ITT Inc.

Q2 2020 Results

07.31.2020





This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates, assumptions and projections about our business, future financial results and the industry in which we operate, and other legal, regulatory and economic developments. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, future strategic plans and other statements that describe the company's business strategy, outlook, objectives, plans, intentions or goals, and any discussion of future events and future operating or financial performance.

We use words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," "target," "future," "may," "will," "could," "should," "potential," "continue" and other similar expressions to identify such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are uncertain and to some extent unpredictable, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in, or reasonably inferred from, such forward-looking statements.

Where in any forward-looking statement we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is based on current plans and expectations of our management, expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis. However, there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will occur or that anticipated results will be achieved or accomplished. More information on factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated is included in the Risk Factors section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and other documents filed from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The forward-looking statements included in this presentation speak only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

This presentation and the discussion on the accompanying conference call contain certain financial measures that are not prepared under U.S. GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures supplement our GAAP disclosures and are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the most directly comparable measures that are prepared in accordance with GAAP. These measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures disclosed by other companies. For a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures disclosed under GAAP, refer to the appendix to this presentation or www.itt.com/investors.



- \$0.57 Adj EPS Driven by Significant Cost Reduction Actions
- 25% Adj Segment Decremental Margins
- \$169M Free Cash Flow, +205% vs PY; 14.6% FCF Margin TTM^[1],+450 bps vs Q1
- 210 bps Segment Working Capital Improvement Ex FX vs PY; 100 bps Better Than Q1
- **13.7%** IP Adj Op Margin; **+120 bps** vs PY and **+240 bps** vs Q1

High Level of Operating Performance at Manufacturing Plants

No Major Facility Shutdown Due to COVID-19 Infections

Operational Excellence

Financial Performance

- +400 bps EU; +1,600 bps China; +1,000 bps NA 1H Friction OEM Market Outperformance^[2]
- +94% Wolverine Awards Growth vs PY; +57% Year-to-Date
- +22% Organic Pump Project Order Strength

Increased Cost Reduction Target to \$160M

~95% SFO Baseline Pumps On-Time Delivery; 99% Global Friction On-Time Delivery

Effective Capital Deployment

Customer Centricity

- ~\$1.4B Available Liquidity; +\$252M Sequential Increase
- Continuing to **Invest** in Smart & Energy Efficient Applications for the Future
- Cultivating Actionable Rail M&A Pipeline to Expand Platform
- (-25%) Capital Expenditure Reduction vs PY



\$ millions (except EPS)	2020	vs 2019
Total Revenue	\$515	(-29%)
Adj Segment Operating Income	\$65	(-44%)
Adj Operating Income	\$64	(-39%)
Adjusted EPS	\$0.57	(-39%)
Free Cash Flow	\$169	+205%

(-28%) Organic Revenue

- (-7%) Industrial: COVID-19 Impacts on Short-Cycle Pumps & Connectors
- (-37%) Transportation:
 - (-42%) Friction on Auto Shutdowns; 1H OE Outperformance^[1] in 3 Main Regions
 - (-41%) Aerospace & Defense on Customer Shutdowns & Reduced Air Travel
 - (-6%) Rail: Europe Growth More than Offset by NA & China Declines
- (-14%) Asia Pacific vs PY; +9% Sequential

+205% Free Cash Flow

- \$169M Free Cash Flow Generation
- 210 bps Segment Working Capital Improvement Ex FX
- (-25%) Capital Expenditure Reduction
- 14.6% Free Cash Flow Margin TTM^[2]

(-44%) Adj Segment Ol

- 25% Decremental Margin
- COVID-19 Pandemic Impacts
- Operating Efficiency & Cost Containment
- Productivity Actions Driven by Sourcing and Restructuring Benefits
- \$6M CARES Act Benefit Offsetting COVID-19 Impacts on Customers
- Investing in Breakthrough Innovation

(-39%) Adj EPS

- Adj Segment OI Impacts
- \$9M Corporate Cost Reduction
 - \$4M Environmental Favorability
- Higher Interest & (-\$3M) Unfavorable FX
- Favorable Tax Rate & Share Count

