Option as it deems appropriate.

Subject to any governing rules or regulations, as soon as practicable after receipt of written notification of exercise and full payment (including satisfaction of any applicable tax withholding), the Company shall deliver to the Participant evidence of book entry Shares, or upon the Participant's request, Share certificates in an appropriate amount based upon the number of Shares purchased under the Option(s).

Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, all payments under all of the methods indicated above shall be paid in United States dollars.

6.7 RESTRICTIONS ON SHARE TRANSFERABILITY. The Committee may impose such restrictions on any Shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of an Option granted under this Article 6 as it may deem advisable, including, without limitation, restrictions under applicable federal securities

laws, under the requirements of any stock exchange or market upon which such Shares are then listed and/or traded, and under any blue sky or state securities laws applicable to such Shares.

- 6.8 TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT. The impact of a termination of a Participant's employment or service as a Director on an Option's vesting and exercise period shall be determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, in the Participant's Award Agreement, and need not be uniform among Option grants or Participants.
- 6.9 TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTIONS. During his or her lifetime, only the Participant shall have the right to exercise the Options. After the Participant's death, the Participant's estate or beneficiary shall have the right to exercise such Options.
 - (a) INCENTIVE STOCK OPTIONS. No ISO granted under the Plan may be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.
 - (b) NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTIONS. Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Award Agreement, no NQSO granted under this Article 6 may be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.
- 6.10 NOTIFICATION OF DISQUALIFYING DISPOSITION. If any Participant shall make any disposition of Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of an ISO under the circumstances described in Section 421(b) of the Code (relating to certain disqualifying dispositions), such Participant shall notify the Company of such disposition within ten (10) days thereof.

ARTICLE 7. STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS

7.1 GRANT OF SARS. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, SARs may be granted to Participants at any time and from time to time as shall be determined by the Committee. The Committee may grant Freestanding SARs, Tandem SARs, or any combination of these forms of SARs.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Committee shall have complete discretion in determining the number of SARs granted to each Participant and, consistent with the provisions of the Plan, in determining the terms and conditions pertaining to such SARs.

The SAR Grant Price for each grant of a Freestanding SAR shall be determined by the Committee and shall be specified in the Award Agreement. The SAR Grant Price may include (but shall not be limited to) a Grant Price based on one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the date of grant, a Grant Price that is either set at a discount or premium to the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the date of grant, or is indexed to the Fair Market Value of the Shares, with the index determined by the Committee, in its discretion. The Grant Price of Tandem SARs shall be equal to the Option Price of the related Option.

7.2 SAR AGREEMENT. Each SAR Award shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall specify the Grant Price, the term of the SAR, and such other provisions as the Committee shall determine.

- 7.3 TERM OF SAR. Subject to the following sentence, the term of a SAR granted under the Plan shall be determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, provided that, except as determined otherwise by the Committee and specified in the SAR Award Agreement, no SAR shall be exercisable later than the tenth (10th) anniversary of its grant. For SARs granted to Participants outside the United States, the Committee has the authority to grant SARs that have a term greater than ten (10) years.
- 7.4 EXERCISE OF FREESTANDING SARS. Freestanding SARs may be exercised upon whatever terms and conditions the Committee, in its sole discretion, imposes upon them.
- 7.5 EXERCISE OF TANDEM SARS. Tandem SARs may be exercised for all or part of the Shares subject to the related Option upon the surrender of the right to exercise the equivalent portion of the related Option. A Tandem SAR may be exercised only with respect to the Shares for which its related Option is then exercisable.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, with respect to a Tandem SAR granted in connection with an ISO: (a) the Tandem SAR will expire no later than the expiration of the underlying ISO; (b) the value of the payout with respect to the Tandem SAR may be for no more than one hundred percent (100%) of the difference between the Option Price of the underlying ISO and the Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to the underlying ISO at the time the Tandem SAR is exercised; and (c) the Tandem SAR may be exercised only when the Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to the ISO exceeds the Option Price of the ISO.

7.6 PAYMENT OF SAR AMOUNT. Upon the exercise of a SAR, a Participant shall be entitled to receive payment from the Company in an amount determined by multiplying:

- (a) The difference between the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of exercise over the Grant Price; by
- (b) The number of Shares with respect to which the SAR is exercised.

At the discretion of the Committee, the payment upon SAR exercise may be in cash, in Shares of equivalent value, in some combination thereof, or in any other manner approved by the Committee at its sole discretion. The Committee's determination regarding the form of SAR payout shall be set forth in the Award Agreement pertaining to the grant of the SAR.

7.7 TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT. The impact of a termination of a Participant's employment or service as a Director on a SAR's vesting and exercise period shall be determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, in the Participant's Award Agreement, and need not be uniform among SAR grants or Participants.

7.8 NONTRANSFERABILITY OF SARS. Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Award Agreement, no SAR granted under the Plan may be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. Further, except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Award Agreement, all SARs granted to a Participant under the Plan shall be exercisable during his or her lifetime only by such Participant.

7.9 OTHER RESTRICTIONS. The Committee shall impose such other conditions and/or restrictions on any Shares received upon exercise of a SAR granted pursuant to the Plan as it may deem advisable. This includes, but is not limited to, requiring the Participant to hold the Shares received upon exercise of a SAR for a specified period of time.

ARTICLE 8. RESTRICTED STOCK AND RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS

- 8.1 GRANT OF RESTRICTED STOCK OR RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Committee, at any time and from time to time, may grant Shares of Restricted Stock and/or Restricted Stock Units to Participants in such amounts as the Committee shall determine. Restricted Stock Units shall be similar to Restricted Stock except that no Shares are actually awarded to the Participant on the date of grant.
- 8.2 RESTRICTED STOCK OR RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT. Each Restricted Stock and/or Restricted Stock Unit grant shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall specify the Period(s) of Restriction, the number of Shares of Restricted Stock or the number of Restricted Stock Units granted, and such other provisions as the Committee shall determine.
- 8.3 TRANSFERABILITY. Except as provided in this Article 8, the Shares of Restricted Stock and/or Restricted Stock Units granted herein may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated until the end of the applicable Period of Restriction established by the Committee and specified in the Award Agreement (and in the case of Restricted Stock Units until the date of delivery or other payment), or upon earlier satisfaction of any other conditions, as specified by the Committee, in its sole discretion, and set forth in the Award Agreement.
- 8.4 OTHER RESTRICTIONS. The Committee shall impose such other conditions and/or restrictions on any Shares of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units granted pursuant to the Plan as it may deem advisable including, without limitation, a requirement that Participants pay a stipulated purchase price for each Share of Restricted Stock or each Restricted Stock Unit, restrictions based upon the achievement of specific performance goals, time-based restrictions on vesting following the attainment of the performance goals, time-based restrictions, and/or restrictions under applicable federal or state securities laws.
- To the extent deemed appropriate by the Committee, the Company may retain the certificates representing Shares of Restricted Stock in the Company's possession until such time as all conditions and/or restrictions applicable to such Shares have been satisfied or lapse.

Except as otherwise provided in this Article 8, Shares of Restricted Stock covered by each Restricted Stock Award shall become freely transferable by the Participant after all conditions and restrictions applicable to such Shares have been satisfied or lapse (including satisfaction of any applicable tax withholding obligations), and Restricted Stock Units shall be paid in cash, Shares, or a combination of cash and Shares as the Committee, in its sole discretion shall determine.

 $8.5\ VOTING\ RIGHTS.$ To the extent permitted or required by law, as determined by the Committee, Participants holding Shares of Restricted Stock granted hereunder may be granted

the right to exercise full voting rights with respect to those Shares during the Period of Restriction. A Participant shall have no voting rights with respect to any Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder.

8.6 DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS. During the Period of Restriction, Participants holding Shares of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder may, if the Committee so determines, be credited with dividends paid with respect to the underlying Shares or dividend equivalents while they are so held in a manner determined by the Committee in its sole discretion. The Committee may apply any restrictions to the dividends or dividend equivalents that the Committee deems appropriate The Committee, in its sole discretion, may determine the form of payment of dividends or dividend equivalents, including cash, Shares, Restricted Stock, or Restricted Stock

8.7 TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT. The impact of a termination of a Participant's employment or service as a Director on Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Unit vesting and payment shall be determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, in the Participant's Award Agreement, and need not be uniform among Award grants or Participants.

8.8 SECTION 83(b) ELECTION. The Committee may provide in an Award Agreement that the Award of Restricted Stock is conditioned upon the Participant making or refraining from making an election with respect to the Award under Section 83(b) of the Code. If a Participant makes an election pursuant to Section 83(b) of the Code concerning a Restricted Stock Award, the Participant shall be required to file promptly a copy of such election with the Company.

ARTICLE 9. PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Unless and until the Committee proposes for shareholder vote and the shareholders approve a change in the general Performance Measures set forth in this Article 9, the performance goals upon which the payment or vesting of an Award to a Covered Employee that is intended to qualify as Performance-Based Compensation shall be limited to the following Performance Measures:

- (a) Net earnings:
- (b) Earnings per share;
- (c) Net sales growth;
- (d) Net income (before or after taxes);
- (e) Net operating profit;
- (f) Return measures (including, but not limited to, return on assets, capital, equity, or sales);
- (g) Cash flow (including, but not limited to, operating cash flow and free cash flow);
- (h) Cash flow return on capital;

- (i) Earnings before or after taxes, interest, depreciation, and/or amortization;
- (j) Gross or operating margins;
- (k) Productivity ratios;
- Share price (including, but not limited to, growth measures and total shareholder return);
- (m) Expense targets;
- (n) Margins;
- (o) Operating efficiency;
- (p) Customer satisfaction;
- (q) Employee satisfaction metrics;
- (r) Human resources metrics;
- (s) Working capital targets; and
- (t) EVA(R).

Any Performance Measure(s) may be used to measure the performance of the Company or an Affiliate as a whole or any business unit of the Company or an Affiliate or any combination thereof, as the Committee may deem appropriate, or any of the above Performance Measures as compared to the performance of a group of comparator companies, or published or special index that the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate, or the Company may select Performance Measure (1) above as compared to various stock market indices. The Committee also has the authority to provide for accelerated vesting of any Award based on the achievement of performance goals pursuant to the Performance Measures specified in this Article 9.

The Committee may provide in any such Award that any evaluation of performance may include or exclude any of the following events that occurs during a Performance Period: (a) asset write-downs, (b) litigation or claim judgments or settlements, (c) the effect of changes in tax laws, accounting principles, or other laws or provisions affecting reported results, (d) any reorganization and restructuring programs, (e) extraordinary nonrecurring items as described in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30 and/or in management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations appearing in the Company's annual report to shareholders for the applicable year, (f) acquisitions or divestitures, and (g) foreign exchange gains and losses. To the extent such inclusions or exclusions affect Awards to

Covered Employees, they shall be prescribed in a form that meets the requirements of Code Section 162(m) for deductibility.

Awards that are designed to qualify as Performance-Based Compensation, and that are held by Covered Employees, may not be adjusted upward. The Committee shall retain the discretion to adjust such Awards downward.

In the event that applicable tax and/or securities laws change to permit Committee discretion to alter the governing Performance Measures without obtaining shareholder approval of such changes, the Committee shall have sole discretion to make such changes without obtaining shareholder approval.

ARTICLE 10. BENEFICIARY DESIGNATION

Each Participant under the Plan may, from time to time, name any beneficiary or beneficiaries (who may be named contingently or successively) to whom any benefit under the Plan is to be paid in case of his or her death before he or she receives any or all of such benefit. Each such designation shall revoke all prior designations by the same Participant, shall be in a form prescribed by the Committee, and will be effective only when filed by the Participant in writing with the Company during the Participant's lifetime. In the absence of any such designation, benefits remaining unpaid at the Participant's death shall be paid to the Participant's estate.

ARTICLE 11. RIGHTS OF PARTICIPANTS

11.1 EMPLOYMENT. Nothing in the Plan or an Award Agreement shall interfere with or limit in any way the right of the Company and/or its Affiliates to terminate any Participant's employment or service on the Board at any time or for any reason not prohibited by law, nor confer upon any Participant any right to continue his or her employment or service as a director for any specified period of time.

Neither an Award nor any benefits arising under this Plan shall constitute an employment contract with the Company and, accordingly, subject to Article 3 and Section 13.1, this Plan and the benefits hereunder may be terminated at any time in the sole and exclusive discretion of the Committee without giving rise to any liability on the part of the Company, its Affiliates, and/or its Subsidiaries.