Motion Technologies



Q2 2020) Resu	Ilts	 (-35%) Organic Revenue (-40%) Auto on COVID-19 Shutdowns (-52%) Friction OE Main Market 1H Outperformance^[1] Europe: +400 bps China: +1,600 bps NA: +1,000 bps (-22%) Friction Aftermarket 	 Highlights 27% Decremental Margin +350 bps Axtone Margins +150 bps Sequentially vs Q1 +500 bps 1H Friction OE Outperformance^[1] Q2 Impacted by Customer Order Phasing Due to COVID-19
\$ millions	2020	vs 2019	 (-38%) Wolverine (-43%) OE, +3% AM +800 bps 1H Outperformance^[1] 	 99% On-Time Delivery Performance Multi-Year Platforms Awards Drive Outperformance Momentum
Total Revenue	\$199	(-37%)	 (-9%) KONI/Axtone: COVID-19 Impacts on Rail Aftermarket in NA & APAC; Partially Offset by +5% Europe OE 	 120 bps Working Capital Improvement
			(-57%) Adj Op Income	Other Strategic Highlights:
Adj Segment Operating Income	\$24	(-57%)	 COVID-19 Impacts on Auto Production Negative Price and (-\$2M) FX Productivity, Tariff Recovery & Restructuring Savings Incremental Strategic Investments: ITT SmartPad Development Critical R&D Growth Investments 	 Proactive Plant Shutdowns to Match Production with Demand Continued Friction & Wolverine Share Gain Awards 4 Friction Conquer Wins 5 Friction EV Awards; 4 in China +94% Wolverine Award Growth Continuing Restructuring Actions in 2H

Industrial Process



22 202	0 Resi	llts	(-17%) Organic Revenue	Highlights
			 (-50%) Projects: Large PY Chemical and O&G Deliveries 	 13.7% Adj Segment OI Margin +120 bps vs PY
			 (-4%) Short-Cycle 	+240 bps Margin vs Q1
			 (-1%) Aftermarket on Service & Parts 	 6% Decremental Margin
\$ millions	2020	vs 2019	 (-3%) Baseline: Soft O&G Partially Offset by Stronger Chemical & Industrial in Europe & NA 	 (-9%) Organic Orders +22% Projects from General Industrial Share Gains
			 (-20%) Valves: Industrial Declines & PY Project Strength 	 (-17%) Short-Cycle
				 +3% Backlog to 12/31/2019
Total Revenue	\$193	(-17%)		 760 bps Working Capital Improvement
Revenue			(-9%) Adj Op Income	20% Inventory Turns Improvement
			 Volume Declines Partially Mitigated by Mix & Price 	Other Strategic Highlights:
Adj			 Significant Productivity from Sourcing 	 Leveraging MT Business Approach
Segment	*••	(00()	& Restructuring Benefits	 Global On-Time Performance Accentuates Differentiation
Operating	\$26	(-9%)	 Cost Containment Actions & Project Execution 	Accentuates Differentiation
Income			 CARES Act Benefit More than Offset 	 Energy Efficient Power Source Prototy Testing
			by Increased Customer Risks	 Continuing Restructuring Actions; Glob Footprint Optimization Underway

Connect & Control Technologies



22 2020) Resi	ults	(-29%) Organic Revenue	Highlights
			 (-41%) Aerospace & Defense 	 35% Decremental Margin
T	9		 Boeing & Tier 1 Shutdowns Including 737 MAX Stoppage PY Defense Program Deliveries 	 11.1% Adj Segment OI Margin (-70) bps Matrix Acquisition Impact (-37%) Organic Orders
\$ millions	2020	vs 2019	 (-7%) Industrial: Soft Distribution & COVID-19 Impacts, Partially Offset by Strong Medical Connectors 	 (-72%) Aerospace on Boeing Declin & Reduced Air Travel (-22%) Defense on Large PY Order
			 (-24%) O&G Connectors Share Gains Partially Offset Market Declines 	 (-22%) Defense on Large Pr Orde +10% Medical Connectors
Total Revenue	\$123	(-28%)	 (-55%) Adj Op Income COVID-19 Impacts Across All End- 	Other Strategic Highlights: 2H Restructuring to Continue to Dri
			Markets	Down Cost Structure
Adj Segment	64 4		 Productivity & Restructuring Savings Mitigate Volume Impact 	 2H Incremental Product Line Trans
Operating Income	\$14	(-55%)	 CARES Act Benefit, Partially Offset by Increased COVID-19 Related Impacts 	 Aerospace Resources Repurposed Take Advantage of Defense Opportunities

Resilience in Action: Cost Reduction Acceleration

2020 ACTIONS	Progress	Savings Target
Annualized Savings from Entity-Wide Headcount Reductions	Tracking	\$70
Planned Reduction in Capital Expenditures vs 2019	Tracking	\$35
 Other Cost Actions: Discretionary Spend and Supply Chain Productivity 	Executed	\$20
Reduced Compensation: BOD, CEO & Other Execs & 401(k) Match	Executed	\$10
Total Cost Actions Announced in Q1		\$135
 Incremental Actions Annualized Global Footprint Optimization Other Discretionary Spend Cuts 	Tracking	\$25
TOTAL		\$160

FY 2020 Decremental Margin Target: 22% to 28%

Resilience in Action: Cash and Liquidity Strength

\$1,407	TOTAL LIQUIDITY
\$819	 Cash on Hand at 6/30; \$286M In US
\$388	Undrawn Balance on \$500M Revolver at 6/30
\$200	Undrawn \$200M Revolver Facility

Other Balance Sheet Considerations

- \$110M Assets in QSF¹¹ Available for Asbestos & Environmental Payments
 - Additional \$42M Collected in Q3
- 108% Funded Status of US Pension Plans
- \$13M Minimal Long-Term Debt

War on Working Capital

- 210 bps Segment Working Capital Improvement Ex FX
 - 760 bps IP
 - 120 bps MT

FY FCF Margin Target: >11%

ITT Inc.

Supplemental Data

07.31.2020





Q2 2020 Adjusted Segment Op Margins



(-350) bps Margin Drivers

- Top Line Drivers
 - COVID-19 Impacts
 - Plant and Customer Shutdowns
 - NA & Europe Auto Production Declines
 - Aero Production and Reduced Air Travel
 - Connector Distribution Weakness
 - Pump Project Declines and Lower Book & Ship
- Price / Cost & Tariffs
 - IP Price Gains Offset by Auto & CCT
 - Favorable Mix from Lower Pump Projects
 - Tariff Recovery + CARES Act Benefits
- Operational Execution
 - Cost Structure Alignment
 - Productivity & Supply Chain Savings
 - Restructuring Benefits
 - Inefficiencies due to COVID-19
- Strategic Investments
 - Friction ITT SmartPad Applications
 - IP Energy Efficient Power Source & VA/VE^[1]

	vs. PY
Q2 2019 Adjusted Segment Operating Margin	16.1%
Volume, Mix, Price & Other	(-730 bps)
Net Operating Productivity	+420 bps
Operational Margin Subtotal	13.0%
FX	+10 bps
Acquisitions	(-20 bps)
Strategic Investments	(-30 bps)
Q2 2020 Adjusted Segment Operating Margin	12.6%

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	Motion Technologies	Industrial Process	Connect & Control Technologies	Total Segments
Q2 2020 Total Revenue vs PY	(-37.3%)	(-16.9%)	(-27.8%)	(-28.5%)
FX	2.6%	2.3%	0.1%	1.9%
Acquisition/Disposition	0.0%	(-2.0%)	(-1.6%)	(-1.0%)
Q2 2020 Organic Revenue vs PY	(-34.7%)	(-16.6%)	(-29.3%)	(-27.6%)
Q2 2019 Adjusted Operating Margin	17.8%	12.5%	17.7%	16.1%
Volume, Mix, Productivity & Other	(-5.0%)	1.6%	(-6.3%)	(-3.1%)
Growth Investments	(-0.3%)	(-0.5%)	0.0%	(-0.3%)
Acquisition/Disposition	0.0%	(-0.1%)	(-0.7%)	(-0.2%)
FX	(-0.3%)	0.2%	0.4%	0.1%
Q2 2020 Adjusted Operating Margin	12.2%	13.7%	11.1%	12.6%