- 11.2 PARTICIPATION. No individual shall have the right to be selected to receive an Award under this Plan, or, having been so selected, to be selected to receive a future Award.
- 11.3 RIGHTS AS A SHAREHOLDER. Except as otherwise provided in Section 8 of the Plan or in an Award Agreement, a Participant shall have none of the rights of a shareholder with respect to Shares covered by any Award until the Participant becomes the record holder of such Shares.

ARTICLE 12. ACCELERATION EVENT

The Compensation Committee shall specify in each Participant's Award Agreement the treatment of outstanding Awards upon an Acceleration Event.

- 13.1 AMENDMENT, MODIFICATION, SUSPENSION, AND TERMINATION. Subject to Section 13.3, the Committee may, at any time and from time to time, alter, amend, modify, suspend, or terminate the Plan and any Award Agreement in whole or in part; provided, however, that, without the prior approval of the Company's shareholders, Options issued under the Plan will not be repriced, replaced, or regranted through cancellation, or by lowering the Option Price of a previously granted Option, and no amendment of the Plan shall be made without shareholder approval if shareholder approval is required by law, regulation, or stock exchange rule
- 13.2 ADJUSTMENT OF AWARDS UPON THE OCCURRENCE OF CERTAIN UNUSUAL OR NONRECURRING EVENTS. The Committee may make adjustments in the terms and conditions of, and the criteria included in, Awards in recognition of unusual or nonrecurring events (including, without limitation, the events described in Section 4.2 hereof) affecting the Company or the financial statements of the Company or of changes in applicable laws, regulations, or accounting principles, whenever the Committee determines that such adjustments are appropriate in order to prevent unintended dilution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the Plan. The determination of the Committee as to the foregoing adjustments, if any, shall be conclusive and binding on Participants under the Plan.
- 13.3 AWARDS PREVIOUSLY GRANTED. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, no termination, amendment, suspension, or modification of the Plan or an Award Agreement shall adversely affect in any material way any Award previously granted under the Plan, without the written consent of the Participant holding such Award.

ARTICLE 14. WITHHOLDING

- 14.1 TAX WITHHOLDING. The Company shall have the power and the right to deduct or withhold, or require a Participant to remit to the Company, the minimum statutory amount to satisfy federal, state, and local taxes, domestic or foreign, required by law or regulation to be withheld with respect to any taxable event arising as a result of this Plan.
- 14.2 SHARE WITHHOLDING. With respect to withholding required upon the exercise of Options, or SARs, upon the lapse of restrictions on Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units, or any other taxable event arising as a result of Awards granted hereunder, Participants may elect, subject to the approval of the Committee, to satisfy the withholding requirement, in whole or in part, by having the Company withhold Shares having a Fair Market Value on the date the tax is to be determined equal to the minimum statutory total tax that could be imposed on the transaction. All such elections shall be irrevocable, made in writing, and signed by the Participant, and shall be subject to any restrictions or limitations that the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate.

ARTICLE 15. SUCCESSORS

All obligations of the Company under the Plan with respect to Awards granted hereunder shall be binding on any successor to the Company, whether the existence of such successor is the result

of a direct or indirect purchase, merger, consolidation, or otherwise, of all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company.

ARTICLE 16. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 16.1 FORFEITURE EVENTS. The Committee may specify in an Award Agreement that the Participant's rights, payments, and benefits with respect to an Award shall be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture, or recoupment upon the occurrence of certain specified events, in addition to any otherwise applicable vesting or performance conditions of an Award. Such events shall include, but shall not be limited to, termination of employment for cause, violation of material Company and/or Affiliate policies, breach of noncompetition, confidentiality, or other restrictive covenants that may apply to the Participant, or other conduct by the Participant that is detrimental to the business or reputation of the Company and/or its Affiliates.
- 16.2 LEGEND. The certificates for Shares may include any legend which the Committee deems appropriate to reflect any restrictions on transfer of such Shares.
- 16.3 GENDER AND NUMBER. Except where otherwise indicated by the context, any masculine term used herein also shall include the feminine, the plural shall include the singular, and the singular shall include the plural.
- 16.4 SEVERABILITY. In the event any provision of the Plan shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, the illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining parts of the Plan, and the Plan shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had not been included.
- 16.5 REQUIREMENTS OF LAW. The granting of Awards and the issuance of Shares under the Plan shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules, and regulations, and to such approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required.
- 16.6 SECURITIES LAW COMPLIANCE. With respect to Insiders, transactions under this Plan are intended to comply with all applicable conditions of Rule 16b-3 or its successor under the Exchange Act. To the extent any provision of the Plan or action by the Committee fails to so comply, it shall be deemed null and void, to the extent permitted by law and deemed advisable by the Committee.
- 16.7 REGISTRATION AND LISTING. The Company may use reasonable endeavors to register Shares allotted pursuant to the exercise of an Award with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or to effect compliance with the registration, qualification, and listing requirements of any national securities laws, stock exchange, or automated quotation system.
- 16.8 DELIVERY OF TITLE. The Company shall have no obligation to issue or deliver evidence of title for Shares issued under the Plan prior to:
 - (a) Obtaining any approvals from governmental agencies that the Company determines are necessary or advisable; and

(b) Completion of any registration or other qualification of the Shares under any applicable national or foreign law or ruling of any governmental body that the Company determines to be necessary or advisable.

16.9 INABILITY TO OBTAIN AUTHORITY. The inability of the Company to obtain authority from any regulatory body having jurisdiction, which authority is deemed by the Company's counsel to be necessary to the lawful issuance and sale of any Shares hereunder, shall relieve the Company of any liability in respect of the failure to issue or sell such Shares as to which such requisite authority shall not have been obtained.

16.10 EMPLOYEES BASED OUTSIDE OF THE UNITED STATES. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, in order to comply with the laws in other countries in which the Company and its Affiliates operate or have Employees or Directors, the Committee, in its sole discretion, shall have the power and authority to:

- (a) Determine which Affiliates shall be covered by the Plan;
- (b) Determine which Employees and/or Directors outside the United States are eligible to participate in the Plan;
- (c) Modify the administrative terms and conditions of any Award granted to Employees and/or Directors outside the United States to comply with applicable foreign laws;
- (d) Establish subplans and modify exercise procedures and other terms and procedures, to the extent such actions may be necessary or advisable. Any subplans and modifications to Plan terms and procedures established under this Section 16.10 by the Committee shall be attached to this Plan document as appendices; and
- (e) Take any action, before or after an Award is made, that it deems advisable to obtain approval or comply with any necessary local government regulatory exemptions or approvals.

Notwithstanding the above, the Committee may not take any actions hereunder, and no Awards shall be granted, that would violate the Exchange Act, the Code, any securities law, or governing statute or any other applicable law.

16.11 UNCERTIFICATED SHARES. To the extent that the Plan provides for issuance of certificates to reflect the transfer of Shares, the transfer of such Shares may be effected on a noncertificated basis, to the extent not prohibited by applicable law or the rules of any stock exchange.

16.12 UNFUNDED PLAN. Participants shall have no right, title, or interest whatsoever in or to any investments that the Company may make to aid it in meeting its obligations under the Plan. Nothing contained in the Plan, and no action taken pursuant to its provisions, shall create or be construed to create a trust of any kind, or a fiduciary relationship between the Company and any Participant, beneficiary, legal representative, or any other person. To the extent that any person acquires a right to receive payments from the Company under the Plan, such right shall be no

greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company. All payments to be made hereunder shall be paid from the general funds of the Company and no special or separate fund shall be established and no segregation of assets shall be made to assure payment of such amounts except as expressly set forth in the Plan. The Plan is not subject to ERISA.

16.13 NO FRACTIONAL SHARES. No fractional Shares shall be issued or delivered pursuant to the Plan or any Award. The Committee shall determine whether cash, Awards, or other property shall be issued or paid in lieu of fractional Shares or whether such fractional Shares or any rights thereto shall be forfeited or otherwise eliminated

16.14 RETIREMENT AND WELFARE PLANS. The value of compensation paid under this Plan will not be included as "compensation" for purposes of computing the benefits payable to any participant under the Company's retirement plans (both qualified and non-qualified) or welfare benefit plans unless such other plan expressly provides that such compensation shall be taken into account in computing a participant's benefit.

16.15 GOVERNING LAW. The Plan and each Award Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York, excluding any conflicts or choice of law rule or principle that might otherwise refer construction or interpretation of the Plan to the substantive law of another jurisdiction. Unless otherwise provided in the Award Agreement, recipients of an Award under the Plan are deemed to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of the federal or state courts of New York, to resolve any and all issues that may arise out of or relate to the Plan or any related Award Agreement.

16.16 PLAN APPROVAL. This Plan shall become effective upon adoption of the Plan by the Board or shareholder approval of such Plan, whichever occurs first.

1994 ITT- INDUSTRIES INCENTIVE STOCK PLAN (AS AMENDED AND RESTATED AS OF JULY 13, 2004)

The following is the text of the 1994 ITT Industries Incentive Stock Plan:

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of the 1994 ITT Industries Incentive Stock Plan is to motivate and reward superior performance on the part of employees of ITT Industries and its subsidiaries and to thereby attract and retain employees of superior ability. In addition, the Plan is intended to further opportunities for stock ownership by such employees in order to increase their proprietary interest in ITT Industries and, as a result, their interest in the success of the Company. Awards will be made, in the discretion of the Committee, to Key Employees (including officers and directors who are also employees) whose responsibilities and decisions directly affect the performance of any Participating Company and its subsidiaries. Such incentive awards may consist of stock options, stock appreciation rights payable in stock or cash, performance shares, restricted stock or any combination of the foregoing, as the Committee may determine.

2. DEFINITIONS

When used herein, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

"Acceleration Event" means the occurrence of an event defined in Section 9 of the Plan. $\,$

"Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

"Award" means an award granted to any Key Employee in accordance with the provisions of the Plan in the form of Options, Rights, Performance Shares or Restricted Stock, or any combination of the foregoing.

"Award Agreement" means the written agreement evidencing each ${\sf Award}$ granted to a Key Employee under the Plan.

"Beneficiary" means the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated pursuant to Section 10 to receive the amount, if any, payable under the Plan upon the death of a Key Employee.

"Board means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as now in effect or as hereafter amended. (All citations to sections of the Code are to such sections as they may from time to time be amended or renumbered.)

"Committee" means the Compensation and Personnel Committee of the Board or such other committee as may be designated by the Board to administer the Plan.

"Company" means ITT Industries, Inc. and its successors and assigns.

"Fair Market Value", unless otherwise indicated in the provisions of this Plan, means, as of any date, the composite closing price for one share of Stock on the New York Stock Exchange or, if no sales of Stock have taken place on such date, the composite closing price on the most recent date on which selling prices were quoted, the determination to be made in the discretion of the Committee.

"Incentive Stock Option" means a stock option qualified under Section 422 of the Code. $\,$

"Key Employee" means an employee (including any officer or director who is also an employee) of any Participating Company whose responsibilities and decisions, in the judgment of the Committee, directly affect the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries.

"Limited Stock Appreciation Right" means a stock appreciation right which shall become exercisable automatically upon the occurrence of an Acceleration Event as described in Section 9 of the Plan.

"Option" means an option awarded under Section 5 of the Plan to purchase Stock of the Company, which option may be an Incentive Stock Option or a non-qualified stock option.

"Participating Company" means the Company or any subsidiary or other affiliate of the Company: provided, however, for Incentive Stock Options only, "Participating Company" means the Company or any corporation which at the time such Option is granted qualifies as a "subsidiary" of the Company under Section 425(f) of the Code.

"Performance Share" means a performance share awarded under Section 6 of the Plan.

Plan means the 1994 ITT Industries Incentive Stock Plan, as the same may be amended, administered or interpreted from time to time.

"Plan Year" means the calendar year.

"Retirement" means eligibility to receive immediate retirement benefits under a Participating Company pension plan.

"Restricted Stock" means Stock awarded under Section 7 of the Plan subject to such restrictions as the Committee deems appropriate or desirable.

"Right" means a stock appreciation right awarded in connection with an Option under Section 5 of the Plan. $\,$

"Stock" means the common stock (\$1 par value) of the Company.

"Total Disability" means the complete and permanent inability of a Key Employee to perform all of his or her duties under the terms of his or her employment with any Participating Company, as determined by the Committee upon the basis of such evidence, including independent medical reports and data, as the Committee deems appropriate or necessary.