All Results are Unaudited. Comparisons to 2019 Unless Otherwise Noted. For non-GAAP reconciliations, refer to appendix and www.itt.com/investors

Key Performance Indicators & Non-GAAP Measures * بترالج

Key Performance Indicators and Non-GAAP Measures

Management reviews a variety of key performance indicators including revenue, segment operating income and margins, earnings per share, order growth, and backlog, some of which are calculated on a non-GAAP basis. In addition, we consider certain measures to be useful to management and investors when evaluating our operating performance for the periods presented. These measures provide a tool for evaluating our ongoing operations and management of assets from period to period. This information can assist investors in assessing our financial performance and measures our ability to generate capital for deployment among competing strategic alternatives and initiatives, including, but not limited to, acquisitions, dividends, and share repurchases. Some of these metrics, however, are not measures of financial performance under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and should not be considered a substitute for measures determined in accordance with GAAP. We consider the following non-GAAP measures, which may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies, to be key performance indicators for purposes of our reconciliation tables.

Organic Revenues and **Organic Orders** are defined as revenue and orders, excluding the impacts of foreign currency fluctuations, acquisitions and divestitures. Divestitures include sales of portions of our business that did not meet the criteria for presentation as a discontinued operation. The period-over-period change resulting from foreign currency fluctuations is estimated using a fixed exchange rate for both the current and prior periods. Management believes that reporting organic revenue and organic orders provides useful information to investors by helping identify underlying trends in our business and facilitating easier comparisons of our revenue performance with prior and future periods and to our peers.

Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted Segment Operating Income are defined as total operating income and segment operating income, adjusted to exclude special items that include, but are not limited to, asbestos-related impacts, impairments, restructuring, realignment, certain acquisition-related impacts, and unusual or infrequent operating items. Special items represent significant charges or credits that impact current results, which management views as unrelated to the Company's ongoing operations and performance. Adjusted Operating Margin and Adjusted Segment Operating Margin are defined as adjusted operating income or adjusted segment operating income divided by revenue. Adjusted Segment Decremental or Incremental Operating Margin is defined as the change in adjusted segment operating income divided by the change in revenue. We believe these financial measures are useful to investors and other users of our financial statements in evaluating ongoing operating profitability, as well as in evaluating operating performance in relation to our competitors.

Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations and Adjusted EPS are defined as income from continuing operations attributable to ITT Inc. and income from continuing operations attributable to ITT Inc. per diluted share, adjusted to exclude special items that include, but are not limited to, asbestos-related impacts, impairments, restructuring, realignment, pension settlement and curtailment impacts, certain acquisition-related impacts, income tax settlements or adjustments, and unusual or infrequent items. Special items represent significant charges or credits, on an after-tax basis, that impact current results which management views as unrelated to the Company's ongoing operations and performance. The after-tax basis of each special item is determined using the jurisdictional tax rate of where the expense or benefit occurred. We believe that adjusted income from continuing operations is useful to investors and other users of our financial statements in evaluating ongoing operating profitability, as well as in evaluating operating performance in relation to our competitors.

Free Cash Flow and Free Cash Flow Margin are defined as the ratio of free cash flow (net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures) to revenue. We believe that free cash flow and free cash flow margin provide useful information to investors as they provide insight into a primary cash flow metric used by management to monitor and evaluate cash flows generated by our operations.

Working Capital is defined as the sum of Receivables, net, Inventories, net and Current contract assets less Accounts payable and Current contract liabilities. Working Capital as a percentage of revenue is calculated by dividing working capital by the trailing twelve months of revenue. We believe that working capital and working capital as a percentage of revenue provides useful information to investors as it provides insight into both a company's operational efficiency and its short-term financial health.