3. SHARES SUBJECT TO THE PLAN

The aggregate number of shares of Stock which may be awarded under the Plan in any Plan Year shall be subject to an annual limit. The maximum number of shares of Stock for which Awards may be granted under the Plan in each Plan Year shall be 1.5 percent (1.5%) of the total of the issued and outstanding shares of Stock and Treasury Stock as reported in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the fiscal year ending immediately prior to any Plan Year. Any unused portion of the annual limit for any Plan Year shall be carried forward and be made available for awards in succeeding Plan Years.

In addition to the foregoing, in no event shall more than five million (5,000,000) shares of Stock be cumulatively available for Awards of incentive stock options under the Plan, and provided further, that no more than twenty percent (20%) of the total number of shares on a cumulative basis shall be available for restricted stock and performance shares Awards. For any Plan Year, no individual employee may receive an Award of stock options for more than the lesser of (i) ten percent (10%) of the annual limit on available shares applicable to that Plan Year and (ii) 500,000 shares.

Subject to the above limitations, shares of Stock to be issued under the Plan may be made available from the authorized but unissued shares, or shares held by the Company in treasury or from shares purchased in the open market. For the purpose of computing the total number of shares of stock available for Awards under the Plan, there shall be counted against the foregoing limitations the number of shares of Stock which equal the value of performance share Awards, in each case determined as at the dates on which such Awards are granted. If any Awards under the Plan are forfeited, terminated, expire unexercised, are settled in cash in lieu of Stock or are exchanged for other Awards, the shares of Stock which were theretofore subject to such Awards shall again be available for Awards. Further, any shares that are exchanged (either actually or constructively) by optionees as full or partial payment to the Company of the purchase price of shares being acquired through the exercise of a stock option granted under the Plan may be available for subsequent Awards, provided however: that such shares may be awarded only to those participants who are not directors or executive officers (as that term is defined in the rules and regulations under Section 16 of the Exchange Act).

4. GRANT OF AWARDS AND AWARD AGREEMENTS

- (a) Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee shall (i) determine and designate from time to time those Key Employees or groups of Key Employees to whom Awards are to be granted; (ii) determine the form or forms of Award to be granted to any Key Employee; (iii) determine the amount or number of shares of Stock subject to each Award; and (iv) determine the terms and conditions of each Award.
- (b) Each Award granted under the Plan shall be evidenced by a written Award Agreement. Such agreement shall be subject to and incorporate the express terms and conditions, if any, required under the Plan or required by the Committee.

5. STOCK OPTIONS AND RIGHTS

- (a) With respect to Options and Rights, the Committee shall (i) authorize the granting of Incentive Stock Options, non-qualified stock options, or a combination of Incentive Stock Options and non-qualified stock options; (ii) authorize the granting of Rights which may be granted in connection with all or part of any Option granted under this Plan, either concurrently with the grant of the Option or at any time thereafter during the term of the Option; (iii) determine the number of shares of Stock subject to each Option or the number of shares of Stock that shall be used to determine the value of a Right; and (iv) determine the time or times when and the manner in which each Option or Right shall be exercisable and the duration of the exercise period.
- (b) Any option issued hereunder which is intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option shall be subject to such limitations or requirements as may be necessary for the purposes of Section 422 of the Code or any regulations and rulings thereunder to the extent and in such form as determined by the Committee in its discretion.
- (c) Rights may be granted only to Key Employees who may be considered directors or officers of the Company for purposes of Section 16 of the Act.
- (d) The exercise period for a non-qualified stock option and any related Right shall not exceed ten years and two days from the date of grant, and the exercise period for an Incentive Stock Option and any related Right shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant.
- (e) The Option price per share shall be determined by the Committee at the time any Option is granted and shall be not less than the Fair Market Value of one share of Stock on the date the Option is granted.
- (f) No part of any Option or Right may be exercised until the Key Employee who has been granted the Award shall have remained in the employ of a Participating Company for such period after the date of grant as the Committee may specify, if any, and the Committee may further require exercisability in installments; provided, however, the period during which a Right is exercisable shall commence no earlier than six months following the date the Option or Right is granted.
- (g) The purchase price of the shares as to which an Option shall be exercised shall be paid to the Company at the time of exercise either in cash or Stock already owned by the optionee having a total Fair Market Value equal to the purchase price, or a combination of cash and Stock having a total fair market value, as so determined, equal to the purchase price. The Committee shall determine acceptable methods for tendering Stock as payment upon exercise of an Option and may impose such limitations and prohibitions on the use of Stock to exercise an Option as it deems appropriate.
- (h) Unless Section 9 shall provide otherwise, Rights granted to a director or officer shall terminate when such person ceases to be considered a director or officer of the Company subject to Section 16 of the Act.

- (i) In case of termination of employment, the following provisions shall apply:
 - (A) If a Key Employee who has been granted an Option shall die before such Option has expired, his or her Option may be exercised in full by the person or persons to whom the Key Employee's rights under the Option pass by will, or if no such person has such right, by his or her executors or administrators, at any time, or from time to time, within five years after the date of the Key Employee's death or within such other period, and subject to such terms and conditions as the Committee may specify, but not later than the expiration date specified in Section 5(d) above.
 - (B) Except as provided below, if the Key Employee's employment by any Participating Company terminates because of his or her Retirement or Total Disability, he or she may exercise his or her Options in full at any time, or from time to time, within five years after the date of the termination of his or her employment or within such other period, and subject to such terms and conditions, as the Committee may specify, but not later than the expiration date specified in Section 5(d) above. Any such Options that are not fully exercisable immediately prior to such optionee's Retirement or Total Disability shall become fully exercisable upon such Retirement or Total Disability; however, in the event that the Key Employees employment by any Participating Company terminates because of his or her voluntary Retirement under circumstances which do not involve a severance or termination arrangement as determined by the Company, all Options awarded to such Key Employee within the twelve month period prior to such termination shall be forfeited and shall no longer be exercisable. The Committee may, however, in unusual circumstances and in its sole discretion, determine otherwise with respect to any matter covered by this Section 5(i)(B).
 - (C) Except as provided in Section 9, if the Key Employee shall voluntarily resign before eligibility for Retirement or he or she is terminated for cause as determined by the Committee, the Options or Rights shall be cancelled coincident with the effective date of the termination of employment.
 - (D) If the Key Employee's employment terminates for any other reason, he or she may exercise his or her Options, to the extent that he or she shall have been entitled to do so at the date of the termination of his or her employment, at any time, or from time to time, within three months after the date of the termination of his or her employment or within such other period, and subject to such terms and conditions as the Committee may specify, but not later than the expiration date specified in Section 5(d) above.
- (j) No Option or Right granted under the Plan shall be transferable other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. During the lifetime of the optionee, an Option or Right shall be exercisable only by the Key Employee to whom the Option or Right is granted.
- (k) With respect to an Incentive Stock Option, the Committee shall specify such terms and provisions as the Committee may determine to be necessary or desirable in order to qualify such Option as an "incentive stock option" within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code.
 - (1) With respect to the exercisability and settlement of Rights:

- (i) Upon exercise of a Right, the Key Employee shall be entitled, subject to such terms and conditions the Committee may specify, to receive upon exercise thereof all or a portion of the excess of (A) the Fair Market Value of a specified number of shares of Stock at the time of exercise, as determined by the Committee, over (B) a specified amount which shall not, subject to Section 5(e), be less than the Fair Market Value of such specified number of shares of Stock at the time the Right is granted. v Upon exercise of a Right, payment of such excess shall be made as the Committee shall specify in cash, the issuance or transfer to the Key Employee of whole shares of Stock with a Fair Market Value at such time equal to any excess, or a combination of cash and shares of Stock with a combined Fair Market Value at such time equal to any such excess, all as determined by the Committee. The Company will not issue a fractional share of Stock and, if a fractional share would otherwise be issuable, the Company shall pay cash equal to the Fair Market Value of the fractional share of Stock at such time.
- (ii) For the purposes of Subsection (i) of this Section 5(1), in the case of any such Right or portion thereof, other than a Right related to an Incentive Stock Option, exercised for cash during a "window period" specified by Rule 16b-3 under the Act, the Fair Market Value of the Stock at the time of such exercise shall be the highest composite daily closing price of the Stock during such window period.
- (iii) In the event of the exercise of such Right, the Company's obligation in respect of any related Option or such portion thereof will be discharged by payment of the Right so exercised.

6. PERFORMANCE SHARES

- (a) Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee shall (i) determine and designate from time to time those Key Employees or groups of Key Employees to whom Awards of Performance Shares are to be made, (ii) determine the Performance Period (the "Performance Period") and Performance Objectives (the "Performance Objectives") applicable to such Awards, (iii) determine the form of settlement of a Performance Share and (iv) generally determine the terms and conditions of each such Award. At any date, each Performance Share shall have a value equal to the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock at such date; provided that the Committee may limit the aggregate amount payable upon the settlement of any Award. The maximum award for any individual employee in any given year shall be 100,000 Performance Shares.
- (b) The Committee shall determine a Performance Period of not less than two nor more than five years. Performance Periods may overlap and Key Employees may participate simultaneously with respect to Performance Shares for which different Performance Periods are prescribed.
- (c) The Committee shall determine the Performance Objectives of Awards of Performance Shares. Performance Objectives may vary from Key Employee to Key Employee and between groups of Key Employees and shall be based upon such performance criteria or combination of factors as the Committee may deem appropriate, including minimum earnings per share, return on equity, cash flow or total shareholder return. If during the course of a Performance Period there shall occur significant events which the Committee expects to have a substantial effect

on the applicable Performance Objectives during such period, the Committee may revise such Performance Objectives.

- (d) At the beginning of a Performance Period, the Committee shall determine for each Key Employee or group of Key Employees the number of Performance Shares or the percentage of Performance Shares which shall be paid to the Key Employee or member of the group of Key Employees if the applicable Performance Objectives are met in whole or in part.
- (e) If a Key Employee terminates service with all Participating Companies during a Performance Period because of death, Total Disability, Retirement, or under other circumstances where the Committee in its sole discretion finds that a waiver would be in the best interests of the Company, that Key Employee may, as determined by the Committee, be entitled to an Award of Performance Shares at the end of the Performance Period based upon the extent to which the Performance Objectives were satisfied at the end of such period and prorated for the portion of the Performance Period during which the Key Employee was employed by any Participating Company; provided, however, the Committee may provide for an earlier payment in settlement of such Performance Shares in such amount and under such terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate or desirable. If a Key Employee terminates service with all Participating Companies during a Performance Period for any other reason, then such Key Employee shall not be entitled to any Award with respect to that Performance Period unless the Committee shall otherwise determine.
- (f) Each Award of a Performance Share shall be paid in whole shares of Stock, or cash, or a combination of Stock and cash either as a lump sum payment or in annual installments, all as the Committee shall determine, with payment to commence as soon as practicable after the end of the relevant Performance Period.

7. RESTRICTED STOCK

- (a) Restricted Stock shall be subject to a restriction period (after which restrictions will lapse) which shall mean a period commencing on the date the Award is granted and ending on such date as the Committee shall determine (the "Restriction Period"). The Committee may provide for the lapse of restrictions in installments where deemed appropriate.
- (b) Except when the Committee determines otherwise pursuant to Section 7(d), if a Key Employee terminates employment with all Participating Companies for any reason before the expiration of the Restriction Period, all shares of Restricted Stock still subject to restriction shall be forfeited by the Key Employee and shall be reacquired by the Company.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this Section 7, no shares of Restricted Stock received by a Key Employee shall be sold, exchanged, transferred, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of during the Restriction Period.
- (d) In cases of death, Total Disability or Retirement or in cases of special circumstances, the Committee may, in its sole discretion when it finds that a waiver would be in the best interests of the Company, elect to waive any or all remaining restrictions with respect to such Key Employee's Restricted Stock

- (e) The Committee may require, under such terms and conditions as it deems appropriate or desirable, that the certificates for Stock delivered under the Plan may be held in custody by a bank or other institution, or that the Company may itself hold such shares in custody until the Restriction Period expires or until restrictions thereon otherwise lapse, and may require, as a condition of any Award of Restricted Stock that the Key Employee shall have delivered a stock power endorsed in blank relating to the Restricted Stock.
- (f) Nothing in this Section 7 shall preclude a Key Employee from exchanging any shares of Restricted Stock subject to the restrictions contained herein for any other shares of Stock that are similarly restricted.
- (g) Subject to Section 7(e) and Section 8, each Key Employee entitled to receive Restricted Stock under the Plan shall be issued a certificate for the shares of Stock. Such certificate shall be registered in the name of the Key Employee, and shall bear an appropriate legend reciting the terms, conditions and restrictions, if any, applicable to such Award and shall be subject to appropriate stop-transfer orders.