ITT Inc. Non-GAAP Reconciliation Reported vs. Organic Revenue / Order Growth Second Quarter 2020 & 2019

(In Millions)

	(As Reported - GAAP)					(As Adjusted - Organic)							
	(A)	(B)	(C) \$ Change 2020 vs.	% Change 2020 vs.	Acqu	(D) isition / stitures	(E) FX Impact	Re	= A-D-E venue /)rders	\$) =C-D-E Change dj. 2020	(H) = G / B % Change Adj. 2020	
	Q2 2020	Q2 2019	2019	2019	Q2	2020	Q2 2020	Q	2 2020		s. 2019	vs. 2019	
Revenue													
ITT Inc.	\$ 514.7	\$ 719.9	\$ (205.2)	(28.5%)	\$	7.5	\$ (13.7)	\$	520.9	\$	(199.0)	(27.6%)	
Motion Technologies	199.3	317.7	(118.4)	(37.3%)		-	(8.0)		207.3		(110.4)	(34.7%)	
Industrial Process	193.3	232.6	(39.3)	(16.9%)		4.7	(5.4)		194.0		(38.6)	(16.6%)	
Connect & Control Technologies	122.9	170.2	(47.3)	(27.8%)		2.8	(0.3)		120.4		(49.8)	(29.3%)	
<u>Orders</u>													
ITT Inc.	\$ 485.4	\$ 692.8	\$ (207.4)	(29.9%)	\$	5.5	\$ (14.3)	\$	494.2	\$	(198.6)	(28.7%)	
Motion Technologies	187.1	311.9	(124.8)	(40.0%)		-	(7.6)		194.7		(117.2)	(37.6%)	
Industrial Process	191.7	212.7	(21.0)	(9.9%)		4.4	(6.4)		193.7		(19.0)	(8.9%)	
Connect & Control Technologies	107.1	169.5	(62.4)	(36.8%)		1.1	(0.3)		106.3		(63.2)	(37.3%)	

Note: Excludes intercompany eliminations Immaterial differences due to rounding

ITT Inc. Non-GAAP Reconciliation Reported vs Adjusted Segment Operating Income & Operating Margin Second Quarter 2020 & 2019

(In Millions)

	Q2 2020 As Reported	Q2 2020 Special Items	Q2 2020 As Adjusted	Q2 2019 As Reported	Q2 2019 Special Items	Q2 2019 As Adjusted	% Change As Reported 2020 vs. 2019	% Change As Adjusted 2020 vs. 2019
Revenue:								
Motion Technologies	\$ 199.3		\$ 199.3	\$ 317.7		\$ 317.7	(37.3%)	(37.3%)
Industrial Process	193.3		193.3	232.6		232.6	(16.9%)	(16.9%)
Connect & Control Technologies	122.9		122.9	170.2		170.2	(27.8%)	(27.8%)
Intersegment eliminations	(0.8)		(0.8)	(0.6)		(0.6)		
Total Revenue	\$ 514.7		\$ 514.7	\$ 719.9		\$ 719.9	(28.5%)	(28.5%)
Operating Margin:								
Motion Technologies	5.2%	700 BP	12.2%	16.4%	140 BP		(1,120) BP	(560) BP
Industrial Process	9.6%	410 BP	13.7%	11.2%	130 BP		(160) BP	120 BP
Connect & Control Technologies	6.8%	<u>430</u> BP	11.1%	17.4%	<u> </u>	17.7%	(1,060) BP	(660) BP
Total Operating Segments	7.2%	<u> </u>	12.6%	14.9%	<u>120</u> BP	16.1%	<u>(770)</u> BP	<u>(350)</u> BP
Income (loss):								
Motion Technologies	\$ 10.4	\$ 14.0	\$ 24.4	\$ 52.0	\$ 4.4	\$ 56.4	(80.0%)	(56.7%)
Industrial Process	18.5	8.0	26.5	26.0	3.0	29.0	(28.8%)	(8.6%)
Connect & Control Technologies	8.4	5.3	13.7	29.6	0.6	30.2	(71.6%)	(54.6%)
Total Segment Operating Income	\$ 37.3	\$ 27.3	\$ 64.6	\$ 107.6	\$ 8.0	\$ 115.6	(65.3%)	(44.1%)

Note: Immaterial differences due to rounding.

Special items include, but are not limited to, restructuring and realignment costs, impairment charges, acquisition-related expenses, and other unusual or infrequent items including certain legal matters.