8. CERTIFICATES FOR AWARDS OF STOCK

- (a) The Company shall not be required to issue or deliver any certificates for shares of Stock prior to (i) the listing of such shares on any stock exchange on which the Stock may then be listed and (ii) the completion of any registration or qualification of such shares under any federal or state law, or any ruling or regulation of any government body which the Company shall, in its sole discretion, determine to be necessary or advisable.
- (b) All certificates for shares of Stock delivered under the Plan shall also be subject to such stop-transfer orders and other restrictions as the Committee may deem advisable under the rules, regulations, and other requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any stock exchange upon which the Stock is then listed and any applicable federal or state securities laws, and the Committee may cause a legend or legends to be placed on any such certificates to make appropriate reference to such restrictions. The foregoing provisions of this Section 8(b) shall not be effective if and to the extent that the shares of Stock delivered under the Plan are covered by an effective and current registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, or if and so long as the Committee determines that application of such provisions is no longer required or desirable. In making such determination, the Committee may rely upon an opinion of counsel for the Company.
- (c) Except for the restrictions on Restricted Stock under Section 7, each Key Employee who receives Stock in settlement of an Award of Stock, shall have all of the rights of a shareholder with respect to such shares, including the right to vote the shares and receive dividends and other distributions. No Key Employee awarded an Option, a Right or Performance Share shall have any right as a shareholder with respect to any shares covered by his or her Option, Right or Performance Share prior to the date of issuance to him or her of a certificate or certificates for such shares.

9. ACCELERATION EVENTS

(a) For the purposes of this Plan, an Acceleration Event shall occur if (i) a report on Schedule 13D shall be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13(d) of the Act disclosing that any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Act), other than the Company or a subsidiary of the Company or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, is the beneficial owner directly or indirectly of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Stock; (ii) any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Act), other than the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, shall purchase shares pursuant to a tender offer or exchange offer to acquire any Stock of the Company (or securities convertible into Stock) for cash, securities or any other consideration, provided that after consummation of the offer, the person in question is the beneficial owner (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act), directly or indirectly, of twenty percent (20%) or more of the outstanding Stock of the Company (calculated as provided in paragraph (d) of Rule 13d-3 under the Act in the case of rights to acquire Stock); (iii) the stockholders of the Company shall approve (A) any consolidation, business combination or merger involving the Company, other than a consolidation, business combination or merger involving the Company in which holders of Stock immediately prior to the consolidation, business combination or merger (x) hold fifty percent (50%) or more of the combined voting power of the company (or the corporation) after the merger and (y) have the same proportionate ewnership of common stock of the Company (or the corporation), relative to other holders of Stock immediately prior to the merger, business combination or consolidation, or the parent of such corporation), relative to other holders of Stock immediately after the merger as immediately before, or (B) any sale, lease, exchang

(b) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Plan to the contrary:

(i) Each outstanding Option granted under the Plan shall become immediately exercisable in full for the aggregate number of shares covered thereby and all related Rights shall also become exercisable upon the occurrence of an Acceleration Event described in this Section 9 and shall continue to be exercisable in full for cash for a period of 60 calendar days beginning on the date that such Acceleration Event occurs and ending on the 60th calendar day following that date; provided, however, that (A) no Right shall become exercisable earlier than six months following the date the Right is granted, (B) no

Incentive Stock Option or related Right shall be exercisable while there is outstanding any Incentive Stock Option which was previously granted to the same optionee by any Participating Company, and (C) no Option or Right shall be exercisable beyond the expiration date of its original term.

- (ii) Options and Rights shall not terminate and shall continue to be fully exercisable for a period of seven months following the occurrence of an Acceleration Event in the case of an employee who is terminated other than for just cause or who voluntarily terminates his employment because he in good faith believes that as a result of such Acceleration Event he is unable effectively to discharge his present duties or the duties of the position he occupied just prior to the occurrence of such Acceleration Event. For purposes of Section 9 only, termination shall be for "just cause" only if such termination is based on fraud, misappropriation or embezzlement on the part of the employee which results in a final conviction of a felony. Under no circumstances, however, shall any Option or Right be exercised beyond the expiration date of its original term.
- (iii) Any Right or portion thereof may be exercised for cash within the 60-calendar-day period following the occurrence of an Acceleration Event with settlement, except in the case of a Right related to an Incentive Stock Option, based on the "Formula Price" which shall be the highest of (A) the highest composite daily closing price of the Stock during the period beginning on the 60th calendar day prior to the date on which the Right is exercised and ending on the date such Right is exercised, (B) the highest gross price paid for the Stock during the same period of time, as reported in a report of Schedule 13D filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or (C) the highest gross price paid or to be paid for a share of Stock (whether by way of exchange, conversion, distribution upon merger, liquidation or otherwise) in any of the transactions set forth in this Section 9 as constituting an Acceleration Event.
- (iv) Upon the occurrence of an Acceleration Event Limited Stock Appreciation Rights shall automatically be granted as to any Option with respect to which Rights are not then outstanding; provided, however, that Limited Stock Appreciation Rights shall be provided at the time of grant of any Incentive Stock Option subject to exercisability upon the occurrence of an Acceleration Event. Limited Stock Appreciation Rights shall entitle the holder thereof, upon exercise of such rights and surrender of the related Option or any portion thereof, to receive, without payment to the Company (except for applicable withholding taxes), an amount in cash equal to the excess, if any, of the Formula Price as that term is defined in Section 9 over the option price of the Stock as provided in such Option; provided that in the case of the exercise of any such Limited Stock Appreciation Right or portion thereof related to an Incentive Stock Option, the Fair Market Value of the Stock at the time of such exercise shall be substituted for the Formula Price. Each such Limited Stock Appreciation Right or be exercisable only during the period beginning on the first business day following the occurrence of such Acceleration Event and ending on the 60th day following such date and only to the same extent the related Option is exercisable. In the case of persons who are considered directors or officers of the Company for purposes of Section 16 of the Act, Limited Stock Appreciation Rights shall not be so exercisable until they have been outstanding for at least six months. Upon exercise of a Limited

Stock Appreciation Right and surrender of the related Option, or portion thereof, such Option, to the extent surrendered, shall not thereafter be exercisable.

- (v) The restrictions applicable to Awards of Restricted Stock issued pursuant to Section 7 shall lapse upon the occurrence of an Acceleration Event and the Company shall issue stock certificates without a restrictive legend. Key Employees holding Restricted Stock on the date of an Acceleration Event may tender such Restricted Stock to the Company which shall pay the Formula Price as that term is defined in Section 9; provided, such Restricted Stock must be tendered to the Company within 60 calendar days of the Acceleration Event.
- (vi) If an Acceleration Event occurs during the course of a Performance Period applicable to an Award of Performance Shares pursuant to Section 6, then the Key Employee shall be deemed to have satisfied the Performance Objectives and settlement of such Performance Shares shall be based on the Formula Price, as defined in this Section 9.

BENEFICIARY

- (a) Each Key Employee shall file with the Company a written designation of one or more persons as the Beneficiary who shall be entitled to receive the Award, if any, payable under the Plan upon his or her death. A Key Employee may from time to time revoke or change his or her Beneficiary designation without the consent of any prior Beneficiary by filing a new designation with the Company. The last such designation received by the Company shall be controlling; provided, however, that no designation, or change or revocation thereof, shall be effective unless received by the Company prior to the Key Employee's death, and in no event shall it be effective as of a date prior to such receipt.
- (b) If no such Beneficiary designation is in effect at the time of a Key Employee's death, or if no designated Beneficiary survives the Key Employee or if such designation conflicts with law, the Key Employees estate shall be entitled to receive the Award, if any, payable under the Plan upon his or her death. If the Committee is in doubt as to the right of any person to receive such Award, the Company may retain such Award, without liability for any interest thereon, until the Committee determines the rights thereto, or the Company may pay such Award into any court of appropriate jurisdiction and such payment shall be a complete discharge of the liability of the Company therefor.

11. ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN

- (a) Each member of the Committee shall be both a member of the Board and a "Non-Employee Director within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 under the Act or successor rule or regulation.
- (b) All decisions, determinations or actions of the Committee made or taken pursuant to grants of authority under the Plan shall be made or taken in the sole discretion of the Committee and shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons for all purposes.

- (c) The Committee shall have full power, discretion and authority to interpret, construe and administer the Plan and any part thereof, and its interpretations and constructions thereof and actions taken thereunder shall be, except as otherwise determined by the Board, final, conclusive and binding on all persons for all purposes.
- (d) The Committee's decisions and determinations under the Plan need not be uniform and may be made selectively among Key Employees, whether or not such Key Employees are similarly situated.
- (e) The Committee may, in its sole discretion, delegate such of its powers as it deems appropriate.
- (f) If an Acceleration Event has not occurred and if the Committee determines that a Key Employee has taken action inimical to the best interests of any Participating Company, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, terminate in whole or in part such portion of any Option (including any related Right) as has not yet become exercisable at the time of termination, terminate any Performance Share Award for which the Performance Period has not been completed or terminate any Award of Restricted Stock for which the Restriction Period has not lapsed.

12. AMENDMENT, EXTENSION OR TERMINATION

In the event of any equity restructuring (within the meaning of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004) that causes the per share value of shares of Stock to change, such as a stock dividend, stock split, spin off, rights offering or recapitalization through a large, nonrecurring cash dividend, the Committee shall cause there to be made an equitable adjustment to (a) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares that may be awarded under the Plan (or for which Awards may be granted under the Plan), (b) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares that may be awarded to any individual under the Plan and that are available for any type of Award under the Plan and (c) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares subject to outstanding Awards and, as applicable, the exercise price (or grant price in the case of Rights) of any then outstanding Awards. In the event of any other change in corporate structure or capitalization, such as a merger, consolidation, any reorganization (whether or not such reorganization comes within the definition of such term in Section 368 of the Code) or any partial or complete liquidation of the Company, the Committee may make such adjustment as described in the foregoing sentence as the Committee deems equitable. Any fractional shares resulting from adjustments made pursuant to this Section 13 shall be eliminated. Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 13 shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes of the Plan.

13. ADJUSTMENTS IN EVENT OF CHANGE IN COMMON STOCK

In the event of any reorganization, merger, recapitalization, consolidation, liquidation, stock dividend, stock split, reclassification, combination of shares, rights offering, split-up, or extraordinary dividend (including a spin-off) or divestiture, or any other change in the corporate structure or shares, the Committee may make such adjustment in the Stock subject to Awards, including Stock subject to purchase by an Option, or the terms, conditions or restrictions on Stock or Awards, including the price payable upon the exercise of such Option and the number of shares subject to restructured stock awards, as the Committee deems equitable.

14. MISCELLANEOUS

(a) Except as provided in Section 9, nothing in this Plan or any Award granted hereunder shall confer upon any employee any right to continue in the employ of any Participating Company or interfere in any way with the right of any Participating Company to terminate his or her employment at any time. No Award payable under the Plan shall be deemed salary or

compensation for the purpose of computing benefits under any employee benefit plan or other arrangement of any Participating Company for the benefit of its employees unless the Company shall determine otherwise. No Key Employee shall have any claim to an Award until it is actually granted under the Plan. To the extent that any person acquires a right to receive payments from the Company under this Plan, such right shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company. All payments to be made hereunder shall be paid from the general funds of the Company and no special or separate fund shall be established and no segregation of assets shall be made to assure payment of such amounts except as provided in Section 7(e) with respect to Restricted Stock.

- (b) The Committee may cause to be made, as a condition precedent to the payment of any Award, or otherwise, appropriate arrangements with the Key Employee or his or her Beneficiary, for the withholding of any federal, state, local or foreign taxes.
- (c) The Plan and the grant of Awards shall be subject to all applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations and to such approvals by any government or regulatory agency as may be required.
- (d) The terms of the Plan shall be binding upon the Company and its successors and assigns.
- (e) Captions preceding the sections hereof are inserted solely as a matter of convenience and in no way define or limit the scope or intent of any provision hereof.
- 15. EFFECTIVE DATE, TERM OF PLAN AND SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL

The effective date of the Plan shall be January 1, 1994. No Award shall be granted under this Plan after the Plan's termination date. The Plan's termination date shall be December 31, 2003. The Plan will continue in effect for existing Awards as long as any such Award is outstanding. The Plan was amended by the Board of Directors on July 25, 1995, March 12, 1996, April 15, 1997, and May 7, 2002.

ADMINISTRATION

The Plans are administered by a Committee of the Board of Directors of ITT Industries, presently designated as the Compensation and Personnel Committee, the members of which serve during the pleasure of the Board. The Committee is composed of directors all of whom are "Non-Employee Directors" within the meaning of Rule 160-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

FEDERAL TAX TREATMENT

The following is a brief summary of the current Federal income tax rules generally applicable to options, stock appreciation rights, performance shares and restricted stock. Awardees should consult their own tax advisors as to the specific Federal, state and local tax consequences applicable to them.

A. OPTIONS AND STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS

Options granted under the 1986 Plan and the 1994 Plan may be either non-qualified options or "incentive stock options" qualifying under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Non-qualified Options

An optionee is not subject to Federal income tax upon grant of a non-qualified option. At the time of exercise, the optionee will realize compensation income (subject to withholding) to the extent that the then fair market value of the stock exceeds the option exercise price. The amount of such income will constitute an addition to the optionee's tax basis in the optioned stock. Sale of the shares will result in capital gain or loss (long-term or short-term depending on the optionee's holding period). ITT Industries is entitled to a Federal tax deduction at the same time and to the same extent that the optionee realizes compensation income.

Incentive Stock Options ("ISOs")

Options denominated as ISOs are intended to constitute incentive stock options under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. An optionee is not subject to Federal income tax upon either the grant or exercise of an ISO. If the optionee holds the shares acquired upon exercise for at least one year after issuance of the optioned shares and until at least two years after grant of the option, then the difference between the amount realized on a subsequent sale or other taxable disposition of the shares and the option exercise price will constitute long-term capital gain or loss. ITT Industries will not be entitled to a Federal tax deduction with respect to the grant or exercise of the ISO.

If the optionee sells the shares acquired under an ISO before the requisite holding period, he will be deemed to have made a "disqualifying disposition" of the shares and will realize compensation income in the year of disposition equal to the lesser of the fair market value of the shares at exercise or the amount realized on their disposition over the option price of the shares. Any gain recognized upon a disqualifying disposition in excess of the ordinary income portion will constitute either short-term or long-term capital gain. In the event of a disqualifying disposition, ITT Industries will be entitled to a Federal tax deduction in the amount of the compensation income realized by the optionee.

The option spread on the exercise of an ISO is an adjustment in computing alternative minimum taxable income. No adjustment is required however, if the optionee made a disqualifying disposition of the shares in the same year as he is taxed on the exercise.

Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs")

An employee is not taxed upon the grant of SARs. An optionee exercising SARs for cash will realize compensation income (subject to withholding) in the amount of the cash or fair market value of the shares received. To the extent payment is made in the form of stock, the compensation income recognized upon exercise will constitute the awardee's tax basis in such shares. ITT Industries is entitled to a tax deduction at the same time and to the same extent that the optionee realizes compensation income.

B. PERFORMANCE SHARES

An awardee of performance shares will generally realize compensation income (subject to withholding) when and to the extent that payment is made, whether in the form of cash or shares of 1'TT Industries Common Stock. To the extent that payment is made in the form of stock, income will be measured by the then fair market value of the shares, which will constitute an addition to the awardee's tax basis in such shares. ITT Industries will be entitled to a Federal tax deduction for the value of payment at the time of payment.

C. RESTRICTED STOCK

An awardee of restricted stock will generally realize compensation income (subject to withholding) when and to the extent that the restrictions on the shares lapse, as measured by the fair market value of the shares at the time of lapse. The awardee's holding period for the shares will not commence until the date of lapse, and dividends paid during the restriction period will be treated as compensation. The income realized on lapse of the restrictions will constitute an addition to the awardee's tax basis in the shares.

In lieu of deferred recognition of income, the awardee may formally elect, within 30 days of award, to realize compensation income at the time of award, as measured by the fair market value of the restricted stock on the date of award determined without regard to the restrictions. The income realized will constitute an addition to the tax basis of the shares. In the case of such election, any appreciation (or depreciation) on the shares during the restriction period will give rise to capital gain (or capital loss) upon sale or exchange of the stock. In the event that the awardee terminates employment during the restriction period and forfeits his shares, no deduction may be claimed and no loss may be taken based on the compensation income previously recognized.

ITT Industries will be entitled to a Federal tax deduction at the same time and to the same extent that the awardee realizes, compensation income.

D. EXCESS PARACHUTE PAYMENTS

Options, SARs, performance shares or restricted stock which are granted, accelerated or enhanced upon the occurrence of a takeover (i.e., an Acceleration Event as defined in the Plans) may give rise, in whole or in part, to "excess parachute payments" within the meaning of Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code and, to such extent, will be nondeductible by ITT Industries and subject to a 20% excise tax to the awardee.

ITT INDUSTRIES 1996 RESTRICTED STOCK PLAN FOR NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS (AMENDED AND RESTATED AS OF JULY 13, 2004)

ARTICLE I -- PLAN ADMINISTRATION AND ELIGIBILITY

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of the ITT Industries 1996 Restricted Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the "Plan") is to attract and retain persons of ability as Directors of ITT Industries, Inc. (the "Company") and to provide them with a closer identity with the interests of the Company's stockholders by paying the Annual Retainer in common stock of the Company.

1.2 ADMINISTRATION

The Plan shall be administered by the Compensation and Personnel Committee of the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as the "Committee"). The Committee shall have the responsibility of interpreting the Plan and establishing and amending such rules and regulations necessary or appropriate for the administration of the Plan. All interpretations of the Plan or any Restricted Stock awards issued under it shall be final and binding upon all persons having an interest in the Plan. No member of the Committee shall be liable for any action or determination taken or made in good faith with respect to this Plan or any award granted hereunder.

1.3 ELIGIBILITY

1.4 STOCK SUBJECT TO THE PLAN

- (a) The maximum number of shares which may be granted under the Plan shall be 100,000 shares of common stock of the Company (the "Stock").
- (b) If any Restricted Stock is forfeited by a Director in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.2(e), such shares of Restricted Stock shall be restored to the total number of shares available for grant pursuant to the Plan.
- (c) Upon the grant of a Restricted Stock award the Company may distribute newly issued shares or treasury shares.

ARTICLE II -- RESTRICTED STOCK

2.1 RESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS

Restricted Stock awards shall be made automatically on the date of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to each Director elected at the meeting or continuing in office following the meeting. The award shall equal the number of whole shares arrived at by dividing the Annual

Retainer that is in effect for the calendar year within which the award date falls, by the Fair Market Value of the Company's common stock. Fractional shares shall be paid in cash.

- (a) "Annual Retainer" shall mean the amount that is payable to a Director for service on the Board of Directors during the calendar year. Annual Retainer shall not include fees paid for attendance at any Board or Committee meeting.
- (b) "Fair Market Value" shall mean the average of the high and low prices per share of the Company's common stock on the date of the Annual Meeting, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange Composite Tape.

2.2 TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS

- (a) Written Agreement -- Each Restricted Stock award shall be evidenced by a written agreement delivered to the Director in such form as the Committee shall prescribe. Such agreement shall include the restrictions described under Section 2.2(c) and any other restrictions and conditions on the shares as the Committee deems appropriate.
- (b) Shares held in Escrow -- The Restricted Stock subject to such award shall be registered in the name of the Director and held in escrow by the Committee until the restrictions on such shares lapse as described below.
- (c) Restrictions -- Restricted Stock granted to a Director may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise disposed of, except by will or the laws of descent and distribution, prior to the earliest of the following dates:
 - (1) The fifth anniversary of the date of grant, unless the Director shall have elected no later than October 31 of the calendar year immediately prior to the fifth anniversary of the date of such grant to extend the period of restriction with respect to such grant. The extension of such period of restriction shall be to such time as shall be either (w) the tenth anniversary of such date of grant or (x) six months and one day after such time as the restrictions set forth in Section 2.2(c) other than this clause (1) shall otherwise lapse; provided, however, that if the Director has elected under clause (w) and the event referred to in clause (x) occurs first, the Director shall be deemed to have elected under clause (x). In the event that the Director has elected under clause (w) and anticipates that the event referred to in clause (x) will not occur prior to the tenth anniversary of such date of grant, the Director may elect, no later than October 31 of the calendar year immediately prior to the tenth anniversary of such date of grant a second extension of the period of restriction to such time as shall be either (y) the fifteenth anniversary of such date of grant or (z) six months and one day after such time as the restrictions set forth in Section 2.2(c) other than this clause (1) shall otherwise lapse; provided, however, that if the Director has elected under clause (y) and the event referred to in clause (z) occurs first, the Director shall be deemed to have elected under clause (z).
 - (2) Retirement from the Board at age 72.

- (3) "Change in Control" of the Company. A "Change in Control" shall be deemed to have occurred if:
 - (i) a report on Schedule 13D shall be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act") disclosing that any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Act), other than the Company or a subsidiary of the Company or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, is the beneficial owner directly or indirectly of twenty percent (20%) or more of the outstanding Stock;
 - (ii) any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Act), other than the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, shall purchase shares pursuant to a tender offer or exchange offer to acquire any Stock of the Company (or securities convertible into Stock) for cash, securities or any other consideration, provided that after consummation of the offer, the person in question is the beneficial owner (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act), directly or indirectly, of twenty percent (20%) or more of the outstanding Stock of the Company (calculated as provided in paragraph (d) of Rule 13d-3 under the Act in the case of rights to acquire Stock);
 - (iii) the stockholders of the Company shall approve (A) any consolidation, business combination or merger involving the Company, other than a consolidation, business combination or merger involving the Company in which holders of Stock immediately prior to the consolidation, business combination or merger (x) hold fifty percent (50%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company (or the corporation resulting from the merger or consolidation or the parent of such corporation) after the merger and (y) have the same proportionate ownership of common stock of the Company (or the corporation resulting from the merger or consolidation or the parent of such corporation), relative to other holders of Stock immediately prior to the merger, business combination or consolidation, immediately after the merger as immediately before, or (B) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company;
 - (iv) there shall have been a change in a majority of the members of the Board of Directors of the Company within a 12-month period unless the election or nomination for election by the Company' stockholders of each new director during such 12-month period was approved by the vote of two-thirds of the directors then still in office who (x) were directors at the beginning of such 12-month period or (y) whose nomination for election or election as directors was recommended or approved by a majority of the directors who where directors at the beginning of such 12-month period; or
 - (v) any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Act) (other than the Company or any subsidiary of the Company or any employee benefit ${\sf N}$

plan (or related trust) sponsored by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company) becomes the beneficial owner (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act) of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Stock.

- (4) Death of the Director.
- (5) Disability of the Director.
- (6) Termination of service from the Board on account of (i) a physical or mental condition that, in the opinion of a qualified physician, is expected to impede the Director's ability to fulfill his or her principal duties for a period of at least three months; (ii) the relocation of the Director's principal place of business to a location that increases the time required for such Director to travel to the Company's headquarters by more than 50%; (iii) the acceptance by the Director of a position (other than an honorary position) in the government of the United States, any State or any municipality or any subdivision thereof or any organization performing any quasi-governmental function; (iv) any circumstances which, in the opinion of outside counsel to the Company, would (or could reasonably be expected to) conflict with applicable law or any written policy of the Company; or (v) any other circumstance in which the Committee believes, in its sole discretion, that the purposes for which the grants of Restricted Stock were made have been fulfilled, and as such is consistent with the intention of the Plan.
- (7) Notwithstanding Section 2.2(c)(2) hereof, retirement from the Board at or after attaining age 65, provided that such Director was a member of the Board of Directors of the Company's corporate predecessor, ITT Corporation, a Delaware corporation, on December 18, 1995 and served as a Director of the Company thereafter.
- (d) Dividends and Voting Rights -- The Director shall, subject to Section 2.2(c), possess all incidents of ownership of the shares of Restricted Stock including the right to receive dividends with respect to such shares and to vote such shares.
- (e) The Company shall deliver to the Director, or the beneficiary of such Director, if applicable, all of the shares of stock that were awarded to the Director as Restricted Stock, within 30 days following the lapse of restrictions as described under Section 2.2(c). If the Director discontinues serving on the Board prior to the date upon which restrictions lapse as described under Section 2.2(c), such Directors Restricted Stock will be forfeited by the Director and transferred to and reacquired by the Company at no cost to the Company.