ITT Inc. Non-GAAP Reconciliation Reported vs. Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations & Adjusted EPS Second Quarter 2020 & 2019

(In Millions, except per share amounts)

	Q2 2020 As Reported	Non-GAAP Adjustments	_	Q2 2020 As Adjusted	Q2 2019 As Reported	Non-GAAP Adjustments	_	Q2 2019 As Adjusted	2020 vs. 2019 As Adjusted (\$)	2020 vs. 2019 As Adjusted (%)
Segment Operating Income	\$ 37.3	\$ 27.3		\$ 64.6	\$ 107.6	\$ 8.0		\$ 115.6		
Corporate (Expense) Operating Income	<u>(16.8)</u> 20.5	<u> </u>	-	<u>(0.5)</u> 64.1	<u>(21.6)</u> 86.0	<u> </u>	-	<u>(9.7)</u> 105.9		
			-				_			
Interest (Expense) Income	(0.6)	-		(0.6)	1.1	-		1.1		
Other (Expense) Income	(1.6)	1.4	_ #C	(0.2)	(0.7)	-	_	(0.7)		
Income from Continuing Operations before Tax	18.3	45.0	_	63.3	86.4	19.9	_	106.3		
Income Tax Benefit (Expense)	28.1	(41.7)	_ #D	(13.6)	(19.3)	(4.1)) #D	(23.4)		
Income from Continuing Operations	46.4	3.3	_	49.7	67.1	15.8	_	82.9		
Less: Non Controlling Interest			_		0.2		_	0.2		
Income from Continuing Operations - ITT Inc.	\$ 46.4	\$ 3.3	_	\$ 49.7	\$ 66.9	\$ 15.8	_	\$ 82.7		
EPS from Continuing Operations	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.04	-	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.18	-	\$ 0.93	\$ (0.36)	(38.7%)

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

- #A 2020 includes restructuring costs (\$27.0M) and acquisition related costs (\$0.3M).
- #A 2019 includes restructuring and acquisition costs (\$6.7M) and a legal accrual (\$1.3M).
- #B 2020 includes asbestos related expense (\$16.0M), restructuring costs (\$0.9M) and other Income (\$0.6M).
- The (\$16.0M) net asbestos expense includes the impact from an unfavorable settlement agreement (\$4.2M), and asbestos related costs to maintain 10 year accrual (\$11.8M).
- #B 2019 includes asbestos-related expense (\$11.8M) and restructuring costs (\$0.1M).
- #C 2020 includes pension termination related charges.
- #D 2020 includes various tax-related special items including tax benefit for valuation allowance change (\$26.7M), tax benefit on future distribution of foreign earnings (\$1.9M), tax benefit on uncertain tax position release (\$1.3M), and the tax impact of other operating special items.
- #D 2019 includes various tax-related special items including tax benefit for valuation allowance change (\$0.7M), tax expense on future distribution of foreign earnings (\$1.2M), and the tax impact of other operating special items.

ITT Inc. Non-GAAP Reconciliation Free Cash Flow and Free Cash Flow Margin Trailing Twelve Months (TTM)

(In Millions)

	(A) = (B) + (C) - (D) Q2 2020 TTM		(B) Q2 2020		(C) FY19		(D) Q2 2019		(A) = (B) + (C) - (I Q2 2019 TTM					(C) FY18		(D) Q2 2018	
Net Cash - Operating Activities #A	\$	459.7	\$	203.1	\$	357.7	\$	101.1		\$	353.6	\$	101.1	\$	371.8	\$	119.3
Capital expenditures		79.9		34.3		91.4		45.8			95.0		45.8		95.5		46.3
Free Cash Flow		379.8		168.8		266.3		55.3			258.6		55.3		276.3		73.0
Revenue	\$	2,609.0	\$	1,178.0	\$	2,846.4	\$	1,415.4		\$	2,774.4	\$	1,415.4	\$	2,745.1	\$	1,386.1
Free Cash Flow Margin		14.6%	I			9.4%					9.3%	ı			10.1%	ı	

#A - 2020 TTM includes payments for asbestos (\$13.4M) and restructuring (\$15.6M).

#A - 2019 TTM includes payments for asbestos (\$25.8M) and restructuring (\$9.5M).