ARTICLE III -- GENERAL PROVISIONS

3.1 AUTHORITY

Appropriate officers of the Company designated by the Committee are authorized to execute Restricted Stock agreements, and amendments thereto, in the name of the Company, as directed from time to time by the Committee.

3.2 ADJUSTMENTS IN THE EVENT OF CHANGE IN COMMON STOCK OF THE COMPANY

In the event of any equity restructuring (within the meaning of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004) that causes the per share value of shares of Stock to change, such as a stock dividend, stock split, spin off, rights offering, or recapitalization through a large, nonrecurring cash dividend, the Board shall cause there to be made an equitable adjustment to (a) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares that may be granted under the Plan and (b) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares of Restricted Stock awarded pursuant to Section 2.1 with respect to which all restrictions have not lapsed. In the event of any other change in corporate structure or capitalization, such as a merger, consolidation, any reorganization (whether or not such reorganization comes within the definition of such term in Section 368 of the Code) or any partial or complete liquidation of the Company, the number and, if applicable, kind of shares that may be granted under the Plan and the number and, if applicable, kind of shares of Restricted Stock awarded pursuant to Section 2.1 with respect to which all restrictions have not lapsed shall be appropriately adjusted consistent with such change in such manner as the Board in its discretion may deem equitable to prevent substantial dilution or enlargement of the rights granted to, or available for, Directors participating in the Plan. Any fractional shares resulting from adjustment made pursuant to this Section 3.2 shall be eliminated. Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 3.2 shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes of the Plan.

3.3 RIGHTS OF DIRECTORS

The Plan shall not be deemed to create any obligation on the part of the Board to nominate any Director for reelection by the Company's stockholders or to retain any Director at any particular rate of compensation. The Company shall not be obligated to issue Stock pursuant to an award of Restricted Stock for which the restrictions hereunder have lapsed if such issuance would constitute a violation of any applicable law. Except as provided herein, no Director shall have any rights as a stockholder with respect to any shares of Restricted Stock awarded to him.

3.4 BENEFICIARY

A Director may file with the Committee a written designation of a beneficiary on such form as may be prescribed by the Committee and may, from time to time, amend or revoke such designation. In the event of the death of a Director, his beneficiary shall have the right to receive the shares of Restricted Stock awarded pursuant to the Plan. If no designated beneficiary survives the Director, the executor or administrator of the Director's estate shall be deemed to be the Director's beneficiary.

3.5 LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Committee shall have the right to condition any issuance of shares to any Director hereunder on such Director's undertaking in writing to comply with such restrictions on the subsequent disposition of such shares as the Committee shall deem necessary or advisable as a result of any applicable law or regulation. The Committee may postpone the delivery of stock following the lapse of restrictions with respect to awards of Restricted Stock for such time as the Committee in its discretion may deem necessary, in order to permit the Company with reasonable diligence (i) to effect or maintain registration of the Plan, or the shares issuable upon the lapse of certain restrictions respecting awards of Restricted Stock, under the Securities Act of 1933 or the securities laws of any applicable jurisdiction, or (ii) to determine that such shares and the Plan are exempt from such registration; the Company shall not be obligated by virtue of any Restricted Stock agreement or any provision of the Plan to recognize the lapse of certain restrictions respecting awards of Restricted Stock or issue shares in violation of said Act or of the law of the government having jurisdiction thereof.

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3.6 AMENDMENT, SUSPENSION AND DISCONTINUANCE OF THE PLAN

The Board may from time to time amend, suspend or discontinue the Plan, provided that the Board may not, without the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote, take any action which would cause the Plan to no longer comply with Rule 16b-3 under the Act, or any successor rule or other regulatory requirement.

No amendment, suspension or discontinuance of the Plan shall impair a Directors right under a Restricted Stock award previously granted to him without his consent.

3.7 GOVERNING LAW

This Plan and all determinations made and actions taken pursuant hereto shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York.

3.8 EFFECTIVE DATE AND DURATION OF THE PLAN

This Plan shall be effective upon the Distribution Date (as defined in the Proxy Statement of ITT Corporation dated August 30, 1995) subject to the approval of the Plan by the stockholders of ITT Corporation, and shall terminate on December 31, 2005, provided that grants of Restricted Stock made prior to the termination of the Plan may vest following such termination in accordance with their terms.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN

The Compensation and Personnel Committee of the Board of Directors of ITT Industries, the members of which serve during the pleasure of the Board, administers the Plan but does not act as a trustee or in any other fiduciary capacity with respect thereto.

RESALE RESTRICTIONS

The Plan contains no restrictions on the resale of Common Stock once the Plan restriction period has ended. However, persons who may be deemed to be affiliates of ITT Industries may not reoffer or resell shares of Common Stock in a transaction which is not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), except pursuant to Rule 144 under the Act or another exemption thereunder. Rule 144 requires, among other things, that (1) any sales of Common Stock by such affiliates must be made through a broker, and (2) an appropriate Form 144 must be mailed to the Securities and Exchange Commission prior to or concurrently with the placing of a sell order with the broker, with certain exceptions.

FEDERAL TAX TREATMENT

Set forth below is a summary of the federal income tax consequences under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), of the grant and vesting of restricted stock awarded to a director of ITT Industries ("Director") under the Plan. The following summary does not include any discussion of state, local or foreign income tax consequences or the effect of gift, estate or inheritance taxes, any of which may be significant to a particular Director eligible to receive an award. In addition, this summary does not apply to every specific transaction

that may occur. Each recipient of an award under the Plan should consult his or her tax advisor for advice pertaining to his or her particular circumstances. The Plan is not qualified under Section 401 (a) of the Code.

Under the Code, a Director normally will not realize taxable income and ITT Industries will not be entitled to a deduction upon the grant of restricted stock, since such stock is subject to a "substantial risk of forfeiture" (as defined in the Code). At the time such restrictions lapse and the shares of restricted stock are no longer subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture, a Director will realize taxable compensation (ordinary income) in an amount equal to the fair market value on the date the restrictions lapse, of the number of shares of Common Stock which have become nonforfeitable or transferable. Likewise, ITT Industries will be entitled to a deduction in the same amount in the same year, provided ITT Industries complies with applicable tax withholding requirements. However, a Director may make an income recognition election under Section 83(b) of the Code (an "83(b) Election") within 30 days of the award and recognize taxable ordinary income in the year the shares of restricted stock are awarded in an amount equal to their fair market value at the time of the award, determined without regard to the restrictions. In that event, ITT Industries will be entitled to a deduction in such year in the same amount, provided ITT Industries complies with applicable tax withholding requirements. Any gain or loss realized by the recipient upon the subsequent disposition of Common Stock will be capital gain (or loss) to the extent the proceeds of sale exceed the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant, which became the Director's tax basis as a result of the 83(b) Election. If the Director makes an 83(b) Election and subsequently terminates his employment during the restriction period, thus forfeiting the shares of restricted stock, the taxes paid on the award of the shares are also forfeited and ITT Industries must include as ordinary income the amount it previously deducted in the year of grant with respect to such shares. Any dividends with respect to the shares of restricted stock that are paid or

2002 ITT Industries Stock Option Plan for

Non-Employee Directors

Purpose

The purpose of the 2002 ITT Industries Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors is to attract, retain, motivate and reward Directors of superior ability. In addition, the Plan is intended to further opportunities for stock ownership by Directors in order to increase their proprietary interest in the Company and, as a result, their interest in the success of the Company.

2. Definitions

When used herein, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- "Acceleration Event" means the occurrence of an event defined in Section 7 of the Plan.
- "Award" means an award in the form of Options granted to any Director in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.
- "Award Agreement" means the written agreement evidencing each Award.
- "Beneficiary" means the person or persons designated pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan as being authorized to act on behalf of a Director in the case of Death.
- "Board" means the board of directors of the Company.
- "Commission" means the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States government or any successor agency performing the same or similar functions.
- "Committee" means the Compensation and Personnel Committee of the Board or such other committee as may be designated by the Board to administer the Plan.
- "Company" means ITT Industries, Inc., an Indiana corporation, and its successors and assigns.
- "Director" means any person who is a member of the Board and who is not, as of the date of an Award, an employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
- "Fair Market Value", unless otherwise indicated in the provisions of the Plan, means, as of any date, the composite closing price for one share of Stock on the New York Stock Exchange or, if no sales of Stock have taken place on such date, the composite closing price on the most recent date on which selling prices were quoted, the determination to be made in the discretion of the Committee.

- "Guardian" means the person or persons designated pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan as being authorized to act on behalf of a Director in the case of Total Disability.
- "Option" means a non-qualified stock option awarded under Section 5 of the Plan to purchase Stock.
- "Plan" means the 2002 ITT Industries Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors, as the same may be amended, administered or interpreted from time to time.
- "Plan Year" means the calendar year.
- "Retirement" means termination of service from the Board; provided, however, that Retirement shall not include termination for cause, including gross misconduct, fraud, misrepresentation, embezzlement, misappropriation or conversion of assets or opportunities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
- "Stock" means the common stock (\$1 par value) of the Company.
- "Total Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that leads to the complete and permanent inability of a Director to perform his or her duties as a Director, as reasonably determined by the Committee upon the basis of such evidence, including independent medical reports and data, as the Committee deems appropriate or necessary.
- "1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- "1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

3. Shares Subject to the Plan

The aggregate number of shares of Stock which may be subject to Awards under the Plan during any Plan Year shall not exceed the greater of (i) that number of shares as shall be a multiple of (a) the number of Directors to receive an Award as of the date of grant times (b) the amount of the annual retainer for such Plan Year, divided by the value of an option to purchase one share of Stock, such value to be in accordance with the valuation methodology as determined by the Company to establish stock option values, plus a prorata amount with respect to each Director elected after such date but within the same Plan Year or (ii) .15% of the total of the issued and outstanding shares of Stock and treasury stock as reported in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Company for the fiscal year ending immediately prior to the Plan Year, subject to adjustment as provided in Section 11 of the Plan.

Any unused portion of the annual limit for any Plan Year shall be carried forward and made available for Awards in succeeding Plan Years. Subject to the above limitations, shares of Stock to be issued under the Plan may be made available from the authorized but unissued shares, shares held by the Company in treasury or shares purchased in the open market or otherwise. If any Awards under the Plan are forfeited, terminated or expire unexercised, such shares of Stock shall again be available for Awards under the Plan.

4. Grant of Awards and Award Agreements

- (a) Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Board shall (i) authorize the granting of non-qualified stock options; (ii) determine the number of shares of Stock subject to each Option; (iii) determine the exercise price with respect to each Option (which may not be less than 100% of the fair-market value of ITT Stock on the date of grant); (iv) determine the time or times when and the manner in which each Option shall be exercisable and the duration of the exercise period; and (v) determine all other terms and conditions of each Award.
- (b) Each Award granted under the Plan shall be evidenced by a written Award Agreement. The Award Agreement shall be subject to and incorporate the express terms and conditions, if any, required under the Plan or required by the Board.

5. Stock Options

- (a) The exercise period for a non-qualified stock option shall not exceed ten years and two days from the date of grant.
- (b) The Option price per share shall be determined by the Board at the time any Option is granted and shall be not less than the Fair Market Value of one share of Stock on the date the Option is granted.
- (c) No part of any Option may be exercised until the Director who has been granted the Award shall have remained as a member of the Board for such period or periods after the date of grant and all other conditions precedent to exercise as the Board may specify shall have been satisfied.
- (d) The purchase price of the shares as to which an Option shall be exercised, along with the applicable tax withholding obligation relating thereto, shall be paid to the Company at the time of exercise, as agreed upon by the Committee, (i) in United States dollars by check, bank draft or wire transfer, (ii) by tendering shares of Stock already owned by the Director having a total Fair Market Value equal to the required amount, (iii) any combination of United States dollars and Stock, (iv) by instructing the Company to withhold from the number of shares of Stock for which the Option is being exercised such number of shares of Stock as have a Fair Market Value equal to the required amount, (v) through a "cashless" exercise with an independent broker/dealer in a procedure approved by the Committee, or (vi) by such other methods as the Committee shall authorize. Such payments shall be consistent with the procedures and limitations established by the Committee from time to time.
- (e) In case of termination of service from the Board, the following provisions shall apply:
 - (A) If a Director who has been granted an Option shall die before such Option has expired, his or her Option shall become fully exercisable and may be exercised by the person or persons designated as the

Beneficiary pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan or, if there is no such designation, the person or persons to whom the Director's rights under the Option pass by will or, if no such person has such right, by his or her executors or administrators, at any time, or from time to time, within one year after the date of the Director's death or within such other period, and subject to such terms and conditions as the Board may specify, but not later than the Option's normal expiration date.

- (B) If the Director's service on the Board ceases because of his or her Retirement or Total Disability, his or her Option shall become fully exercisable and may be exercised at any time, or from time to time, within one year after the date his or her service on the Board so ceases, or after such Total Disability as the case may be, or within such other period, and subject to such terms and conditions, as the Board may specify, but not later than the Option's normal expiration date.
- (C) Except as provided in Section 7 of the Plan, if the Director is terminated for cause as determined by the Committee, all outstanding Options shall be cancelled as of the effective date of such termination.
- (f) Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, no Option granted under the Plan shall be assignable or transferable, whether directly, by operation of law or otherwise, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. During the lifetime of the Director, an Option shall be exercisable only by the Director or, in the case of Total Disability, as provided for in Section 8 of the Plan.

6. Certificates for Awards of Stock

(a) The Company shall not be required to issue or deliver any certificates for shares of Stock prior to (i) the listing of such shares on any stock exchange on which the Stock may then be listed and (ii) the completion of any registration or qualification of such shares under any federal or state law, or any ruling or regulation of any governmental body which the Committee shall, in its sole discretion, determine to be necessary or advisable. In making such determination, the Committee may rely upon an opinion of counsel for the Company.

(b) All certificates for shares of Stock delivered under the Plan shall also be subject to such stop-transfer orders and other restrictions as the Committee may deem advisable under the rules, regulations, and other requirements of the Commission, any stock exchange upon which the Stock is then listed and any applicable federal or state securities laws, and the Committee may cause a legend or legends to be placed on any such certificates to make appropriate reference to such restrictions. The foregoing provisions of this Section 6(b) shall not be effective if and to the extent that the Committee determines that application of such provisions is no longer required or desirable. In making such determination, the Committee may rely upon an opinion of counsel for the Company.

(c) No Director shall have any right as a stockholder with respect to any shares of Stock covered by his or her Option prior to the date of issuance to him or her of a certificate or certificates for such shares.

7. Acceleration Events

(a) For the purposes of this Plan, an Acceleration Event shall occur if (i) a report on Schedule 13D shall be filed with the Commission pursuant to Section 13(d) of the 1934 Act disclosing that any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the 1934 Act), other than the Company or a subsidiary of the Company or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, is the beneficial owner directly or indirectly of twenty percent or more of the outstanding Stock; (ii) any person (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the 1934 Act), other than the Company or a subsidiary of the Company or any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company, shall purchase shares pursuant to a tender offer or exchange offer to acquire any Stock (or securities convertible into Stock) for cash, securities or any other consideration, provided that after consummation of the offer, the person in question is the beneficial owner (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 under the 1934 Act), directly or indirectly, of fifteen percent or more of the outstanding Stock (calculated as provided in paragraph (d) of Rule 13d-3 under the 1934 Act in the case of rights to acquire Stock); (iii) the stockholders of the Company shall approve (A) any consolidation or merger of the Company in which the Company is not the continuing or surviving corporation or pursuant to which shares of Stock would be converted into cash, securities or other property, other than a merger of the Company in which holders of Stock immediately prior to the merger have the same proportionate ownership of common stock of the surviving corporation immediately after the merger as immediately before, or (B) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company; or (iv) there shall have been a change in a majority of the members of the Board within a 12-month period unless the election or nomination for election by the

(b) Notwithstanding any provisions in the Plan to the contrary, each outstanding Option granted under the Plan shall become immediately exercisable in full for the aggregate number of shares covered thereby upon the occurrence of an Acceleration Event described in this Section 7 and shall continue to be exercisable in full for a period of 60 calendar days beginning on the date that such Acceleration Event occurs and ending on the 60th calendar day following that date; provided, however, that no Option shall be exercisable beyond the expiration date of its original term.

8. Beneficiary/ Guardian

(a) Each Director shall file with the Company a written designation of one or more persons as the Beneficiary who shall be entitled to exercise the Option after his or her death and one or more persons as Guardian to act on the Director's behalf in the case of his or her Total Disability. A Director may from time to time revoke or change his or her Beneficiary or Guardian designation without the consent of any prior Beneficiary or Guardian by filing a new designation with the Company. The last such designation received by the Company shall be controlling; provided, however, that no designation, change or revocation thereof shall be effective unless received by the Company prior to the Director's death or Total Disability, as the case may be, and in no event shall it be effective as of a date prior to such receipt.

(b) If no such Beneficiary designation is in effect at the time of a Director's death, or if no designated Beneficiary survives the Director, or if such designation conflicts with law, the Director's estate shall be entitled to exercise the Option after his or her death. If the Committee is in doubt as to the right of any person to exercise such Option, whether in the case of Death or Total Disability, the Company may retain such Award, without liability for any interest therein, until the Committee makes a determination with respect thereto, or the Company may deposit such Award with any court of appropriate jurisdiction for a determination with respect to who should be entitled to exercise the Option, and such delivery shall be a complete discharge of the liability of the Company therefor.

9. Administration of the Plan

- (a) Each member of the Committee shall be both a member of the Board and a "Non-Employee Director" within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 under the 1934 Act or successor rule or regulation.
- (b) All decisions, determinations or actions of the Committee made or taken pursuant to the Plan shall be made or taken in the sole discretion of the Committee and shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons for all purposes.
- (c) The Committee shall have full power, discretion and authority to interpret, construe and administer the Plan and any part thereof, and its interpretations and constructions thereof and actions taken thereunder, except as otherwise determined by the Board, shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons for all purposes.
- (d) The Committee's decisions and determinations under the Plan need not be uniform and may be made selectively among Directors, whether or not such Directors are similarly situated.
- (e) The Committee may, in its sole discretion, delegate such of its powers as it deems appropriate.

(f) If an Acceleration Event has not occurred and if the Committee determines that a Director has taken action inimical to the best interests of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, terminate in whole or in part such portion of any Option as has not yet become exercisable at the time of termination.

10. Amendment, Extension or Termination

The Board may, at any time, amend or terminate the Plan. However, no amendment shall, without approval by a majority of the Company's stockholders, (a) alter the group of persons eligible to participate in the Plan, (b) except as provided in Section 11 of the Plan, increase the maximum number of shares of Stock which are available for Awards under the Plan or (c) extend the period during which Awards may be granted beyond December 31, 2011. If an Acceleration Event has occurred, no amendment or termination shall impair the rights of any person with respect to a prior Award.

11. Adjustments in Event of Change in Common Stock

In the event of any equity restructuring (within the meaning of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004) that causes the per share value of shares of Stock to change, such as a stock dividend, stock split, spin off, rights offering, or recapitalization through a large, nonrecurring cash dividend, the Committee shall cause there to be made an equitable adjustment to (a) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares that may be subject to Awards under the Plan during any Plan Year and (b) the number and, if applicable, kind of shares subject to (and the exercise price of) any then outstanding Awards. In the event of any other change in corporate structure or capitalization, such as a merger, consolidation, any reorganization (whether or not such reorganization comes within the definition of such term in Section 368 of the Code) or any partial or complete liquidation of the Company, the Committee may make such adjustment described in the foregoing sentence as the Committee deems equitable. Any fractional shares resulting from adjustments made pursuant to this Section 11 shall be eliminated. Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 11 shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes of the Plan.

12. Miscellaneous

(a) Except as provided in Section 7 of the Plan, nothing in this Plan or any Award granted hereunder shall confer upon any Director any right to continue on the Board. No Director shall have any claim to an Award until it is actually granted under the Plan. To the extent that any person acquires an Option, such Option shall be deemed to include rights no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company. All amounts to be delivered hereunder shall come from the general funds of the Company and no special or separate fund shall be established and no segregation of assets shall be made to assure delivery of such amounts.

(b) The Committee may cause to be made, as a condition precedent to the exercise of any Option, or otherwise, appropriate arrangements with the Director or his or her Beneficiary or Guardian for the payment of, or withholding with respect to, federal, state, local or foreign taxes, which may include arrangements for the withholding of Stock from the Award or the tendering of Stock already owned by the Director in an amount having a Fair Market Value equal to such taxes.

- (c) The Plan and the grant of Awards shall be subject to all applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations and to such approvals by any governmental or regulatory authority or agency as may be required.
- (d) The terms of the Plan shall be binding upon the Company and its successors and assigns.
- (e) Captions preceding the sections hereof are inserted solely as a matter of convenience and in no way define or limit the scope or intent of any provision hereof.

13. Effective Date, Term of Plan and Stockholder Approval

The Plan shall become effective as of the date of its approval by the Company's stockholders at their 2002 Annual Meeting. The Plan's termination date shall be December 31, 2011. No Award shall be granted under this Plan after the Plan's termination date. The Plan will continue in effect for existing Awards as long as any such Award is outstanding.

ITT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CALCULATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO TOTAL FIXED CHARGES AND CALCULATION OF EARNINGS TO TOTAL FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED DIVIDEND REQUIREMENTS

	Years Ended December 31,				
(Dollars in Millions)	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Earnings:					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 499.7	\$ 528.8	\$ 408.2	\$ 353.2	\$ 317.1
Add (deduct):					
Adjustment for distributions in excess of (less than) undistributed equity earnings and losses(a)	1.0	0.8	(0.4)	(0.8)	(5.0)
Income tax expense	227.6	144.7	154.8	122.3	99.4
	728.3	674.3	562.6	474.7	411.5
Fixed Charges:					
Interest and other financial charges	86.2	75.0	50.4	43.2	56.5
Interest factor attributable to rentals(b)	28.3	28.9	26.8	21.5	19.1
	114.5	103.9	77.2	64.7	75.6
Earnings, as adjusted, from continuing operations	\$ 613.8	\$ 570.4	\$ 485.4	\$ 410.0	\$ 335.9
Fixed Charges:					
Fixed charges above	\$ 114.5	\$ 103.9	\$ 77.2	\$ 64.7	\$ 75.6
Interest capitalized					
Total fixed charges	114.5	103.9	77.2	64.7	75.6
Dividends on preferred stock (pre-income tax basis)	_	_	_	_	_
Total fixed charges and preferred dividend requirements	\$ 114.5	\$ 103.9	\$ 77.2	\$ 64.7	\$ 75.6
Ratios:					
Earnings, as adjusted, from continuing operations to total fixed charges	5.36	5.49	6.29	6.34	4.44
Earnings, as adjusted, from continuing operations to total fixed charges and preferred dividend requirements	5.36	5.49	6.29	6.34	4.44

Notes:

- (a) The adjustment for distributions in excess of (less than) undistributed equity earnings and losses represents the adjustment to income for companies in which less than 50% equity is owned.
 (b) One-third of rental expense is deemed to be representative of the interest factor in rental expense.
 (c) Prior years amounts have been adjusted to reflect the impact of Switches, FHS, Richter and NS&S discontinued operations.

SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

Set forth below are the names of subsidiaries, divisions and related organizations of ITT Corporation, the respective jurisdiction in which each was organized (in the case of subsidiaries), and the name under which each does business (if other than the name of the entity itself).

News	Jurisdiction in	Name Under Which
<u>N</u> ame	Which Organized	Doing Business
Defense Electronics & Services		
Advanced Engineering & Sciences Division	N/A	
Felec Services, Inc	Delaware	
Gilcron Corporation	Delaware	
ITT Aerospace/Communications Division	N/A	
ITT Advanced Engineering & Sciences International, Inc.	Delaware	
ITT Advanced Imaging Systems, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Antarctic Services, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Arctic Services, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Avionics Division	N/A	
ITT Avionics Systems International, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Commercial Services, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Communications Support, Inc	Delaware	
ITT DCD Saudia Arabia Inc	Delaware	
ITT Defence Ltd	United Kingdom	
ITT Defense Division	N/A	
ITT Defense International, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Employment and Training Systems, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Federal Services Arabia Ltd	Saudi Arabia	
ITT Federal Services Corporation	Delaware	
ITT Federal Services GmbH	Germany	
ITT Federal Services International Corporation	Delaware	
ITT Federal Services International, Ltd	Cayman Islands	
ITT FSC Investment Corporation	Delaware	
ITT FSC Management Corporation	Delaware	
ITT Gilfillan Division	N/A	
ITT GNSS Solutions, Inc	California	
ITT Industries Space System LLC	Delaware	
ITT INSYTE, Inc	Florida	
ITT Job Training Services, Inc	Delaware	
ITT Night Vision Division	N/A	
ITT Power Solutions, Inc.	Massachusetts	
ITT Systems Division	N/A	
ITT Systems & Sciences Corporation	Delaware	
Research Systems, Inc	Colorado	
Research Systems International France SARL	France	
Research Systems International UK Limited	United Kingdom	
Research Systems Italia S.r.l	Italy	
Fluid Technology	-	
AC Custom Pumps Division	N/A	
Anadolu Flygt Pompa Sanayi Ve Ticaret	Turkey	
Avis Werberg GmbH	Austria	
BEC Acquisition Corporation, Inc	Delaware	
Bombas Flygt de Venezuela	Venezuela	
Bombas Goulds de Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V	Mexico	Goulds

Sombas Goulds & Venezuela, C.A Argentina Goulds	Name	Jurisdiction in Which Organized	Name Under Which Doing Business
Bombas Coulds S.A.		•	• =
Inaly Inal			
Distribution Arbos, C.A		0	Goulas
Paralywe Motors LLC			
Flowtronex Acquisition, Inc Flowtronex PSI, Inc Flowtronex P			
Flowtronex PSI, Inc			
Fluid and Water Technology India, Inc Flygt Argentina Flygt Fl			
Flyg Agentina S.A Single Flyg			
Flygt Chile S.A Flygt Fl			El
Flygt do Brazil			
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Fight Hoole OY	70		
Flygt Rores Ltd			
Flygt Peru S.A Flygt Peru S.A Flygt Pumpet OY Flygt Pumpet Ond Flygt Pumpet On	10		
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No.	Jurisdiction in	Name Under Which
<u>N</u> ame	Which Organized	Doing Business
ITT Flygt LLC	Delaware	
ITT Flygt Ltd. (Ireland)	Ireland	Flygt
ITT Flygt Ltd. (UK).	United Kingdom	Flygt
ITT Flygt Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	Flygt
ITT Flygt Pumpen GmbH	Germany	Flygt
ITT Flygt (PTY), Ltd	S. Africa	Flygt
ITT Flygt S.A.S	France	Flygt
ITT Flygt SDC S.A.S	France	Flygt
ITT Flygt sp zoo	Poland	Flygt
ITT Flygt S.r.l	Italy	Flygt
ITT Flygt (Shenyang) Pumps, Ltd.	China	Flygt
ITT Flygt Werk GmbH	Germany	Flygt
ITT Goulds Benelux BV	The Netherlands	Goulds
ITT Grindex Pumps Division	N/A	
ITT Hengtong Advanced Water Treatment (Shanghai) Co. Ltd	China	
ITT Industries Holding AB	Sweden	
ITT Kobay Sdn BHD	Malaysia	
ITT McDonnell & Miller Division	N/A	McDonnell & Miller
ITT Monitoring and Control, Inc.	Delaware	
ITT Pure Flo Co., Ltd.	United Kingdom	
ITT Richter Chemie Technik GmbH	Germany	
ITT Sanitaire, Ltd.	United Kingdom	
ITT Standard Division (Heat Transfer)	N/A	
ITT Water Technology Delaware, Inc.	Delaware	
ITT Water Technology Holdings, Inc.	Delaware	
ITT Water Technology, Inc.	Delaware	
ITT Water Technology, Inc. (Canada)	Canada	
ITT Water Technology International, Inc.	Delaware	
ITT Water Technology Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V	Mexico	
ITT Water Technology Texas Holdings, Inc.	Delaware	
ITT Water Technology (TX) LP	Delaware	
ITT Wellpoint S.r.l	Italy	
Leopold Holding Corp	Delaware	
Lowara Deutschland GmbH	Germany	Lowara
Lowara France S.A.S	France	Lowara
Lowara (Ireland) Limited	Ireland	Lowara
Lowara Nederland BV	The Netherlands	Lowara
Lowara Portugal	Portugal	Lowara
Lowara S.r.l	Italy	Lowara
Lowara UK Limited	United Kingdom	Lowara
Lowara Vogel Polska Co. Ltd.	Poland	
Mercury S.R.L	Italy	
Nanjing Goulds Pumps Ltd.	China	Goulds
OY Flygt Nova AB	Finland	Flygt
PCI Membrane Inc.	Delaware	78*
Portacel, Inc.	Delaware	
PT Sam McCoy	Indonesia	
Pumpenfabrik Ernst Vogel GmbH	Austria	Vogel
Pure-Flo Cotter Division	N/A	
Pure-Flo LLC	Delaware	
Pure-Flo Precision Division	N/A	
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Jurisdiction in
Which Organized Pure Water — C'Treat N/A Pure Water — Wet Division N/A Robot Pumps BV Netherlands Sam McCoy Engineering Pte Ltd Sam McCoy Engineering SDN BHD Singapore Malaysia Sam McCoy Manufacturing SDN BHD Malaysia Sanitaire Division Shanghai Goulds Pumps Co. Ltd N/A Sanitaire China SRP Acquisition Corp Tecnicas de Filtracion Bombeo S.A Delaware Spain The F.B. Leopold Company, Inc. Delaware Trimate Industries Ltd Vogel Pumpen Drv New Zealand Hungary WEDECO AG Germany WEDECO AVP Pty Ltd Australia WEDECO B.V WEDECO GmbH The Netherlands Germany WEDECO Inc Delaware WEDECO France S.A.S France WEDECO Limited United Kingdom WEDECO Ltd New Zealand WEDECO Ltda Brazil WEDECO Rex S.R.L Spain WEDECO Sp. z.o.o Poland WEDECO Sung Jin Ltd WEDECO Tecnologie Acque S.r.l South Korea Italy WEDECO Visa GmbH Austria 1448170 Ontario Ltd Canada Motion & Flow Control AGJ Holding AB A.G. Johansons Metallfabrik AB Sweden Sweden BIW Division N/A CableCom Electronics (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. China CableCom International Limited Hong Kong Flojet Division N/A Flojet (Europe) Limited England Great American Gumball Corporation Hydro Air Industries Division California ITT Cannon Santa Clara N/A ITT Aerospace Controls Division N/A ITT Aerospace Controls LLC Delaware ITT Automotive Europe GmbH & Co. KG Germany ITT Cannon Division ITT Cannon/MobileCom, ITT Cannon RF Products,

ITT Cannon Switch Products and Cannon SanTeh

Germany

N/A

ITT Cannon/Network Systems Delaware & Services

ITT Cannon Italy SRL Italy ITT Cannon, Ltd. Japan ITT Cannon Mexico, Inc. Delaware ITT Cannon de Mexico S.A. de C.V Mexico

ITT Cannon GmbH

ITT Cannon International, Inc.

Jurisdiction in
Which Organized ITT Cannon (Zhenjiang) Electronics, Ltd. China ITT Conoflow Division N/A ITT Industries Cannon Ltd. Hong Kong ITT Industries France S.A. France Delaware ITT Industries Friction, Inc ITT Industries Friction Products S.r.l Italy ITT Industries Italia S.r.l Italy $ITT\ Industries\ Vermoegens verwaltungs\ GmbH$ Germany ITT Koni America LLC Delaware ITT Pure-Flo (UK), Ltd United Kingdom ITT VEAM LLC Delaware Jabsco GmbH Jabsco Marine Italia S.r.l Germany Jabsco Italy Koni B.V The Netherlands Koni Koni France SARL France Koni NHK Jabsco Japan Jabsco Rule Industries, Inc. Massachusetts Rule TEC Electrical Components Group Ltd. United Kingdom TEC Electrical Components Ltd. United Kingdom Veam Elektro-Anschlusstechnik GmbH Germany Other Admiral Corporation Florida Admiral Bolton Insurance Company New York C & K Components, Inc. C & K Components (HK), Ltd. C & K Switches Ltd. Massachusetts Hong Kong United Kingdom Carbon Fuel Company West Virginia Carbon Carbon Industries, Inc. West Virginia China Switches Investments B.V Computer & Equipment Leasing Corporation Netherlands Wisconsin Corporp A&F, Inc. Delaware Howard Corporation North Carolina International Standard Electric Corporation ITT AES Enterprises, Inc. Delaware Delaware ITT Automotive Enterprises, Inc. Delaware ITT Benefits Management, Inc. Delaware ITT Canada Company ITT Canada Finance L.P Nova Scotia Canada ITT Canada Trading L.P Canada ITT Cannon Electronic (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. China ITT Cannon (Hong Kong), Ltd. Hong Kong ITT Cannon (Nantong) Electronic Industry Co., Ltd China ITT Cannon (Nantong) Precision Mechanical Engineering Co., Ltd. China ITT Cannon (Xiamen) Electronics Ind. Co. Ltd. China

China

Delaware

Delaware

Germany

Germany

France

ITT Cannon (Xiamen) Precision Mechanical Engineering Co. Ltd.

ITT Community Development Corporation

ITT Gesellschaft für Beteiligungen mbH

ITT Delaware Investments, Inc.

ITT German Holding BV

ITT France SAS

Jurisdiction in
Which Organized ITT Industriebeteiligungsgesellschaft mbH Germany ITT Industries Asset Management, Inc. Delaware ITT Industries Canada LP ITT Industries (China) Investment Company, Limited Canada China ITT Industries Global SARL Luxembourg ITT Industries German Asset Management GmbH Germany ITT Industries German Holding GmbH Germany ITT Industries GmbH Germany ITT Industries Holding SARL Luxembourg ITT Industries Investment Ltd. Barbados ITT Industries Investment SARL Luxembourg ITT Industries Italia Holdings S.r.l ITT Industries Limited Italy United Kingdom ITT Industries Luxembourg SARL Luxembourg ITT Industries Management GmbH Germany ITT Industries of Canada Ltd.
ITT Industries Precision Engineering Pte. Ltd. Canada Singapore Singapore Costa Rica ITT Industries Pte. LTD. ITT Industries S.A. ITT Industries SARL ITT Industries S.A.S. Luxembourg France ITT Industries (Tianjin) Co. Ltd. China ITT Industries UK Holdings Ltd. United Kingdom ITT Industries World Sales Limited Bermuda ITT Manufacturing Enterprises, Inc. ITT Netherlands Holdings B.V Delaware Netherlands ITT Remediation Management, Inc. Delaware ITT Resource Development Corporation Delaware ITT Schadow Division N/A ITT Transportation Distribution Services Division N/A Kentucky Carbon Corporation West Virginia Man Machine Interface Division N/A

4202988 Canada Ltd. Canada

Note: The names of certain subsidiaries have been omitted since, considered in the aggregate, they would not constitute a "significant subsidiary" as of the end of the year covered by this report.

North Carolina Germany

West Virginia

Florida

Paul N. Howard Company Rudolph Schadow GmbH

Sunsport Recreation, Inc.

Winifrede Railroad Corporation

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement No. 033-45756 on Form S-3, Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to Registration Statement No. 033-06004 on Form S-8, Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement No. 033-53771 on Form S-8, and Registration Statement Nos. 333-01109, 333-04611, 333-64161, 333-64293, 333-84917, 333-41806, 333-41808, 333-87814 and 333-105203 on Form S-8 of our reports dated February 26, 2007, relating to the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule of ITT Corporation and subsidiaries (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph relating to the Company's adoption of new accounting standards) and to management's report on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of ITT Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2006.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Stamford, Connecticut February 26, 2007

CERTIFICATION OF STEVEN R. LORANGER PURSUANT TO SEC. 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 CERTIFICATION

- I, Steven R. Loranger, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 of ITT Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ STEVEN R. LORANGER
Steven R. Loranger
Chairman, President and Chief
Executive Officer

Date: February 28, 2007

CERTIFICATION OF GEORGE E. MINNICH PURSUANT TO SEC. 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

CERTIFICATION

- I, George E. Minnich, certify that:
- $1.\ I$ have reviewed this annual report on Form $10\-K$ for the year ended December 31,2006 of ITT Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ GEORGE E. MINNICH
George E. Minnich
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 28, 2007

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of ITT Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Steven R. Loranger, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- $(1) The \ Report \ fully \ complies \ with \ the \ requirements \ of \ section \ 13(a) \ or \ 15(d) \ of \ the \ Securities \ Exchange \ Act \ of \ 1934; \ and$
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ STEVEN R. LORANGER
Steven R. Loranger
Chairman, President and
Chief Executive Officer

February 28, 2007

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of ITT Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, George E. Minnich, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and 19
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ GEORGE E. MINNICH
George E. Minnich
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

February 28, 2007

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.